

LINOVISION

Semi-industrial LoRaWAN® Gateway
IOT-G65
Quick Guide (V2.13/2025-12-24)

Preface

Thanks for choosing Linovision IOT-G65 LoRaWAN® gateway. IOT-G65 delivers tenacious connection over network with full-featured design such as automated failover/failback, extended operating temperature, hardware watchdog, VPN, Gigabit Ethernet and beyond.

This guide shows you how to configure and operate the IOT-G65 LoRaWAN® gateway. You can refer to it for detailed functionality and gateway configuration.

Readers

This guide is mainly intended for the following users:

- Network Planners
- On-site technical support and maintenance personnel
- Network administrators responsible for network configuration and maintenance

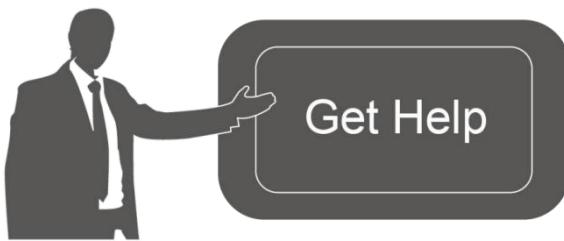
Related Documents

| Document | Description |
|---------------------------|--|
| IOT-G65 Datasheet | Datasheet for IOT-G65 LoRaWAN® gateway. |
| IOT-G65 Quick Start Guide | Quick Installation Guide for IOT-G65 LoRaWAN® gateway. |

Declaration of Conformity

IOT-G65 is in conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of the CE, FCC, and RoHS.





For assistance, please contact
Linovision technical support:
Email: support@linovision.com
Tel: 86-571-8670 8175

Document Revision History

| Date | Doc Version | Description |
|---------------|-------------|--|
| Aug. 31, 2020 | V1.0 | Initial version |
| Dec. 10, 2020 | V2.0 | Layout replace |
| Apr. 30, 2021 | V2.1 | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Support LoRaWAN® Class B2. Add Node-RED feature3. Add Noise-Analyzer feature4. Add Multicast Group feature5. Add application examples |
| Aug. 24, 2021 | V2.2 | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Support Yeastar Workplace platform integration2. Delete Package Forward status page3. Phone & Email webpage update |
| Dec. 15, 2021 | V2.3 | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Add AS923-3&AS923-42. Change network server channel mask box to channel3. Add device channel setting in profile |
| Feb. 18, 2022 | V2.4 | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Add batch backup2. Log in webpage update3. Change default antenna type to external antenna4. Adjust time of Class C ACK timeout |
| Jun. 1, 2022 | V2.5 | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Support VLAN Trunk client2. Add System Name in SNMP3. Add Use L2TP Peer DNS option |
| Dec. 26, 2022 | V2.6 | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Add BACnet Server feature2. Add Payload Codec feature3. Add Reset and all flows export feature on Node-RED4. Add data retransmission feature on Packet Forward |
| Feb. 21, 2024 | V2.7 | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Compatible with Linovision Development Platform2. Update default secondary ICMP and DNS server address3. Add cellular IMS and custom MTU feature4. Add 8 pre-set device profiles5. Add beacon time offset setting |

| | | |
|-----------------|----------|--|
| June 7, 2024 | V2.8 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Support to import ovpn file for OpenVPN connection; 2. Support packet filter feature; 3. Add default WLAN connection password; 4. Add username on SMTP client setting; 5. Add BACnet object types, support object instance customization. |
| Oct. 31, 2024 | V 2.9 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Add WireGuard feature; 2. Add MQTT data re-transmission and retain option; 3. Add metadata option under Application page; 4. Add Node-RED SSL access option; 5. Add BACnet object event detection feature; 6. Add network packet analyzer feature; 7. Compatible with DeviceHub 2.0; 8. Add cellular subnet mask and DNS server customization. |
| Jan. 8, 2025 | V 2.10 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Add object mapping function on Payload Codec page; 2. Remove BACnet/IP option under Application page; 3. Update BACnet object web GUI; 4. Add Modbus server feature. |
| April 3, 2025 | V 2.11 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Add FUOTA feature; 2. Add MQTT Last Will Message feature; 3. Update application key options when adding a device; 4. Update metadata option; 5. Update WAN default connection type as DHCP; 6. Update web GUI access steps. |
| May 29, 2025 | V 2.11.1 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Add device timeout parameter; 2. BACnet server is enabled by default, update default device ID; 3. Change Activated item to Status item on device list; 4. Support adding BACnet global objects; 5. Support automatically adding BACnet object; 6. Expand the max number of BACnet and Modbus object to 10,000; 7. Support adding a independent HTTP API account. |
| August 13, 2025 | V 2.12 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Add data item on Packet Forwarder-Traffic page' 2. Add page configuration for object mapping function of Custom payload codec; 3. Add ADR option in device profile; 4. Support exporting all device info; 5. Add download queue clear feature on packets page; 6. Add BACnet global object types; 7. Add Modbus global object feature and server ID type. |
| Dec. 24, 2025 | V 2.13 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Add MQTT configuration via HTTP; 2. Add SSL Secure option for MQTT TLS authentication; |

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none">3. Add BACnet/SC feature;4. Support bulk importing and selecting all Modbus objects;5. Add HTTP proxy feature;6. Add web password limitation and change prompt;7. Add HTTP API password encrypted feature. |
|--|--|--|

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Chapter 1 Product Introduction

1.1 Overview

IOT-G65 is a robust 8-channel indoor LoRaWAN® gateway. Adopting SX1302 LoRa chip and high-performance quad-core CPU, IOT-G65 supports connection with more than 2000 nodes. IOT-G65 has line of sight up to 15 km and can cover about 2 km in urbanized environment, which is ideally suited to smart office, smart building and many other indoor applications.

IOT-G65 supports not only multiple back-haul backups with Ethernet, Wi-Fi and cellular, but also has integrated mainstream network servers (such as The Things Industries, ChirpStack, etc.) and built-in network server for easy deployment.

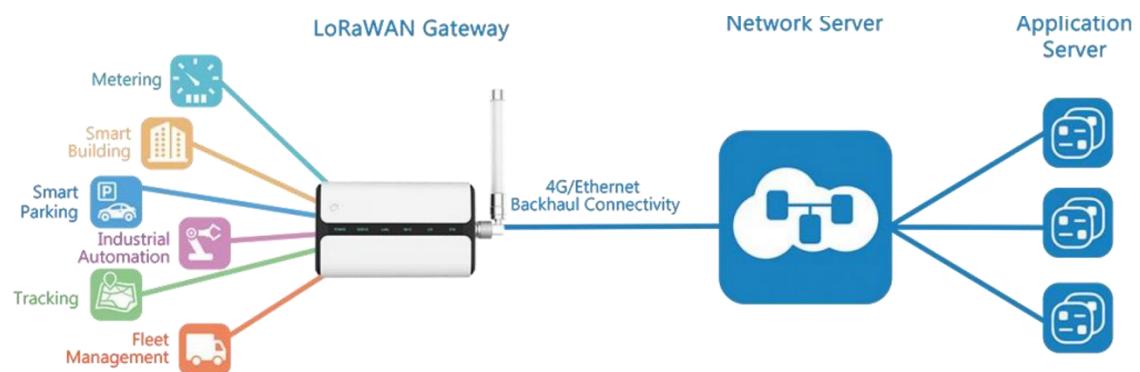


Figure 1-1

1.2 Advantages

Benefits

- Built-in industrial CPU and big memory
- Ethernet, 2.4GHz Wi-Fi and global 2G/3G/LTE options make it easy to get connected
- Embedded network server and compliant with several third party network servers
- MQTT(s) or HTTP(s) protocol for data transmission to application server
- Rugged enclosure, optimized for wall or pole mounting
- 3-year warranty included

Security & Reliability

- Automated failover/fallback between Ethernet and Cellular
- Enable unit with security frameworks like IPsec/OpenVPN/GRE/L2TP/PPTP/DMVPN/WireGuard

- Embedded hardware watchdog to automatically recover from various failures and ensure highest level of availability

Easy Maintenance

- Linovision DeviceHub and Linovision Development Platform provide easy setup, mass configuration, and centralized management of remote devices
- The user-friendly web interface design and various upgrading options help administrator to manage the device as easy as pie
- Web GUI and CLI enable the admin to achieve quick configuration and simple management among a large quantity of devices
- Users can efficiently manage the remote devices on the existing platform through the industrial standard SNMP

Capabilities

- Link remote devices in an environment where communication technologies are constantly changing
- Industrial quad core 64-bit ARM Cortex-A53 processor, high-performance operating up to 1.5 GHz with low power consumption, and 8GB eMMC available to support more applications
- Support wide operating temperature ranging from -40°C to 70°C/-40°F to 158°F

Chapter 2 Access to Web GUI

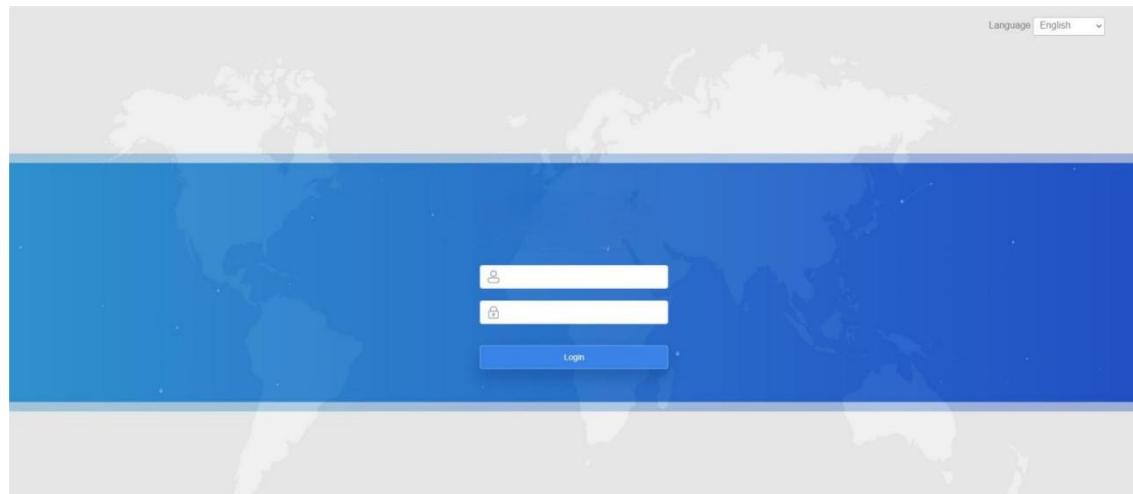
This chapter explains how to access to Web GUI of the IOT-G65.

Username: admin

Password: password

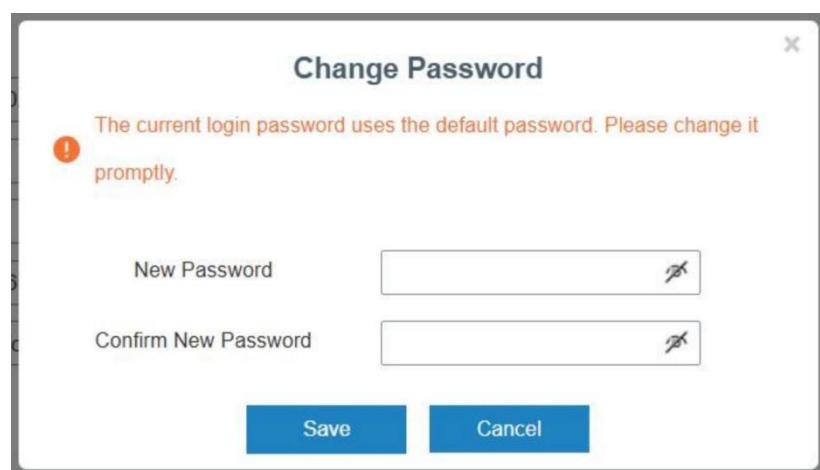
Configuration Steps:

1. Enable Wireless Network Connection on your computer and search for access point **Gateway_XXXXXX**(=last 6 digits of WLAN MAC address) to connect it, the default Wi-Fi password is **iotpassword**.
2. Open a Web browser on your PC (Chrome is recommended) and type in the IP address <https://192.168.1.1> to access the web GUI.
3. Enter the username and password, then click “Login”.

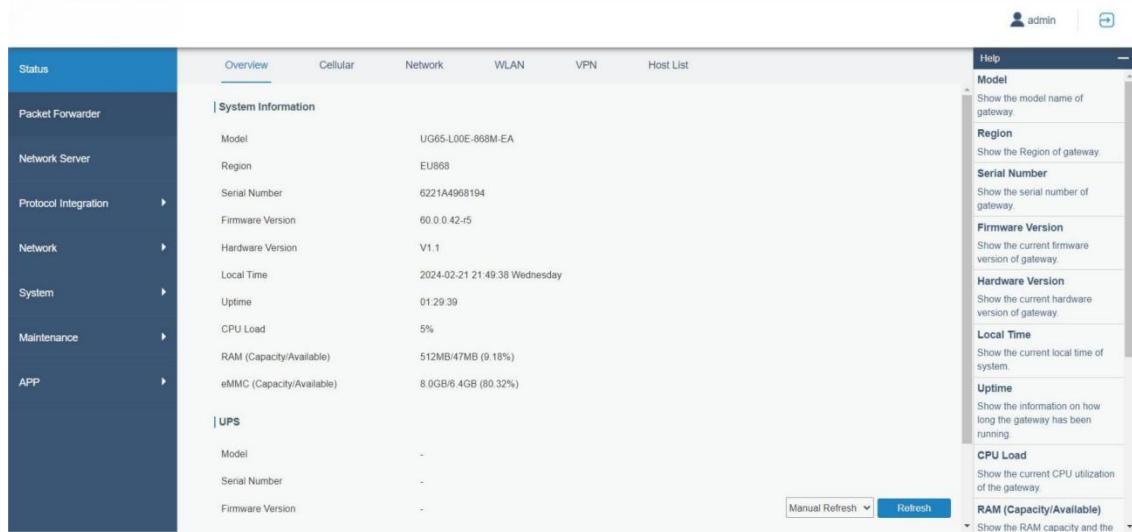


! If you enter the username or password incorrectly more than 5 times, the login page will be locked for 10 minutes.

4. After logging the web GUI, it is necessary to change the web GUI password for the first time. The password must contain at least one letter and one number.



5. Use the new password to log in to the web GUI again. After logging the web GUI, you can view system information and perform configuration of the gateway.

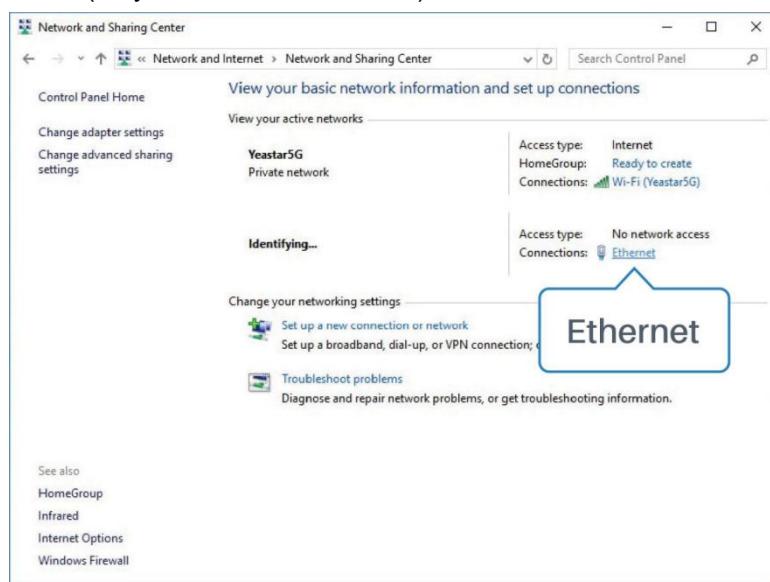


The screenshot shows the Yeastar web GUI's Overview page. The left sidebar has a 'Status' tab selected, showing sections for Packet Forwarder, Network Server, Protocol Integration, Network, System, Maintenance, and APP. The main content area displays 'System Information' with details like Model (UG65-L00E-868M-EA), Region (EU868), Serial Number (6221A4968194), Firmware Version (60.0.0.42-i5), and Local Time (2024-02-21 21:49:38 Wednesday). Below this is an 'UPS' section with Model, Serial Number, and Firmware Version. The bottom right of the main area has 'Manual Refresh' and 'Refresh' buttons. To the right is a 'Help' sidebar with links for Model, Region, Serial Number, Firmware Version, Hardware Version, Local Time, Uptime, CPU Load, and RAM Capacity/Available.

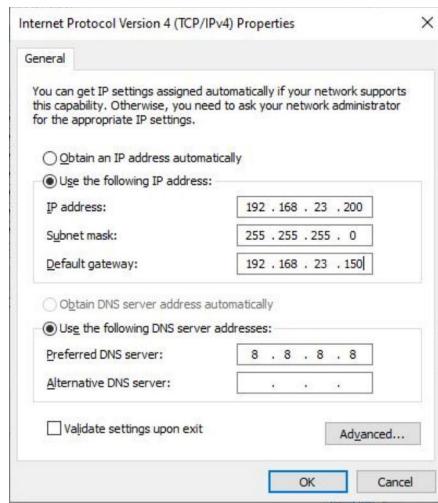
Note: For v60.0.0.46 or previous versions, the gateway also supports wired access.

1. Connect PC to IOT-G65 ETH port directly or through PoE injector.
2. Assign the IP address to your computer manually. Take Windows 10 system as an example,

A. Go to “Control Panel” → “Network and Internet” → “Network and Sharing Center”, then click “Ethernet” (May have different names).



B. Go to “Properties” → “Internet Protocol Version 4(TCP/IPv4)” and select “Use the following IP address”, then assign a static IP manually within the same subnet of the gateway.



3. Open a Web browser on your PC (Chrome is recommended) and type in the IP address 192.168.23.150 to access the web GUI.

Chapter 3 Web Configuration

3.1 Status

3.1.1 Overview

You can view the system information of the gateway on this page.

| System Information | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Model | L00E-868M-EA |
| Region | EU868 |
| Serial Number | 6221A4968194 |
| Firmware Version | 60.0.0.42-r5 |
| Hardware Version | V1.1 |
| Local Time | 2024-02-21 21:49:38 Wednesday |
| Uptime | 01:29:39 |
| CPU Load | 5% |
| RAM (Capacity/Available) | 512MB/47MB (9.18%) |
| eMMC (Capacity/Available) | 8.0GB/6.4GB (80.32%) |

Figure 3-1-1-1

| System Information | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Model | Show the model name of gateway. |
| Region | Show the LoRaWAN® used frequency of gateway. |
| Serial Number | Show the serial number of gateway. |
| Firmware Version | Show the currently firmware version of gateway. |
| Hardware Version | Show the currently hardware version of gateway. |
| Local Time | Show the currently local time of system. |
| Uptime | Show the information on how long the gateway has been running. |
| CPU Load | Show the current CPU utilization of the gateway. |
| RAM (Capacity/Available) | Show the RAM capacity and the available RAM memory. |
| eMMC (Capacity/Available) | Show the eMMC capacity and the available eMMC memory. |

Table 3-1-1-1 System Information

When Linovision UPS is connected to the device, the UPS basic information will also show on the Status page. For more details please refer to *Linovision UPS User Guide*.

| UPS | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Model | - |
| Serial Number | - |
| Firmware Version | - |
| Hardware Version | - |
| Power Status | Unconnected |
| Remaining Battery | - |

Figure 3-1-1-2

3.1.2 Cellular

You can view the cellular network status of gateway on this page.

| Modem | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Status | Ready |
| Model | EC25 |
| Version | EC25ECGAR06A07M1G |
| Signal Level | 26asu (-61dBm) |
| Register Status | Registered (Home network) |
| IMEI | 860425047368939 |
| IMSI | 460019425301842 |
| ICCID | 89860117838009934120 |
| ISP | CHN-UNICOM |
| Network Type | LTE |
| PLMN ID | |
| LAC | 5922 |
| Cell ID | 340db80 |

Figure 3-1-2-1

| Modem Information | |
|-------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Status | Show corresponding detection status of module and SIM card. |
| Model | Show the model name of cellular module. |
| Version | Show the version of cellular module. |
| Signal Level | Show the cellular signal level. |
| Register Status | Show the registration status of SIM card. |
| IMEI | Show the IMEI of the module. |
| IMSI | Show IMSI of the SIM card. |
| ICCID | Show ICCID of the SIM card. |
| ISP | Show the network provider which the SIM card registers on. |
| Network Type | Show the connected network type, such as LTE, 3G, etc. |
| PLMN ID | Show the current PLMN ID, including MCC, MNC, LAC and Cell ID. |
| LAC | Show the location area code of the SIM card. |
| Cell ID | Show the Cell ID of the SIM card location. |

Table 3-1-2-1 Modem Information

| Network | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| Status | Connected |
| IP Address | 10.53.241.18 |
| Netmask | 255.255.255.252 |
| Gateway | 10.53.241.17 |
| DNS | 218.104.128.106 |
| Connection Duration | 0 days, 00:04:26 |

Figure 3-1-2-2

| Network Status | |
|---------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Status | Show the connection status of cellular network. |
| IP Address | Show the IP address of cellular network. |
| Netmask | Show the netmask of cellular network. |
| Gateway | Show the gateway of cellular network. |
| DNS | Show the DNS of cellular network. |
| Connection Duration | Show information on how long the cellular network has been connected. |

Table 3-1-2-2 Network Status

3.1.3 Network

On this page you can check the Ethernet port status of the gateway.

| WAN | | | | | | | |
|-------|--------|--------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------|----------------|
| Port | Status | Type | IP Address | Netmask | Gateway | DNS | Duration |
| eth 0 | up | Static | 192.168.22.32 | 255.255.254.0 | 192.168.22.1 | 8.8.8.8 | 10h 52m 03s |

Figure 3-1-3-1

| Network | |
|------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Port | Show the name of the Ethernet port. |
| Status | Show the status of the Ethernet port. "Up" refers to a status that WAN is enabled and Ethernet cable is connected. "Down" means Ethernet cable is disconnected or WAN function is disabled. |
| Type | Show the dial-up type of the Ethernet port. |
| IP Address | Show the IP address of the Ethernet port. |
| Netmask | Show the netmask of the Ethernet port. |
| Gateway | Show the gateway of the Ethernet port. |
| DNS | Show the DNS of the Ethernet port. |
| Duration | Show the information about how long the Ethernet cable has been connected to the Ethernet port when the port is enabled. Once the port is disabled or Ethernet cable is disconnected, the duration will stop. |

Table 3-1-3-1 WAN Status

3.1.4 WLAN

You can check Wi-Fi status on this page, including the information of access point and client.

| WLAN Status | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| Wireless Status | Enabled |
| MAC Address | 24:e1:24:f1:22:58 |
| Interface Type | AP |
| SSID | Gateway_F12258 |
| Channel | Auto |
| Encryption Type | No Encryption |
| Status | Up |
| IP Address | 192.168.1.1 |
| Netmask | 255.255.255.0 |
| Connection Duration | 0 days, 10:52:23 |

Figure 3-1-4-1

| WLAN Status | |
|-------------|-------------|
| Item | Description |

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Wireless Status | Show the wireless status. |
| MAC Address | Show the MAC address. |
| Interface Type | Show the interface type, such as "AP" or "Client". |
| SSID | Show the SSID. |
| Channel | Show the wireless channel. |
| Encryption Type | Show the encryption type. |
| Status | Show the connection status. |
| IP Address | Show the IP address of the gateway. |
| Netmask | Show the wireless MAC address of the gateway. |
| Gateway | Show the gateway address in wireless network. |
| Connection Duration | Show information on how long the Wi-Fi network has been connected. |

Table 3-1-4-1 WLAN Status

| Associated Stations | IP Address | MAC Address | Connection Duration |
|---------------------|------------|-------------|---------------------|
| | | | |

Figure 3-1-4-2

| Associated Stations | |
|---------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| IP Address | Show the IP address of access point or client. |
| MAC Address | Show the MAC address of the access point or client. |
| Connection Duration | Show information on how long the Wi-Fi network has been connected. |

Table 3-1-4-2 WLAN Status

3.1.5 VPN

You can check VPN status on this page, including PPTP, L2TP, IPsec, OpenVPN and DMVPN.

| PPTP Tunnel | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|-----------|--|
| Name | Status | Local IP | Remote IP | |
| pptp_1 | Disconnected | - | - | |
| pptp_2 | Disconnected | - | - | |
| pptp_3 | Disconnected | - | - | |

| L2TP Tunnel | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|-----------|--|
| Name | Status | Local IP | Remote IP | |
| l2tp_1 | Disconnected | - | - | |
| l2tp_2 | Disconnected | - | - | |
| l2tp_3 | Disconnected | - | - | |

Figure 3-1-5-1

| IPsec Tunnel | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|----------|-----------|--|
| Name | Status | Local IP | Remote IP | |
| ipsec_1 | Disconnected | - | - | |
| ipsec_2 | Disconnected | - | - | |
| ipsec_3 | Disconnected | - | - | |

| OpenVPN Client | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|----------|-----------|--|
| Name | Status | Local IP | Remote IP | |
| openvpn_1 | Disconnected | - | - | |
| openvpn_2 | Disconnected | - | - | |
| openvpn_3 | Disconnected | - | - | |

Figure 3-1-5-2

| GRE Tunnel | | | | |
|------------|--------------|----------|-----------|--|
| Name | Status | Local IP | Remote IP | |
| gre_1 | Disconnected | - | - | |
| gre_2 | Disconnected | - | - | |
| gre_3 | Disconnected | - | - | |

| DMVPN Tunnel | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|----------|-----------|--|
| Name | Status | Local IP | Remote IP | |
| dmvpn | Disconnected | - | - | |

Figure 3-1-5-3

| VPN Status | |
|------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Name | Show the name of the VPN tunnel. |
| Status | Show the status of the VPN tunnel. |
| Local IP | Show the local tunnel IP of VPN tunnel. |
| Remote IP | Show the remote tunnel IP of VPN tunnel. |

Table 3-1-5-1 VPN Status

3.1.6 Host List

You can view the host information on this page.

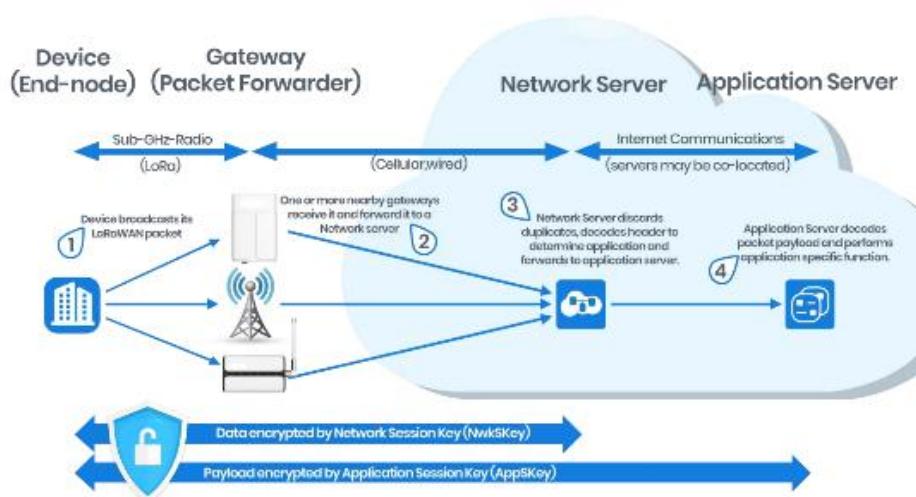
| DHCP Leases | | |
|-------------|-----|----------------------|
| IP | MAC | Lease Remaining Time |
| MAC Binding | | |
| IP | MAC | |

Figure 3-1-6-1

| Host List | |
|----------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| DHCP Leases | |
| IP Address | Show IP address of DHCP client |
| MAC Address | Show MAC address of DHCP client |
| Lease Time Remaining | Show the remaining lease time of DHCP client. |
| MAC Binding | |
| IP & MAC | Show the IP address and MAC address set in the Static IP list of DHCP service. |

Table 3-1-6-1 Host List Description

3. 2 LoRaWAN



3. 2. 1 Packet Forwarder

3. 2. 1. 1 General

General Setting

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|---|
| Gateway EUI | 24E124FFFFE35F39 | | | | |
| Gateway ID | 24E124FFFFE35F39 | | | | |
| Frequency-Sync | Disabled | | | | |
| Data Retransmission | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | |
| Multi-Destination | | | | | |
| ID | Enable | Type | Server Address | Connect Status | Operation |
| 0 | Enabled | Embedded NS | localhost | Disconnected |    |

Figure 3-2-1-1

| General Settings | |
|---------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Gateway EUI | Show the unique identifier of the gateway and it's non-editable. Format: ETH port MAC address + "FFFE" in the middle |
| Gateway ID | Fill in the corresponding ID which you've used for registering the gateway to the remote network server. It is usually the same as gateway EUI and can be changed. |
| Frequency-Sync | Sync frequency configurations from the network server by selecting the corresponding multi-destination ID. |
| Data Retransmission | When the gateway connects to a single Chirpstack/Semtech/Remote Embedded NS/Basic Station type package forwarder, it supports data storage of up to 1 million pieces of data when the network is disconnected and re-transmits the data after network recovery. |
| Multi-Destination | The gateway will forward the data to the network server address that was created and enabled in the list. |
| Connection Status | Show the connection status of the package forwarder. |

Table 3-2-1-1 General Setting Parameters

Packet Filters

Filters by NetID default mode **White List** 

Proprietary Message Filter 

Filters by NetID  

Filters by JoinEUI  

Filters by DevEUI  

Figure 3-2-1-2

| Packet Filters | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Parameters | Description |
| Filters by NetID Default Mode | Select the filter mode as black list or white list. White List: Only forward the packets on this list to the network server. Black List: Only forward the packets except this list to the network server. |
| Proprietary Message Filter | Enable to not forward the proprietary message packets (Mtype=111). |
| Filters by NetID | Forward/Not forward the uplink packets that match the NetID. |
| Filters by JoinEUI | Forward/Not forward the join request packets that match the JoinEUI range. |
| Filters by DevEUI | Forward/Not forward the join request packets that match the DevEUI range. |
| List | Set the specific filtering value or range list. Every condition supports to add 5 lists at most. |

Table 3-2-1-2 Packet Filters Parameters

Note:

1. When join EUI and dev EUI are both configured, only packets that match both conditions will be forwarded.
2. This feature is not supported when the packet forwarder type is Loriot or Everynet.
3. When a third-party network server assigns filter condition to gateway, the gateway will use network server settings in priority.

Related Configuration Example

[Packet forwarder configuration](#)

3.2.1.2 Radios

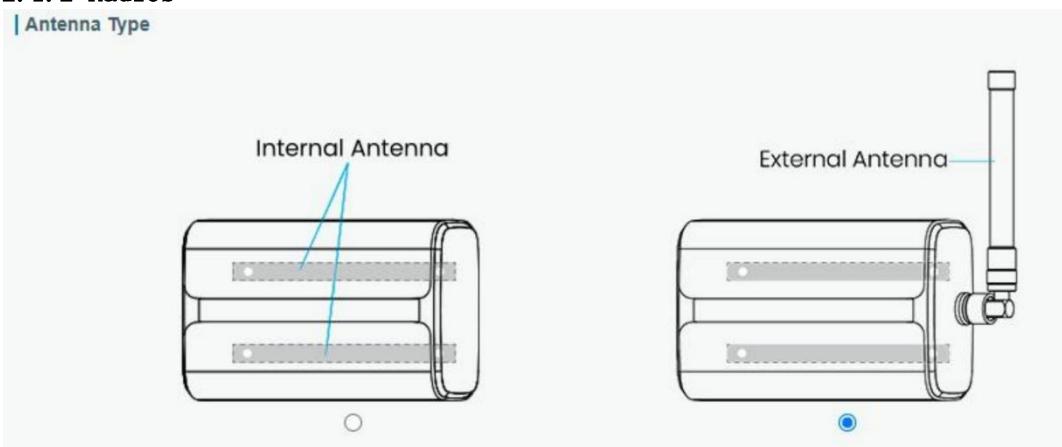


Figure 3-2-1-3

Radio Channel Setting

| Region | US915 | Noise Analyzer | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------|------|----------------------|---------|-------|---------|-------|
| <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Center Frequency/MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Radio 0</td> <td>904.3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Radio 1</td> <td>905.1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | | | Name | Center Frequency/MHz | Radio 0 | 904.3 | Radio 1 | 905.1 |
| Name | Center Frequency/MHz | | | | | | | |
| Radio 0 | 904.3 | | | | | | | |
| Radio 1 | 905.1 | | | | | | | |

Figure 3-2-1-4

| Radios-Radio Channel Setting | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Antenna Type | Select the transmission type of antennas when using EA version. Note: Some sub-models do not support this feature, please refer to corresponding datasheets. |
| Region | Choose the LoRaWAN® frequency plan used for the upstream and downlink frequencies and datarates. Available channel plans depend on the gateway's model. |
| Center Frequency | Change the frequencies to receive packets from LoRaWAN® nodes. |

Table 3-2-1-3 Radio Channels Setting Parameters

Multi Channels Setting

| Enable | Index | Radio | Frequency/MHz |
|-------------------------------------|-------|---------|---------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 0 | Radio 0 | 923.2 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 1 | Radio 0 | 923.4 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 2 | Radio 0 | 923.6 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 3 | Radio 1 | 922.2 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 4 | Radio 1 | 922.4 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 5 | Radio 1 | 922.6 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 6 | Radio 1 | 922.8 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 7 | Radio 1 | 923.0 |

Figure 3-2-1-5

| Radios-Multi Channel Setting | |
|------------------------------|--|
| | |

| Item | Description |
|---------------|--|
| Enable | Click to enable this channel to transmit packets. |
| Index | Indicate the ordinal of the list. |
| Radio | Choose Radio 0 or Radio 1 as center frequency. |
| Frequency/MHz | Enter the frequency of this channel. Range: center frequency ± 0.4625 . |

Table 3-2-1-4 Multi Channel Setting Parameters

| LoRa Channel Setting | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Enable | Radio | Frequency/MHz | Bandwidth/KHz | Spread Factor |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Radio 0 | 923.8 | 250KHZ | SF7 |

Figure 3-2-1-6

| Item | Description |
|---------------|--|
| Enable | Click to enable this channel to transmit packets. |
| Radio | Choose Radio 0 or Radio 1 as center frequency. |
| Frequency/MHz | Enter the frequency of this channel. Range: center frequency ± 0.9 . |
| Bandwidth/MHz | Enter the bandwidth of this channel. |
| Spread Factor | Choose the selectable spreading factor. The channel with large spreading factor corresponds to a low rate, while the small one corresponds to a high rate. |

Table 3-2-1-5 LoRa Channel Setting Parameters

| FSK Channel Setting | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------------|---------------|----------|
| Enable | Radio | Frequency/MHz | Bandwidth/KHz | DataRate |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Radio 0 | 924.0 | 125KHZ | 50000 |

Figure 3-2-1-7

| Item | Description |
|---------------|---|
| Enable | Click to enable this channel to transmit packets. |
| Radio | Choose Radio 0 or Radio 1 as center frequency. |
| Frequency/MHz | Enter the frequency of this channel. Range: center frequency ± 0.9 . |
| Bandwidth/MHz | Enter the bandwidth of this channel. Recommended value: 125KHz, 250KHz, 500KHz |
| Data Rate | Enter the data rate. Range: 500-25000. |

Table 3-2-1-6 FSK Channel Setting Parameters

3.2.1.3 Noise Analyzer

Noise analyzer is used for scanning the noise of every frequency channel and giving a diagram for users to analyze the environment interference condition and select best deployment. RSSI indicates the sensitivity for every channel. **Lower the RSSI value, better**

the signal. It's not suggested to enable this feature when using package forwarder since it will affect the downlink transmission.

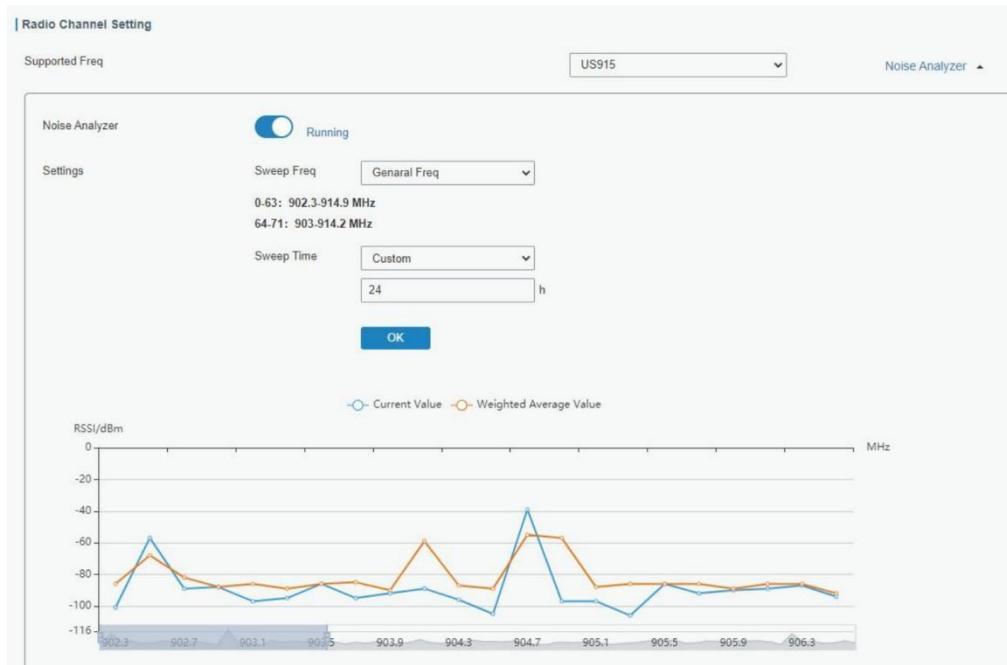


Figure 3-2-1-8

| Noise Analyzer | | |
|----------------|---|--------------|
| Item | Description | Default |
| Enable | Click to enable noise analyzer feature. | Disabled |
| Sweep Freq | Select the frequency sweeping range. General Freq: frequencies based on the LoRaWAN® regional parameters document Custom: custom the frequency range | General Freq |
| Sweep Time | Enable the noise analyzer continuously or within a period of time. If Custom is selected, the noise analyzer will stop automatically after the pre-configured time. Note: It's suggested to custom the time since noise analyzer feature will affect the normal data transmission. | Custom/24h |

Table 3-2-1-7 Noise Analyzer Setting Parameters

3.2.1.4 Advanced

This section is about settings in details of beacon transmitting and validating.

Beacon Setting

| | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----|
| Beacon Period | 128 | s |
| Beacon Freq | 869525000 | Hz |
| Beacon Datarate | SF9 | |
| Beacon Channel Number | 1 | |
| Beacon Freq Step | 200000 | Hz |
| Beacon Bandwidth | 125000 | Hz |
| Beacon TX Power | 16 | dBm |
| Beacon Time Offset | 0 | s |

Figure 3-2-1-9

| Advanced-Beacon Setting | | |
|-------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Item | Description | Default |
| Beacon Period | Interval of gateway sending beacons for Class B device time synchronization. 0 means the gateway will not send beacons. | 0 |
| Beacon Freq | The frequency of beacons. | Based on the supported frequency |
| Beacon Datarate | The datarate of beacons. | Based on the supported frequency |
| Beacon Channel Number | When selecting Custom, it allows users to custom range from 1 to 8. | 1 |
| Beacon Freq Step | Frequency interval of beacons. | 200000 |
| Beacon Bandwidth | The bandwidth of beacons. Unit: Hz | 12500 Hz |
| Beacon TX Power | The TX power of beacons. | Based on the supported frequency |
| Beacon Time Offset | Add this offset to system time and assign the time result to class B devices. This can avoid the interference when multiple class B devices are close. | 0 |

Table 3-2-1-8 Advanced-Beacon Parameters

Intervals Setting

| | | |
|---------------------|-----|----|
| Keep Alive Interval | 10 | s |
| Stat Interval | 30 | s |
| Push Timeout | 100 | ms |

Forward CRC Setting

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Forward CRC Disabled | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Forward CRC Error | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Forward CRC Valid | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 3-2-1-10

| Item | Description | Default |
|----------------------|--|----------|
| Keep Alive Interval | Enter the interval of keepalive packet which is sent from gateway to network server to keep the connection stable and alive. Range: 1-3600. | 10 |
| Stat Interval | Enter the interval to update the network server with gateway statistics. Range: 1-3600. | 30 |
| Push Timeout | Enter the timeout to wait for the response from server after the gateway sends data of node. Range: 1-1999. | 100 |
| Forward CRC Disabled | Enable to send packets received with CRC disabled to the network server. | Disabled |
| Forward CRC Error | Enable to send packets received with CRC errors to the network server. | Disabled |
| Forward CRC Valid | Enable to send packets received with CRC valid to the network server. | Enabled |

Table 3-2-1-9 Advanced Parameters

3.2.1.5 Custom

When Custom Configuration mode is enabled, you can write your own packet forwarder configuration file in the edit box to configure packet forwarder. Click “Save” to save your custom configuration file content, and click “Apply” to take effect. You can click “Clear” to erase all content in the edit box. If you don't know how to write configuration file, please click “Example” to go to reference page.

Note: customized configuration will overwrite the packet forward configurations of web GUI.



Figure 3-2-1-11

3.2.1.6 Traffic

When navigating to the traffic page, any recent traffic received by the gateway will display. To watch live traffic, click Refresh.

| Traffic Setting | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------|-----------|----------|------|------|--|
| Rfch | Direction | Time | Ticks | Frequency | Datarate | Coderate | RSSI | SNR | Data |
| 0 | up | 08:31:04 | 3553571894 | 922.5 | SF7BW125 | 4/5 | -86 | 7.8 | QOpHBQeCAwADB1XIEdbpt5PQkqYGSAsDxstafeVL5rNNF0+oWwHTVBALZUKNnhPAgivb5b7nLkJFNGBFSO |
| 0 | up | 08:30:11 | 3500460169 | 922.5 | SF10BW125 | 4/5 | -22 | 14.0 | Qlby3gYAFQFVFYGgPBWvq1gbXPHlqiC5d5Gu/xRjd88= |
| 0 | up | 08:29:11 | 3440449087 | 922.1 | SF10BW125 | 4/5 | -22 | 12.5 | Qlby3gYAFAFVr8G3DF/Kd5UzyyDoFrzlsUSWBrcCh+c= |
| 0 | up | 08:28:32 | 3400743559 | 922.1 | SF7BW125 | 4/5 | -81 | 7.0 | QOpHBQeCAgADB1WVQ2Ou00ukGSlyC6XzvZ3paggc |
| 0 | up | 08:28:14 | 3383423515 | 922.1 | SF10BW125 | 4/5 | -77 | 10.2 | xU5501CD7sNS7mhml4klJkgfhNca3SqDaHq8nWwXO3Ph65HV+nPnwvWWQk3rREqVtzls0u5KEs+oij2hEOGO |
| | | | | | | | | | zjAT |
| | | | | | | | | | QOpHBQeBAQANVc9Qqlj73JXRJyFg4GCbRMd4Tp+D5FGSLCfzAObObdExs87xJlMjM= |

Figure 3-2-1-12

| Item | Description |
|-----------|---|
| Refresh | Click to obtain the latest data. |
| Clear | Click to clear all data. |
| Rfch | Show the channel of this packet. |
| Direction | Show the direction of this packet. |
| Time | Show the receiving time of this packet. |
| Ticks | Show the ticks of this packet. |
| Frequency | Show the frequency of the channel. |
| Datarate | Show the datarate of the channel. |

| | |
|----------|--|
| Coderate | Show the coderate of this packet. |
| RSSI | Show the received signal strength. |
| SNR | Show the signal-to-noise ratio of this packet. |
| Data | Show the payload (base64) of this packet. Note: This does not work with Loriot and Actility packet forwarders. |

Table 3-2-1-10 Traffic Parameters

3.2.2 Network Server

3.2.2.1 General

General Setting

| | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Platform Mode | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| NetID | 010203 |
| Join Delay | 5 sec |
| RX1 Delay | 1 sec |
| Lease Time | 8760-0-0 hh-mm-ss |
| Log Level | info |

Global Channel Plan Setting

| | |
|--------------|-------|
| Channel Plan | US915 |
| Channel | 8-15 |

Figure 3-2-2-1

| Item | Description | Default |
|------------------------|--|----------|
| General Setting | | |
| Enable | Click to enable Network Server mode. | Enabled |
| Platform Mode | Enabled to connect gateway to Linovision IoT Cloud or Yeastar Workplace platform . | Disabled |
| NetID | Enter the network identifier. | 010203 |
| Join Delay | Enter the interval time between when the end-device sends a Join_request_message to network server and when the end-device prepares to open RX1 to receive the Join_accept_message sent from network server. | 5 |
| RX1 Delay | Enter the interval time between when the end-device sends uplink packets and when the | 1 |

| | | |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | end-device prepares to open RX1 to receive the downlink packet. | |
| Lease Time | Enter the amount of time till a successful join expires. The format is hours-minutes-seconds. If the join-type is OTAA, then the end-devices need to join the network server again when it exceeds the lease time. | 876000-00-00 |
| Log level | Choose the log level. | Info |
| Channel Plan Setting | | |
| Channel Plan | Choose LoRaWAN® channel plan used for the upstream and downlink frequencies and datarates. Available channel plans depend on the gateway's model. | Depend on the gateway's frequency |
| Channel | <p>Allow end devices to communicate with specific frequency channels.</p> <p>Leave it blank means using all the default standard usable channels specified in the LoRaWAN® regional parameters document.</p> <p>It allows to enter the index of the channels.</p> <p>Examples:</p> <p>1, 40: Enabling Channel 1 and Channel 40</p> <p>1-40: Enabling Channel 1 to Channel 40</p> <p>1-40, 60: Enabling Channel 1 to Channel 40 and Channel 60</p> | Depend on the gateway's frequency |

Table 3-2-2-1 General Parameters

Note: For some regional variants, if allowed by your LoRaWAN® region, you can use Additional Plan to configure additional channels undefined by the LoRaWAN® Regional Parameters, like EU868 and KR920, as the following picture shows:

| Additional Channels | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| Frequency(MHz) | Min Datarate | Max Datarate | Operation |
| | | | + |

Figure 3-2-2-2

| Additional Channels | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Frequency/MHz | Enter the frequency of the additional plan. |
| Max Datarate | Enter the max datarate for the end-device. The range is based on what is specified in the LoRaWAN® regional parameters document. |
| Min Datarate | Enter the min datarate for the end-device. The range is based on what is specified in the LoRaWAN® regional parameters document. |

Table 3-2-2-2 Additional Plan Parameters

3.2.2.2 Application

An application is a collection of devices with the same purpose or of the same type. Users can add a series of devices to the same application which needs to send to the same server.

You can edit the application by clicking  or create a new application by clicking .



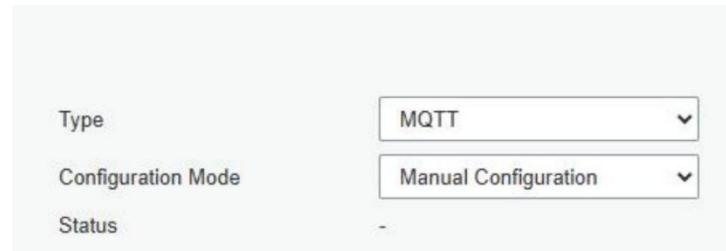
The screenshot shows the 'Applications' configuration interface. At the top, there are fields for 'Name' (set to 'cloud') and 'Description' (set to 'cloud'). A 'Metadata' checkbox is checked. Below these, under 'Metadata Details', checkboxes for 'devEUI', 'deviceName', and 'applicationID' are checked, while 'gatewayTime' and 'cellularIP' are unchecked. A 'Data Transmission' section follows, containing a table with columns 'Type' and 'Operation', and a '+' button to add new rows. At the bottom are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Figure 3-2-2-3

| Application | |
|-------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Name | Enter the name of the application profile. E.g: smoker-sensor-app. |
| Description | Enter the description of this application. E.g: an application for smoker sensor. |
| Metadata | Enable to select the details to report with uplink packets automatically when the device adds the payload codec. |
| Data Transmission | Data will be sent to your custom server using the MQTT, HTTP or HTTPS protocol. One application can only add one MQTT transmission and one HTTP (HTTPS) transmission. |

Table 3-2-2-3 Application Parameters

MQTT Integration



The screenshot shows the MQTT integration configuration interface. It includes dropdowns for 'Type' (set to 'MQTT') and 'Configuration Mode' (set to 'Manual Configuration'). Below these, the 'Status' is listed as '-'.

Figure 3-2-2-4

| MQTT Settings | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Item | Description |
| Type | Select the type as MQTT. |

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Configuration Mode | Select the configuration mode. Manual Configuration: Configure the parameters via webpage. Get via HTTP: Send HTTP request to platform to get MQTT configuration parameters. |
| Status | Display MQTT connection status. |
| Get via HTTP | |
| Platform URL | Select the platform URL to send the HTTP request. |
| Custom Format | Customize the HTTP request content sent to the platform. |

Table 3-2-2-4 MQTT Settings Parameters

Type: MQTT

Status: -

General

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Broker Address | |
| Broker Port | |
| Client ID | |
| Connection Timeout/s | 30 |
| Keep Alive Interval/s | 60 |
| Data Retransmission | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 3-2-2-5

User Credentials

Enable:

Username:

Password:

TLS

Enable:

Mode: CA signed server certificate

SSL Secure:

Will

Enable:

Will Topic:

Will QoS: QoS 0

Will Retain:

Will Message:
 (Large text area)

Figure 3-2-2-6

| Topic | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Data Type | topic | Retain | |
| Uplink data | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | QoS 0 <input type="button" value="▼"/> |
| Downlink data | <input type="text"/> | | QoS 0 <input type="button" value="▼"/> |
| Multicast downlink data | <input type="text"/> | | QoS 0 <input type="button" value="▼"/> |
| Join notification | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | QoS 0 <input type="button" value="▼"/> |
| ACK notification | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | QoS 0 <input type="button" value="▼"/> |
| Error notification | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | QoS 0 <input type="button" value="▼"/> |
| Request data | <input type="text"/> | | QoS 0 <input type="button" value="▼"/> |
| Response data | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | QoS 0 <input type="button" value="▼"/> |

Figure 3-2-2-7

| MQTT Settings – Manual Configuration | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| General | |
| Broker Address | MQTT broker address to receive data. |
| Broker Port | MQTT broker port to receive data. |
| Client ID | Client ID is the unique identity of the client to the server. It must be unique when multiple clients are connected to the same server, and it is essential for handling messages at QoS 1 and 2. |
| Connection Timeout/s | If the client does not get a response after the connection timeout, the connection will be considered as broken. The Range: 1-65535. |
| Keep Alive Interval/s | After the client is connected to the server, the client will send heartbeat packet to the server regularly to keep alive. Range: 1-65535. |
| Data Retransmission | After enabled, it supports data storage of up to 10,000 pieces of data when the network is disconnected and re-transmits the data after network recovery. |
| User Credentials | |
| Enable | Enable user credentials. |
| Username | The username used for connecting to the MQTT broker. |
| Password | The password used for connecting to the MQTT broker. |
| TLS | |
| Enable | Enable the TLS encryption in MQTT communication. Note: if MQTT broker type is HiveMQ, please enable TLS and set the option as CA signed server certificate. |
| Mode | Select from “Self signed certificates”, “CA signed server certificate”. CA signed server certificate: verify with the certificate issued by Certificate Authority (CA) that pre-loaded on the device. Self signed certificates: upload the custom CA certificates(.crt or .pem), client Certificates(.crt) and secret key(.key) for verification. |
| SSL Secure | After enabled, the gateway will verify the certificate's validity. |

| Will | |
|--------------|---|
| Enable | Last will message is automatically sent when the MQTT client is abnormally disconnected. It is usually used to send device status information or inform other devices or proxy servers of the device's offline status. |
| Will Topic | Customize the topic to receive last will messages. |
| Will QoS | QoS0, QoS1 or QoS2 are optional. |
| Will Retain | Enable to set last will message as retain message. |
| Will Message | Customize the last will message contents. |
| Topic | |
| Data Type | <p>Data type to communicate with MQTT broker:</p> <p>Uplink Data: receive device uplink packets.</p> <p>Downlink Data: send downlink commands to devices. If you require to send downlink command to a single device, please add the wildcard "\$deveui" to this topic and replace this as real device EUI when subscribing this topic.</p> <p>Multicast Downlink Data: send downlink commands to multicast group</p> <p>Join Notification: receive join notifications if the gateway sends join accept packets to allow the devices to join the network.</p> <p>ACK Notification: receive ACK packets from devices when sending downlink commands.</p> <p>Error Notification: receive error packets from devices.</p> <p>Request data: send requests to enquire and configure the gateway NS.</p> <p>Response data: receive the request responses.</p> |
| Topic | Topic name of the data type used for publishing. |
| Retain | Enable to set the latest message of this topic as retain message. |
| QoS | <p>QoS 0 – Only Once</p> <p>This is the fastest method and requires only one message. However, it is the least reliable mode.</p> <p>QoS 1 – At Least Once</p> <p>This level guarantees that the message will be delivered at least once, but may be delivered more than once.</p> <p>QoS 2 – Exactly Once</p> <p>QoS 2 is the highest level of service in MQTT. This level guarantees that each message is received only once by the intended recipients. QoS 2 is the safest and slowest quality of service level.</p> |

Table 3-2-2-5 MQTT Settings - Manual Configuration Parameters

HTTP/HTTPS Integration

| HTTP Header | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Header Name | Header Value | Operation |
| | | <input type="button" value="+"/> |
| URL | | |
| | | |
| Data Type | URL | |
| Uplink data | <input type="text"/> | |
| Join notification | <input type="text"/> | |
| ACK notification | <input type="text"/> | |
| Error notification | <input type="text"/> | |

Figure 3-2-2-8

| HTTP/HTTPS Settings | |
|---------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| HTTP Header | |
| Header Name | A core set of fields in the HTTP header. |
| Header Value | Value of the HTTP header. |
| URL | |
| Data Type | Data type sent to HTTP/HTTPS server. Uplink Data: receive device uplink packets Join Notification: receive join notifications if the gateway sends join accept packets to allow the devices to join the network ACK Notification: receive ACK packets from devices when sending downlink commands Error Notification: receive error packets from devices |
| Topic | Topic name of the data type used for publishing. |
| URL | HTTP/HTTPS server URL to receive data. |

Table 3-2-2-6 HTTP/HTTPS Settings Parameters

Related Configuration Example

[Application configuration](#)

3.2.2.3 Payload Codec

Payload Codec provides the inbuilt payload codec library of Linovision LoRaWAN® devices to decode and encode the data easily. Users can also customize the payload codec of other brands of devices or adjust the uplink and downlink contents as requirements.

Inbuilt Payload Codec Library

| Inbuilt Payload Codec Library | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Library Version | 1.3.1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Obtaining Type | <input style="width: 100px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 5px; padding: 2px 10px;" type="button" value="Online"/> | | | | | | | | | |
| <input style="width: 100px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #0072BD; border-radius: 5px; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 10px;" type="button" value="Obtain"/> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Note: Ensure that the Internet access is available. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Name | Payload Decoder Function | Payload Encoder Function | Object Mapping Function | Details | | | | | | |
| AM102 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | | | | | |
| AM102L | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | | | | | |
| AM103 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | | | | | |
| AM103L | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | | | | | |
| AM104 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | | | | | |
| AM107 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | | | | | |
| AM307 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | | | | | |
| AM307L | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | | | | | |
| AM308 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | | | | | |
| AM308L | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | <input style="width: 20px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; background-color: #0072BD; color: white; font-size: 10px; font-weight: bold; padding: 2px 5px;" type="button" value="Details"/> | | | | | |

Figure 3-2-9

| Inbuilt Payload Codec Library | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Library Version | Show the version of the Linovision device payload codec library. |
| Obtaining Type | <p>Select the type to update the Linovision devices payload codec library.</p> <p>Online: update automatically if gateway detects there is version update every time gateway powers on and accesses the Internet. Users can also click Obtain button to check update status manually. Local Upload: click Browse to upload the zip format payload codec package and click Import to update the library. For Linovision payload codec package, please download here.</p> |
| Name | Show the corresponding Linovision product model of the payload codec. |
| Payload Decoder Function | Show if decoders exist. |
| Payload Encoder Function | Show if encoders exist. |
| Object Mapping Function | Show if object mapping functions exist. |
| Details | Show the details of decoder and encoder. If this does not meet your requirement, please customize your payload codec. |

Table 3-2-7 Inbuilt Payload Codec Library Parameters

Custom Payload Codec

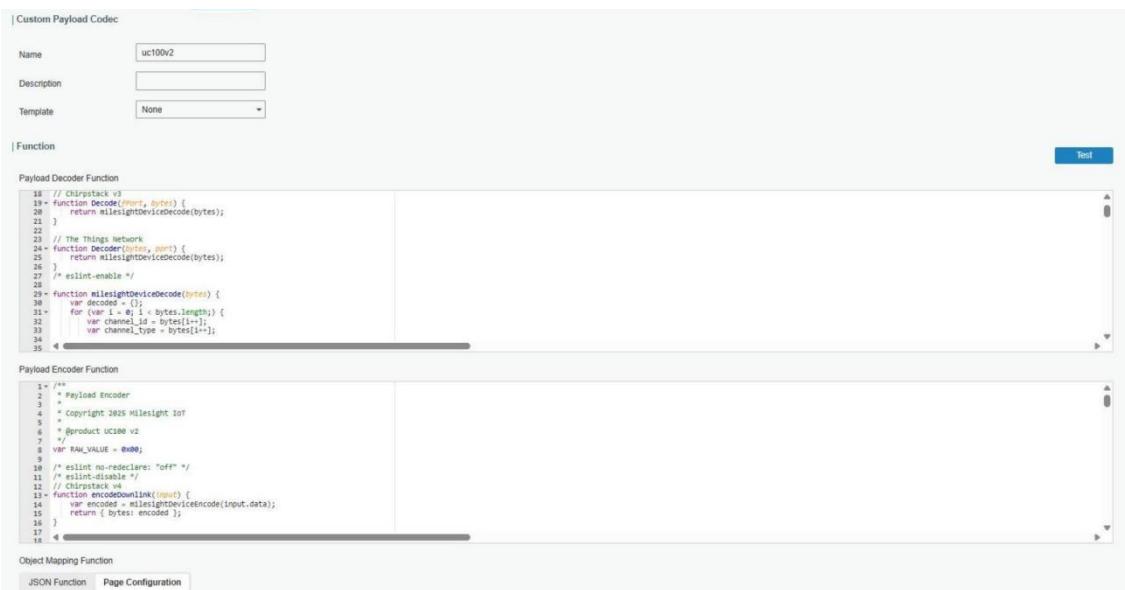


Figure 3-2-2-10

| Custom Payload Codec | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Name | Enter the unique name of the custom payload codec. |
| Description | Enter the description of this payload codec. |
| Template | Select an existing inbuilt payload codec as a template. |
| Payload Decoder Function | Customize the device payload decoder to convert hex format data to JSON format. Note that the function header should be the same as the example on the blanks. |
| Payload Encoder Function | Customize the device payload encoder to convert JSON format message to hex format command. Note that the function header should be the same as the example on the blanks. |
| Object Mapping Function | Customize the mapping function to convert LoRaWAN® message to BACnet or Modbus objects. It provides two adding methods: JSON Function: Add the function as JSON format. Page Configuration: Add the function via page. |
| Test | Enable or disable payload codec test. Input: Enter the hex format raw data without blank spaces, or JSON format command. fPort: Application port of LoRaWAN® devices. It's 85 by default for Linovision devices. Decoder Test: Convert hex format raw data to json format result. Encoder Test: Convert JSON format command to hex format command. Decoder/Encoder Test Result: Display decoded or encoded result. Object Mapping Test Result: Check the object validity in the encoder or decoder. |

Table 3-2-2-8 Custom Payload Codec Parameters

Note:

1. The supported JavaScript version of payload decoder and encoder is ES2020.
2. The variable names used in decoders and encoders of one Payload Codec must be the same if they point to the same items.

```
{
  "object": [
    {
      "id": "ipso_version",
      "name": "IPSO Version",
      "value": "",
      "unit": "",
      "access_mode": "R",
      "data_type": "TEXT",
      "value_type": "STRING",
      "max_length": 6,
      "bacnet_type": "character_string_value_object",
      "bacnet_unit_type_id": 95,
      "bacnet_unit_type": "UNITS_NO_UNITS"
    },
    {
      "id": "temperature_unit",
      "name": "Temperature Unit",
      "value": "",
      "unit": "",
      "access_mode": "RW",
      "data_type": "ENUM",
      "value_type": "UINT8",
      "values": [
        { "value": 0, "name": "celsius" },
        { "value": 1, "name": "fahrenheit" }
      ],
      "bacnet_type": "multistate_value_object",
      "bacnet_unit_type_id": 95,
      "bacnet_unit_type": "UNITS_NO_UNITS",
      "reference": ["temperature_control_mode",
      "temperature_target"] }
  ]
}
```

```

    ]
}

```

| Object Mapping Function-JSON Configuration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|--------|-------------|----------------------|------|--|----------------------------------|--------|--|----------------------------------|------|---|------------------------|------|-----------------|
| Item | Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| id | This value must be the same as the variable names of decoders and encoders. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| name | Leave blank or customize any content as required. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| value | Unused. Leave blank. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| unit | Leave blank or type the unit as required. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| access_mode | Set the access mode of this object. Supported options and corresponding Modbus register types: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Option</th><th>Description</th><th>Modbus Register Type</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>R</td><td>Read-only</td><td>Discrete Input, Input Register</td></tr> <tr> <td>W</td><td>Write-only</td><td>Coil, Holding Register</td></tr> <tr> <td>RW</td><td>Read-write</td><td>Coil, Holding Register</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | | Option | Description | Modbus Register Type | R | Read-only | Discrete Input, Input Register | W | Write-only | Coil, Holding Register | RW | Read-write | Coil, Holding Register | | |
| Option | Description | Modbus Register Type | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R | Read-only | Discrete Input, Input Register | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W | Write-only | Coil, Holding Register | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RW | Read-write | Coil, Holding Register | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| data_type | Define the value type of this variable. Supported options: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Option</th><th>Description</th><th>Modbus Register Type</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>TEXT</td><td>String type data, example: serial number</td><td>Input Register, Holding Register</td></tr> <tr> <td>NUMBER</td><td>Number type data including integer and float, example: temperature</td><td>Input Register, Holding Register</td></tr> <tr> <td>BOOL</td><td>Only 0 and 1 status, example: button status</td><td>Discrete Input, Coil</td></tr> <tr> <td>ENUM</td><td>Multiple values</td><td>Input Register, Holding Register</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | | Option | Description | Modbus Register Type | TEXT | String type data, example: serial number | Input Register, Holding Register | NUMBER | Number type data including integer and float, example: temperature | Input Register, Holding Register | BOOL | Only 0 and 1 status, example: button status | Discrete Input, Coil | ENUM | Multiple values |
| Option | Description | Modbus Register Type | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TEXT | String type data, example: serial number | Input Register, Holding Register | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NUMBER | Number type data including integer and float, example: temperature | Input Register, Holding Register | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BOOL | Only 0 and 1 status, example: button status | Discrete Input, Coil | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ENUM | Multiple values | Input Register, Holding Register | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>Note: if the data type is ENUM and the reference parameter is not blank, it is suggested to set Modbus register type as Input Register or Holding Register.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| value_type | Supported options: UINT8, INT8, UINT16, INT16, UINT32, INT32, FLOAT, STRING. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| values | Set the value range of this variable. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| max_length | When the value type is STRING, set the maximum length of the strings or maximum length of Modbus registers. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| bacnet_type | <p>Supported options:</p> <p>analog_value_object, analog_input_object, analog_output_object, binary_value_object, binary_input_object, binary_output_object, multistate_value_object, multistate_input_object, multistate_output_object</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| bacnet_unit_type_id | Type the BACnet unit ID which can be found here . | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| bacnet_unit_type | Type the BACnet unit type which can be found here (see Description). | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | |
|-----------|---|
| reference | If this variable should be written together with other variables, add the variables array here. |
|-----------|---|

Table 3-2-2-9 Object Mapping Function -JSON Function Parameters

| Object Mapping Function | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------|------|-----------|---|
| JSON Function | | Page Configuration | | | | |
| Add | | | | | | |
| Object Name | Data Type | Numeric Type | Access Mode | Unit | Reference | Operation |
| ipso_version | TEXT | - | R | - | - |    |
| hardware_version | TEXT | - | R | - | - |    |
| firmware_version | TEXT | - | R | - | - |    |
| tsl_version | TEXT | - | R | - | - |    |
| sn | TEXT | - | R | - | - |    |
| lorawan_class | ENUM | - | R | - | - |    |
| reset_event | BOOL | - | R | - | - |    |
| device_status | BOOL | - | R | - | - |    |
| battery | NUMBER | UINT8 | R | % | - |    |
| temperature | NUMBER | FLOAT | R | °C | - |    |

Figure 3-2-2-11

Object Mapping Function–Page Configuration

| Item | Description |
|--------------|---|
| Add | Add a new object. |
| Object Name | Show the object name. |
| Data Type | Show the data type of this object. |
| Numeric Type | Show the numeric type when the data type is NUMBER. |
| Access Mode | Show the access mode of this object. |
| Unit | Show the unit of this object. |
| Reference | Show the related objects of this object. |
| Operation |  : Edit the object.  : Relate this object to other objects. After related, these objects should be written together.  : Delete the object. |

Table 3-2-2-10 Object Mapping Function -Page Configuration Parameters

Add

| | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Object Name | <input type="text"/> |
| Object Description | <input type="text"/> |
| Data Type | <input type="text"/> |
| Access Mode | <input type="text"/> |
| BACnet Forwarding | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Object Type | <input type="text"/> |
| Modbus Forwarding | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Register Type | <input type="text"/> |
| Data Format | <input type="text"/> |
| Register Quantity | <input type="text"/> |

Figure 3-2-2-12

| Object Mapping Function—Add an Object | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Object Name | The name must be the same as the variable name of decoder or encoder. |
| Object Description | The description of the object. |
| Data Type | The data type of this object. |
| Value 0/1 | When data type is BOOL, set the value of 0 and 1 status. |
| Enumeration Number | When data type is ENUM, set the supported option quantity. |
| Numeric Type | When the data type is Numeric Type, set the number type. |
| Unit | When the data type is NUMBER, set the unit of the object. |
| Maximum Length | When data type is TEXT, set the maximum length of the text. |
| Access Mode | The access mode of this object. |
| BACnet Forwarding | Enable to show the BACnet object parameters details. These parameters will be typed automatically according to Data Type and Access Mode. |
| Modbus Forwarding | Enable to show the Modbus object parameters details. These parameters will be typed automatically according to Data Type and Access Mode. |

Table 3-2-2-11 Object Mapping Function -Add Object Parameters

3.2.2.4 Profiles

A Profile defines the device capabilities and boot parameters that are needed by the Network Server for setting the LoRaWAN® radio access service. These information elements shall be provided by the end-device manufacturer. IOT-G65 has pre-configured 8 device files and users can also create a new device profile.

| Device Profiles | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------------|---|
| Name | Max TXPower | Join Type | Class Type | Operation |
| ClassA-ABP | 0 | ABP | Class A |   |
| ClassA-OTAA | 0 | OTAA | Class A |   |
| ClassB-ABP | 0 | ABP | Class A Class B |   |
| ClassB-OTAA | 0 | OTAA | Class A Class B |   |
| ClassC-ABP | 0 | ABP | Class A Class C |   |
| ClassC-OTAA | 0 | OTAA | Class A Class C |   |
| ClassCB-ABP | 0 | ABP | Class A Class B Class C |   |
| ClassCB-OTAA | 0 | OTAA | Class A Class B Class C |   |
| test | 0 | OTAA | Class A Class B Class C |   |
| test | 0 | OTAA | Class A Class B Class C |   |
| + | | | | |

Figure 3-2-2-13

Device Profiles

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Name | <input type="text"/> |
| Max TXPower | <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Join Type | <input type="text" value="OTAA"/> |
| Class Type | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Class A <input type="checkbox"/> Class B <input type="checkbox"/> Class C |
| Advanced | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 3-2-2-14

| Device Profiles Settings | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Name | Enter the name of the device profile. |
| Max TXPower | Enter the maximum transmit power. The TXPower indicates power levels relative to the Max EIRP level of the end-device. 0 means using the max EIRP. EIRP refers to the Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power. |
| Join Type | Select from: "OTAA" and "ABP". |
| Class Type | Class A is fixed as enabled. Users can check the box of Class B or Class C to add the class type. Note: Beacon period should be set to nonzero value in Packet Forwarder > Advanced if using Class B. |

Table 3-2-2-12 Device Profiles Setting Parameters

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ADR | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| MAC Version | 1.0.2 |
| Regional Parameters Revision | B |
| RX1 Datarate Offset | 0 |
| RX2 Datarate | DR8(SF12, 500kHz) |
| RX2 Channel Frequency | 923300000 Hz |
| Frequency List | |
| Device Channel | |

Figure 3-2-2-15

| Device Profile Advanced Settings | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Item | Description | Default |
| ADR | Enable or disable the gateway network server to adjust the datarate of end devices. | Enable |
| MAC Version | Choose the version of the LoRaWAN® supported by the end-device. | 1.0.2 |
| Regional Parameter Revision | Revision of the Regional Parameters document supported by the end-device. | B |
| RX1 Datarate Offset | The offset which used for calculating the RX1 data-rate, based on the uplink data-rate. | Based on what is specified in the LoRaWAN® regional parameters document |
| RX2 Datarate | Enter the RX2 datarate which used for the RX2 receive-window. | |
| RX2 Channel Frequency | RX2 channel frequency which used for the RX2 receive-window. | |
| Frequency List | List of factory-preset frequencies. The range is based on what is specified in the LoRaWAN® regional parameters document. | Null |
| Device Channel | Change this device frequency channel by typing the channel indexs. When configured, it takes precedence over the global channel. This setting only works for CN470/US915/AU915. | Null |
| PingSlot Period | Period of opening the pingslot. | Every Second |
| PingSlot DataRate | Datarate of the node receiving downlinks. | Based on the supported frequency |
| PingSlot Freq | Frequency of the node receiving downlinks. | Based on the supported frequency |
| ACK Timeout | The time for confirmed downlink transmissions. This option is only applicable to class B and class | Class B: 10 Class C: 10 |

| | | |
|--|----|--|
| | C. | |
|--|----|--|

Table 3-2-2-13 Device Profiles Advanced Setting Parameters

3.2.2.5 Device

A device is the end-device connecting to, and communicating over the LoRaWAN® network.

| Device | | | | | | | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|------------|--------|-------------|--------|---|
| Actions | | Device Details | | | | Status | |
| Add | Bulk Import | Delete All | Export All | Search | | | |
| UC100 | ██████████ | UC100 | uc100v2 | test | 2 hours ago | Online |   |

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 rows

Figure 3-2-2-16

| Item | Description |
|----------------|---|
| Add | Add a device. |
| Bulk Import | Download template and import multiple devices. Note: Do not delete the table header of the template file, each line contains the information of every device. |
| Delete All | Delete all devices in the list. |
| Export All | Export all device information as a CSV file. |
| Device Name | Show the name of the device. |
| Device EUI | Show the EUI of the device. |
| Device-Profile | Show the name of the device's device profile. |
| Payload Codec | Show the used payload codec of the device. Click to check the details of this payload codec. |
| Application | Show the name of the device's application. |
| Last Seen | Show the time of the last packet received. |
| Status | Show the status of the device. Never activated: the device never joined the network or sent any packets. Offline: the device did not send packet within the timeout. Online: the device has sent packets within the timeout. |
| Operation | Edit or delete the device. |

Table 3-2-2-14 Device Parameters

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Device Name | lora-sensor |
| Description | a short description of your node |
| Device EUI | 24e1641194784358 |
| Device-Profile | ClassA-OTAA |
| Application | cloud |
| Payload Codec | |
| fPort | 1 |
| Modbus RTU Data Transmission | Disable |
| Frame-counter Validation | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Application Key | <input type="radio"/> Default Value <input checked="" type="radio"/> Custom Value <input type="text"/> |
| Device Address | |
| Network Session Key | |
| Application Session Key | |
| Uplink Frame-counter | 0 |
| Downlink Frame-counter | 0 |
| Timeout | 1440 min |

Figure 3-2-2-17

| Device Configuration | |
|----------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Device Name | Enter the name of this device. |
| Description | Enter the description of this device. |
| Device EUI | Enter the EUI of this device. |
| Device-Profile | Choose the device profile. |
| Application | Choose the application profile. |
| Payload Codec | Choose the payload codec that exists on Payload Codec page. |
| fPort | Enter the downlink port of device, it's 85 by default for Linovision devices. |
| Modbus RTU | Choose from: "Disable", "Modbus RTU to TCP", "Modbus RTU over TCP". This feature is only applicable to Linovision LoRaWAN® controllers. (UC501/UC300, etc.) |
| Data Transmission | Modbus RTU to TCP: TCP client can send Modbus TCP commands to ask for controller Modbus data. Modbus RTU over TCP: TCP client can send Modbus RTU commands to ask for controller Modbus data. |
| Modbus RTU Fport | Enter the LoRaWAN® frame port for transparent transmission between Linovision LoRaWAN® controllers and IOT-G65. |

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| | Range: 2-84, 86-223. Note: this value must be the same as the Linovision LoRaWAN® controller's fPort. |
| TCP Port | Enter the TCP port for data transmission between the TCP Client and IOT-G65 (as TCP Server).Range: 1-65535. |
| Frame-Counter Validation | If disable the frame-counter validation, it will compromise security as it enables people to perform replay-attacks. |
| Application Key | Whenever an end-device joins a network via over-the-air activation, the application key is used to derive the Application Session key. Default Value: The default value of Linovision end devices is 5572404C696E6B4C6F52613230313823 or Device EUI+Device EUI. Custom Value: Define the appkey according to the end devices. |
| Device Address | The device address identifies the end-device within the current network. |
| Network Session Key | The network session key is specific for the end-device. It is used by the end-device to calculate the MIC or part of the MIC (message integrity code) of all uplink data messages to ensure data integrity. |
| Application Session Key | The AppSKey is an application session key specific for the end-device. It is used by both the application server and the end-device to encrypt and decrypt the payload field of application-specific data messages. |
| Uplink Frame-counter | The number of data frames which sent uplink to the network server. It will be incremented by the end-device and received by the end-device. Users can reset the a personalized end-device manually, then the frame counters on the end-device and the frame counters on the network server for that end-device will be reset to 0. |
| Downlink Frame-counter | The number of data frames which received by the end-device downlink from the network server. It will be incremented by the network server. Users can reset a personalized end-device manually, then the frame counters on the end-device and the frame counters on the network server for that end-device will be reset to 0. |
| Timeout | The time to judge the device's online/offline status. Range: 1-4320 mins |

Table 3-2-2-15 Device Setting Parameters

Related Configuration Example

[Device configuration](#)

3.2.2.6 FUOTA

Firmware Update Over the Air (FUOTA) is a standard for distributing firmware to end devices updates using unicast or multicast. **Before using this feature, ensure the end device supports the standard LoRaWAN® FUOTA protocol.**

| FUOTA | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|---------|----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | Task Name | Firmware | Status | Progress | Create Time | Start Time | End Time |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | task1 | CTXXX.0000.0100.0103.bin | Pending | 0 / 2 | 2025-04-14 10:09:52+08:00 | 2025-04-14 11:09:00+08:00 | - |

Figure 3-2-2-18

| FUOTA | |
|-------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Add | Click to add a task. |
| Delete | Check the boxes of the task list and click to delete these tasks. |
| Task Name | The task name. |
| Firmware | The firmware to upgrade in this task. |
| Status | <p>The task status.</p> <p>Pending: Wait for the scheduled time to process the task.</p> <p>Waiting: Prepare to create the session for an upgrade.</p> <p>Executing: At least one device replies to the upgrade result.</p> <p>Finished: All devices reply the upgrade results including success and failure.</p> |
| Progress | The device amount that is upgraded successfully/is planned to be upgraded. |
| Create Time | The time to create this task. |
| Start Time | The time to start this task. |
| End Time | The time to complete this task. |
| Operation | <p> : Edit this task when task status is Pending.</p> <p> : Check task details, including the success and failure status of every device.</p> <p> : Retry the task to devices which are upgraded failed when task status is Finished.</p> <p> : Delete this task when task status is Pending or Finished.</p> |

Table 3-2-2-16 FUOTA Parameters

Add FUOTA Tasks

1. Click Add button to add a FUOTA task.
2. Configure the task settings.

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Task Settings | |
| Task Name | <input type="text"/> |
| Start Time | <input type="text" value="2025-04-10 10:13"/> <input type="button" value=""/> |
| Description | <input type="text"/> |
| Firmware Setting | |
| Firmware | <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Upload a new firmware file"/> <input type="button" value="Select an official firmware file"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| Fragment Size | <input type="text" value="88"/> Bytes |
| Fragment Interval | <input type="text" value="5000"/> ms |
| Redundancy percent | <input type="text" value="30"/> % |
| Multicast Setting | |
| Datarate | <input type="text" value="DR3 (SF9, 125kHz)"/> |
| Frequency | <input type="text" value="505300000"/> Hz |

Figure 3-2-2-19

| Add Task Settings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Item | Description | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Basic Information | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Task Name | Customize a task name. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Start Time | Set the time to start this task. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Description | Enter the description for this task. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Firmware Settings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Firmware | <p>Import the firmware to upgrade.</p> <p>Upload a new firmware file: Import a firmware locally.</p> <p>Select an Official Firmware file: Select the product model first and select the firmware to download from the official website. It requires the gateway to access the Internet.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> <p>Select an official firmware file</p> <p>Please select the product model first <input type="text"/></p> <p><input type="button" value="Search"/></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Firmware Name</th> <th>Product Model</th> <th>Firmware Version</th> <th>Support Hardware Version</th> <th>Support Firmware Version</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="6" style="text-align: center;">No matching records found</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </div> | Firmware Name | Product Model | Firmware Version | Support Hardware Version | Support Firmware Version | Description | No matching records found | | | | | |
| Firmware Name | Product Model | Firmware Version | Support Hardware Version | Support Firmware Version | Description | | | | | | | | |
| No matching records found | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fragment Size | <p>The firmware file will be split as this size to assign to devices. Usually please keep this value as default.</p> <p>If the network environment is complex or bad, it is suggested to reduce this value to 64 or a lower value; if the network environment is good, this value can be added to increase to improve transmission speed.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fragment Interval | <p>The interval to assign firmware fragments to devices. Usually please keep this value as default.</p> <p>If the network environment is complex or bad, it is suggested to increase this value to 7-10s or a higher value; if the network</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| | environment is good, this value can be decreased to improve transmission speed. |
| Redundancy Percent | The device will send 30% redundancy packets for firmware file packet correction. Usually please keep this value as default. If the network environment is complex or bad, it is suggested to increase this value to 40%-50% or a higher value to improve transmission success; if the network environment is good, this value can be reduced. |
| Multicast Settings | |
| Datarate | Datarate to assign the firmware fragments to devices. |
| Frequency | Downlink frequency to assign the firmware fragments to devices. |

Table 3-2-2-17 Task Parameters

3. Select the devices to execute this task. Please select the devices with the same model.

| Multicast Device List (Selected Devices: 1) | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| The current list has filtered out devices that are currently executing OTA tasks and automatically matched devices that meet the upgrade conditions | | | | | | |
| | Device Name | Device EUI | Product Model | Profile Name | Current Firmware Version | Current Hardware Version |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | em320-th | 24e124 | EM32X | ClassA-OTAA | v1.3 | v1.2 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 009569060000ef35 | 009569 | - | ClassA-OTAA | - | - |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | WS302 | 24e124 | WS302 | ClassA-OTAA | - | - |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | TERRY-WT101 | 24e124 | WT10X,wt10X | ClassA-OTAA | - | - |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | WS502 | 24e124 | WS50X | ClassC-OTAA | - | - |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | cl | 24e124 | EM30X | ClassA-OTAA | - | - |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 300 | 24e124 | UC300 | ClassC-OTAA | - | - |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | terry-wt101 | 24e124 | WT10X,wt10X | ClassA-OTAA | v1.3 | v1.1 |

Figure 3-2-2-20

4. Click Save to save these task settings.

3.2.2.7 Multicast Groups

Linovision gateways support for creating Class B or Class C multicast groups to send downlink messages to a group of end devices. A multicast group is a virtual ABP device (i.e. shared session keys), does not support uplink, confirmed downlink nor MAC commands.

| Multicast Groups | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Add | Search | | |
| Multicast Address | Group Name | Number of Devices | Operation |
| No matching records found | | | |

Figure 3-2-2-21

| Item | Description |
|------|-------------|
|------|-------------|

| | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Add | Add a multicast group. |
| Group Name | Show the name of the group. |
| Number of Devices | Show the device number of the group. |
| Operation | Edit or delete the multicast group. |

Table 3-2-2-18 Multicast Group Parameters

The screenshot shows a configuration interface for a multicast group. It includes the following fields:

- Group Name: Text input field.
- Multicast Address: Text input field.
- Multicast Network Session Key: Text input field.
- Multicast Application Session Key: Text input field.
- Class Type: A dropdown menu currently set to "Class C".
- Datarate: A dropdown menu currently set to "DR8(SF12,500KHz)".
- Frequency: Text input field containing "923300000" followed by "Hz".
- Frame-counter: Text input field containing "0".
- Selected Devices: A large list box currently empty.
- Add Device: A list box currently empty.

Figure 3-2-2-22

| Multicast Group Configuration | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Group Name | Enter the name of this multicast group. |
| Multicast Address | Device address (Dev Addr) of all devices in this group. |
| Multicast Network Session Key | The network session key (Netwks Key) of all devices in this group. |
| Multicast Application Session Key | The application session key (AppSKey) of all devices in this group. |
| Class Type | Class B and Class C are optional. |
| Datarate | Datarate of the node receiving downlinks. |
| Frequency | Downlink frequency of all devices in this group. |
| Frame-counter | The number of data frames which received by the end-device downlink from the network server. It will be incremented by the network server. |
| Ping Slot Periodicity | Period of opening the pingslot. This is only applied to Class B end devices. |

| | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Selected Devices | Show all device names in this group. |
| Add Device | Add devices in the pull-down list. |

Table 3-2-2-19 Multicast Group Setting Parameters

3.2.2.8 Gateway Fleet

Linovision gateways can connect to the gateway network server. A gateway supports to add 100 gateways at most.

| Gateway Fleet | | | | |
|---|---------------|-----------|---------------------|---|
| Gateway ID | Name | Status | Last Seen | Operation |
| 24E124FFFFE12263 | Local Gateway | Connected | 2021-04-19 16:12:27 |   |
|  | | | | |

Figure 3-2-2-23

| Item | Description |
|------------|--|
| Gateway ID | Show the gateway ID. |
| Name | Show the name of the gateway. |
| Status | Show the connection status of the gateway. |
| Last Seen | Show the time of last packet received. |
| Operation | Edit or delete the gateway. |

Table 3-2-2-20 Gateway Fleet Parameters

Gateway ID

Name

Location

GPS info will be displayed by default or can be changed manually

Latitude

Eg:0.026811

Longitude

Eg:-18.286764

Altitude

Eg:207

m

Figure 3-2-2-24

| Item | Description |
|------------|---|
| Gateway ID | Enter the unique gateway ID to recognize the gateway. |
| Name | Enter the name of this gateway. |
| Location | GPS data of the gateway can be edited here. If gateway sends GPS data it will replace your customized data. |

Table 3-2-2-21 Gateway Setting Parameters

3.2.2.9 Packets

The gateway supports to display latest 1000 pieces of packets and send command to devices.

Figure 3-2-2-25

Send Data To Device/Multicast Group

| Item | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| Device EUI | Enter the EUI of the device to receive the payload. |
| Multicast Group | Select the multicast group to send downlinks. Multicast groups can be added under Multicast Groups tab. |
| Type | Choose the payload type to enter in the payload Input box: ASCII, Hex, base64. |
| Payload | Enter the message to be sent to this device. |
| Port | Enter the LoRaWAN® frame port for packet transmission between device and Network Server. |
| Confirmed | After being enabled, the end device will receive downlink packet and should answer “confirmed” to the network server. The multicast feature does not support confirmed downlink. |

Table 3-2-2-22 Send Data to Device Parameters

| Network Server | |
|----------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Clear Log | Clear the packet logs sent to the network server. |
| Clear Downlink Queue | Clear the downlink queue that is not sent to the device. |
| Device EUI/Group | Show the EUI of the device or multicast group. |
| Frequency | Show the used frequency to transmit packets. |
| Datarate | Show the used datarate to transmit packets. |
| SNR | Show the signal-noise ratio. |
| RSSI | Show the received signal strength indicator. |
| Size | Show the size of payload. |
| Fcnt | Show the frame counter. |
| Type | Show the type of the packet: |

| | |
|------|---|
| | JnAcc - Join Accept Packet JnReq - Join Request Packet UpUnc - Uplink Unconfirmed Packet UpCnf - Uplink Confirmed Packet - ACK response from network requested DnUnc - Downlink Unconfirmed Packet DnCnf - Downlink Confirmed Packet- ACK response from end-device requested |
| Time | Show the time of packet was sent or received. |

Table 3-2-2-23 Packet Parameters

Click  to get more details about the packet. As shown:

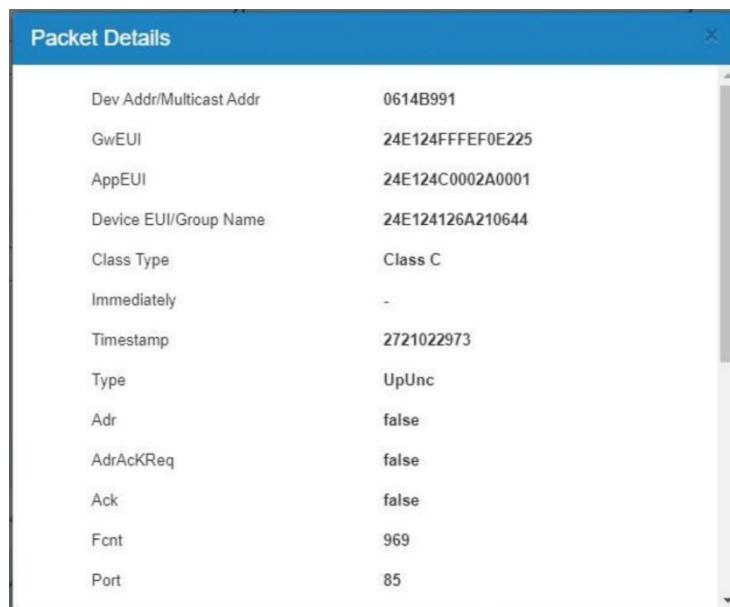


Figure 3-2-2-26

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Dev Addr/Multicast Addr | Show the address of the device/multicast group. |
| GwEUI | Show the EUI of the gateway. |
| AppEUI | Show the App EUI of the end device. |
| DevEUI/Group Name | Show the EUI of the device/multicast group name. |
| Class Type | Show the class type of the device or multicast group. |
| Immediately | Whether to send this downlink packet immediately. |
| Timestamp | Show the time to receive this packet after packet forwarder starts running. Unit: ms |
| Type | Show the type of the packet: JnAcc - Join Accept Packet JnReq - Join Request Packet |

| | |
|---------------|--|
| | <p>UpUnc - Uplink Unconfirmed Packet</p> <p>UpCnf - Uplink Confirmed Packet - ACK response from network requested</p> <p>DnUnc - Downlink Unconfirmed Packet</p> <p>DnCnf - Downlink Confirmed Packet- ACK response from end-device requested</p> |
| Adr | <p>True: The end-node has enabled ADR.</p> <p>False: The end-node has not enabled ADR.</p> |
| AdrAckReq | <p>In order to validate that the network is receiving the uplink messages, nodes periodically transmit ADRACKReq message. This is 1 bit long.</p> <p>True: Network should respond in ADR_ACK_DELAY time to confirm that it is receiving the uplink messages.</p> <p>False: ADR is disabled or Network does not respond in ADR_ACK_DELAY.</p> |
| Ack | <p>True: This frame is ACK.</p> <p>False: This frame is not ACK.</p> |
| Fcnt | Show the frame-counter of this packet. The network server tracks the uplink frame counter and generates the downlink counter for each end-device. |
| FPort | The FPort to transmit this packet. If this packet is MAC command, the port is 0; if this packet includes application data, the port is not 0 (1-233). |
| Modulation | LoRa means the physical layer uses the LoRa modulation. |
| Bandwidth | Show the bandwidth of this channel. |
| SpreadFactor | Show the spread Factor of this channel. |
| Bitrate | Show the bitrate of this channel. |
| CodeRate | Show the coderate of this channel. |
| SNR | Show the SNR of this channel. |
| RSSI | Show the RSSI of this channel. |
| Power | Show the transmit power of the device. |
| Payload (b64) | Show the application payload of this packet. |
| Payload (hex) | Show the application payload of this packet. |
| Json | Show the data after decoding. |
| MIC | Show the MIC of this packet. MIC is a cryptographic message integrity code, computed over the fields MHDR, FHDR, FPort and the encrypted FRMPayload. |

Table 3-2-2-24 Packets Details Parameters

Related Topic

[Send Data to Device](#)

3.3 Protocol Integration

3.3.1 BACnet Server

IOT-G65 can work as LoRaWAN to BACnet gateway, allowing easy integration with BMS system. Before using this feature, ensure the version of inbuilt payload codec library is latest and corresponding LoRaWAN® devices have added correct payload codec.

3. 3. 1. 1 Server

Figure 3-3-1-1

| Server Settings | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Enable or disable BACnet server function. |
| Network Type | Select the network type as BACnet/IP or BACnet/SC. |
| Device ID | BACnet device ID of this gateway, must be unique on the BACnet network. |
| Device Name | The unique name to represent the device in the BACnet network. |
| Global Object | <p>After being enabled, the gateway will add the global objects for every device automatically. These global objects are not allowed to be deleted, unless this option is disabled.</p> <p>Status: device online/offline status Frequency: device uplink frequency Rssi: device uplink RSSI Snr: device uplink SNR Datarate: device uplink datarate Frame_count: device uplink frame count (FCNT)</p> |
| Automatically Add Objects | After being enabled, the gateway will add objects according to the payload codec automatically when adding devices to network server. |

Table 3-3-1-1 Server Parameters

Server

| | |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Network Type | BACnet/IP |
| UDP Port | 47808 |
| Device ID | 2368807 |
| Device Name | UG-6221E2425279 |
| BBMD | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| IP Address | |
| IP Port | 47808 |
| Time To Live | 60000 s |

Figure 3-3-1-2

| Server-BACnet/IP Settings | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| UDP Port | Set communication port of BACnet/IP. Range: 1-65535. The default port is 47808. |
| BBMD | Enable BBMD (BACnet/IP Broadcast Management Device) if BACnet devices of different network subnets should work together. IP Address: Fill in the IP address of BBMD device or external device registrar. IP Port: Fill in the UDP/IP port for external device registration. Time To Live: Number of seconds used on external device registration. |

Table 3-3-1-2 Server-BACnet/IP Parameters

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Network ID | <input type="text" value="1"/> |
| UUID | 24e124f8-0732-24e1-24f8-073224e124f8 |
| Global Object | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Automatically Add Objects | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Heartbeat Timeout | <input type="text" value="300"/> |
| Node | |
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Primary Hub URI | <input type="text"/> |
| Primary Hub Status | - |
| Failover Hub URI | <input type="text"/> |
| Failover Hub Status | - |
| CA File | <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse"/> <input type="button" value="Import"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| Client Certificate File | <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse"/> <input type="button" value="Import"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| Client Key File | <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse"/> <input type="button" value="Import"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| Direct Connections | |
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Incoming Connections | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Outgoing Connections | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| CA File | <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse"/> <input type="button" value="Import"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| Client Certificate File | <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse"/> <input type="button" value="Import"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| Client Key File | <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse"/> <input type="button" value="Import"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |

Figure 3-3-1-3

| Server-BACnet/SC Settings | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Network ID | Set the network ID to identify the network. Only the devices with the same network ID can communicate with each other without routing. |
| UUID | Display the UUID of the gateway in the BACnet/SC network. |
| Heartbeat Timeout | Set the interval to send heartbeat packet to the hub or the node. |
| Node | |
| Enable | Enable or disable to work as a node |
| Primary Hub URI | Set the URI of the primary hub. URI format (address can be IP or domain name): <i>wss://address:port</i> |
| Primary Hub Status | Display the connection status between the node and the primary hub. |
| Failover Hub URI | Set the URI of the failover hub if the node fails to connect to the |

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| | primary hub. |
| Failover Hub Status | Display the connection status between the node and the failover hub. URI format (address can be IP or domain name): <i>wss://address:port</i> |
| CA File | |
| Client Certificate File | Click Browse to select the files from local path, then click Import to upload the files. |
| Client Key File | |
| Direct Connections | |
| Enable | Enable or disable to set up connections with other nodes directly. |
| Incoming Connections | Enable or disable connections from other nodes. At maximum of 10 nodes can connect to this gateway. Port Number: Set the port number to allow the connection. CA File/Server Certificate File/Server Key File: Click Browse to select the files from local path, then click Import to upload the files. Device ID: Display the node device ID to connect to the gateway. UUID: Display the node device UUID to connect to the gateway. VMAC: Display the node device VMAC to connect to the gateway. Status: Display the connection status between the gateway and the node. |
| Outgoing Connections | Enable or disable to connect other nodes. A gateway can connect 10 nodes at most. CA File/Client Certificate File/Client Key File: Click Browse to select the files from local path, then click Import to upload the files. Name: Set the name of the node to connect. URI: Set the URI of the node to connect. URI format (address can be IP or domain name): <i>wss://address:port</i> Status: Display the connection status between the gateway and the node. |

Table 3-3-1-3 Server-BACnet/SC Parameters

3.3.1.2 BACnet Object

| BACnet Object | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|--------|---------|-------------|----------|---|
| | | Add Object | Add NC Object | Bulk Import | Bulk Export | Delete | Search | | | |
| + | <input type="checkbox"/> | Object Name | Object Type | Object Instance Nr | Present Value | Unit | Updates | Update Time | COV | Operation |
| - | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | WT101 | | | | | | | | |
| | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | WT101.temperature | Analog-Value | 0 | - | °C | 0 | - | Disabled |   |
| | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | WT101.temperature | Analog-Value | 1 | - | °C | 0 | - | Disabled |   |

Figure 3-3-1-2

| Item | Description |
|------------|--|
| Add Object | Click to select desired objects to add to this server. The gateway supports adding 10,000 objects at most. |

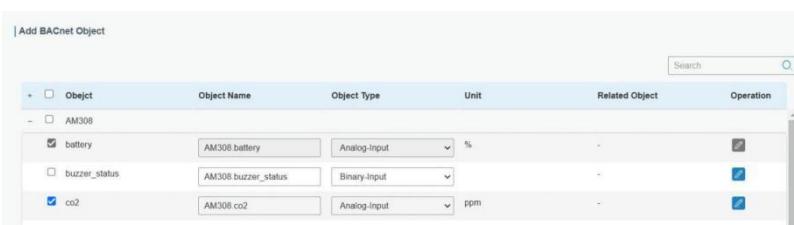
| | |
|--------------------|--|
| | <p>Note: Ensure the content of payload codec is correct, and the device selects the correct payload codec.</p>  |
| Add NC Object | Add a Notification-Class type object to determine the recipients of alarms. The gateway supports adding 200 NC objects at most. |
| Bulk Import | Download template to import multiple BACnet objects. |
| Bulk Export | Select desire objects to export as .xlsx format file. |
| Delete | Select desire objects to delete. |
| Object Name | Show the name of the BACnet object. |
| Object Type | Show the type of this object. |
| Object Instance Nr | Show the instance number of this object. |
| Present Value | Show the latest value of object. |
| Units | Show the unit of this object value. |
| Updates | Show the update times of this object value. |
| Update time | Show the time for this object to get and update the data. |
| COV | Show if COV (Change of value) is enabled. |
| Operation | Edit or delete the object. |

Table 3-3-1-2 BACnet Object List Parameters

BACnet Object

| | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Device Name | AM308 |
| LoRa Object | battery |
| Object Name | AM308.battery |
| Object Type | Analog-Input |
| The Object Instance | 105 |
| Unit | %(98) |
| Description | |
| COV | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Event Detection | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 3-3-1-3

BACnet Object Configuration

| Item | Description |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Device Name | Show the name of devices. |
| LoRa Object | Show the corresponding name of LoRa object. |
| Object Name | Customize an unique name for this object. |
| Object Type | Select the object type as Binary Input/Output/Value, Analog Input/Output/Value, MultiState Input/Output/Value and CharacterString value. |
| The Object Instance | Customize the object instance. |
| Description | Enter the description of this object. |
| Event Detection | Enable to report the alarm of this value. It requires to define at least one notification class object first. |
| Analog Input/Output/Value | |
| Units | Select the unit of this object value. |
| COV | When object value changes, the BACnet server (gateway) will send notification of new value to BACnet client. This only applies to analog type objects. |
| COV Increment | Only when the object value reaches or over this increment, the BACnet server (gateway) will send the notification. |
| Relinquish Default | If there is no command, the analog output will be set as this relinquish default value. |
| Binary Input/Output/Value | |
| Polarity | Define the binary input/output status as Normal or Reverse. |
| Active Text | Characterize the intended effect of active state of binary type object value. Example: when a button is pressed and binary input is 1, active text can be defined as "Pressed". |
| Inactive Text | Characterize the intended effect of inactive state of binary type object value. Example: for a button, inactive text can be defined as "Unpressed". |
| Relinquish Default | If there is no command, the binary output will be set as this relinquish default value. |
| MultiState Input/Output/Value | |
| Number of States | Set the number of states and define the name of every state. |
| Relinquish Default | If there is no command, the multistate output will be set as this relinquish default value. |
| Event Detection | |
| Notification Class | Select the notification class to determine the recipients of this alarm. |
| Event | Select the event type to report. |
| Limit Event | When object type is analog type, select if reporting the event when reaching the high limit or low limit. |
| Deadband | Under To Offnormal status, when current value returns to (high |

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| | limit-deadband) value or (low limit+deadband) lasting the delay time, the device will generate To Normal event. Only Analog types have this option. |
| Time Delay | Only when current value matches the threshold condition or is out of threshold for this time, the device will report the corresponding event. |
| Alarm Value | Report the To Offnormal event if the current value is equal to alarm value for delay time; report To Normal event if the current value is not equal to alarm value for delay time. Only Binary Input, Binary Value, Multi-State Input or Multi-State Value has this option. |
| Fault Value | Report the To Fault event if the current value is equal to fault value. Only Multi-State Input or Multi-State Value has this option. |
| Feedback Value | Report the To Offnormal event if the current value is equal to feedback value for delay time; report To Normal event if the current value is not equal to feedback value for delay time. Only Multi-State Output or Binary Output has this option. |
| Notification Type | Select the notification type as Alarm or Event. |

Table 3-3-1-3 BACnet Object Configuration Parameters

BACnet Object

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Object Name | <input type="text"/> | | | | | |
| Object Type | <input type="text" value="Notification-Class"/> | | | | | |
| The Object Instance | <input type="text" value="0"/> | | | | | |
| Description | <input type="text"/> | | | | | |
| To-Offnormal Priority | <input type="text"/> | | | | | |
| To-Fault Priority | <input type="text"/> | | | | | |
| To-Normal Priority | <input type="text"/> | | | | | |
| Ack Required | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> To Offnormal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> To Fault <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> To Normal | | | | | |
| Recipient List | | | | | | |
| Device ID | Valid Days | From time To Time | Process Identifier | Issue Notifications Type | Transitions | Operation |
| + | | | | | | |

Figure 3-3-1-4

Notification Class BACnet Object Configuration

| Item | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| Object Name | Customize a unique name for this object. |
| Object Type | It is fixed as Notification-Class. |
| The Object Instance | Customize the object instance. |
| Description | Enter the description of this object. |
| To-Offnormal | Set the priority number which is used by recipients to sort the event |

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Priority | notifications. Range: 0-255 (0 being most important, 255 least important) |
| To-Fault Priority | |
| To-Normal Priority | |
| Ack Required | Specify if this event requires the recipient to send the Acknowledgement Alarm message back to gateway. |
| Recipient List | <p>When event detection is enabled and this notification class is selected, the event notification will be sent to recipients in this list. One list supports to add 10 recipients at most.</p> <p>Device ID: the target recipient device ID.</p> <p>Valid Days: valid days to send notifications.</p> <p>From time to time: valid time to send notifications.</p> <p>Process Identifier: the identifier to indicate what process the alarm is intended for. For example, maybe process identifier 1 means maintenance alarms, 2 means critical alarms and 3 means life safety alarms, etc.</p> <p>Issue Notifications Type: select the notification type as confirmed or unconfirmed. If the gateway does not receive the response of Confirmed notification, it will send the notification once again.</p> <p>Transitions: select the reported event types.</p> |

Table 3-3-1-4 Notification Class BACnet Object Configuration Parameters

3.3.2 Modbus Server

The gateway can work as Modbus server (slave) to receive Modbus RTU or Modbus TCP commands from PLC/BMS systems to read or write to LoRaWAN® devices. Before using this feature, ensure the version of inbuilt payload codec library is latest and corresponding LoRaWAN® devices have added correct payload codec.

3.3.2.1 Server

| Server | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-------------|------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Add Search | | | | | | | |
| Status | Name | IP Address | Port | Connection Type | Device Number | Modbus Object Count | Operation |
| Enable | server1 | 192.168.1.1 | 7001 | Modbus RTU Over TCP | 0 | 0 | Edit Remove |
| Showing 1 to 1 of 1 rows | | | | | | | |

Figure 3-3-2-1

| Item | Description |
|------------|--|
| Add | Add a Modbus server (slave). One gateway supports to add 15 servers at most. |
| Status | Show the enable status of this server. |
| Name | Show the name of the server. |
| IP Address | Show the IP address of this server and click to check the details. |
| Port | Show the communication port of this server. |

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Connection Type | Show the connection type of this server. |
| Device Number | Show the device number of this server. |
| Modbus Object Count | Show the Modbus object amount of this server and click the number to check the details. |
| Operation | Edit or delete this server. |

Table 3-3-2-1 Server Parameters

Enable

Name

Network Interface

Port

Connection Type

Type

Global Object

Global Object Details status frequency rssi snr datarate frame_count

Description

Figure 3-3-2-2

| Server Settings | |
|-------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Enable or disable this Modbus server. |
| Name | Customize a unique name to identify this server. |
| Network Interface | Select the network interface for this server to communicate with Modbus clients (master). The device supports to use different network interfaces to communicate with different remote platforms. |
| Port | Set communication port of this server. Range: 1-65535. |
| Connection Type | Select the connection type of this server. Modbus TCP: Modbus client will send Modbus TCP format commands to this Modbus server. Modbus RTU over TCP: Modbus client will send Modbus RTU format commands to this Modbus server. |
| Type | Set the server ID type of this Modbus server. This is used for Modbus client to identify every server. No server ID: all devices use any server ID. Per-device server ID: support configuring server ID for per device. |
| Global Object | After enabled, the gateway will add the global objects for every device automatically. These global objects is not allowed to delete, unless this option is disabled. Status: device online/offline status Frequency: device uplink frequency |

| | |
|-------------|---|
| | Rssi: device uplink RSSI Snr: device uplink SNR Datarate: device uplink datarate Frame_count: device uplink frame count (FCNT) |
| Description | Add description for this server. |

Table 3-3-2-2 Server Settings Parameters

3.3.2.2 Modbus Object

Figure 3-3-2-3

| Item | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| Modbus Object | Select the Modbus server to add and edit the objects. |
| Add | Click to select desired objects to add to this server. The gateway supports adding 10,000 objects at most. Note: Ensure the content of payload codec is correct, and the device selects the correct payload codec. |
| Bulk Import | Download template to import multiple Modbus objects. |
| Bulk Export | Select desire objects to export as .xlsx format file. |
| Delete | Select desire objects to delete. |
| Select All/Deslect All | Select/Deselect all objects. |
| Name | Show the name of this object. |
| Register Type | Show the register type of this object. |
| Register Address | Show the register address of this object. |
| Data Format | Show the data format of this object. |
| Related Object | Show the related objects. |
| Present value | Show the latest value of object. |
| Update time | Show the time for this object to get and update the data. |
| Operation | <p> : Edit the object.</p> <p> : Delete the object.</p> <p> : Select the objects that need to be copied, click this icon to add</p> |

or cover the objects to other same model devices.
Add Object: add the objects to select devices.
Cover Object: cover the objects to selected devices, and the original object settings of selected devices will be cleared.

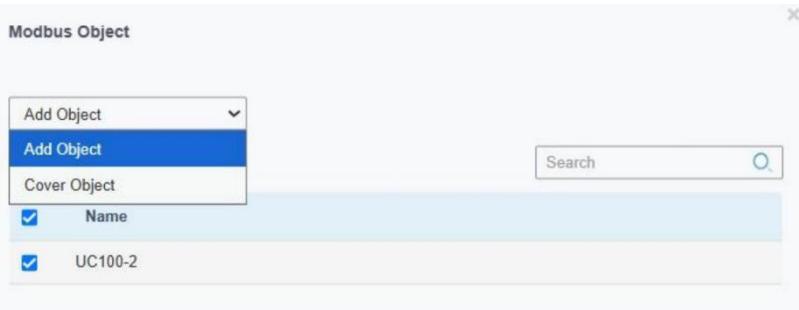


Table 3-3-2-3 Modbus Object List Parameters

Figure 3-3-2-4

| Modbus Object Configuration | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Object Name | Customize a unique name for this object. |
| LoRa Object | Show the corresponding name of LoRa object. |
| Object Name | Customize a unique name for this object. |
| Register Type | Select the Modbus register type. Discrete Input: read-only, only including 0 and 1 status. Coil: read-write, only including 0 and 1 status. Holding Register: read-write, including analog values, strings, etc. Input Register: read-only, including analog values, strings, etc. |
| Register Address | When adding an object, this address will generate automatically. And this address supports to change. Range: 0-65535 Note: 1) The address of the same register type must be different in one |

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| | Modbus server. 2) The address is related to register quantity. If the address of this object is 0 and register quantity is 2, the address of next object must be 2(0+2) or higher values. |
| Data Format | Show or select the data format of this object. |
| Register Quantity | Show the register occupied quantity of this object. |
| Description | Enter the description of this object. |
| Unit | Select the unit of this object. |
| Related Register | Show the related registers. When writing this object, related registers should be written together. Otherwise, this object will fail to change. |

Table 3-3-2-4 Modbus Object Configuration Parameters

3.4 Network

3.4.1 Interface

3.4.1.1 Port

The Ethernet port can be connected with Ethernet cable to get Internet access. It supports 3 connection types.

- Static IP: configure IP address, netmask and gateway for Ethernet WAN interface.
- DHCP Client: configure Ethernet WAN interface as DHCP Client to obtain IP address automatically.
- PPPoE: configure Ethernet WAN interface as PPPoE Client.

Port_1

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Port | eth 0 |
| Connection Type | Static IP |
| IP Address | 192.168.23.150 |
| Netmask | 255.255.255.0 |
| Gateway | 192.168.23.1 |
| MTU | 1500 |
| Primary DNS Server | 8.8.8.8 |
| Secondary DNS Server | 223.5.5.5 |
| Enable NAT | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 3-4-1-1

| Port Setting | | |
|----------------------|--|-----------|
| Item | Description | Default |
| Port | The port that is fixed as eth0 port and enabled. | eth 0 |
| Connection Type | Select from "Static IP", "DHCP Client" and "PPPoE". | DHCP |
| MTU | Set the maximum transmission unit. | 1500 |
| Primary DNS Server | Set the primary DNS. | 8.8.8.8 |
| Secondary DNS Server | Set the secondary DNS. | 223.5.5.5 |
| Enable NAT | Enable or disable NAT function. When enabled, a private IP can be translated to a public IP. | Enable |

Table 3-4-1-1 Port Parameters

Related Configuration Example

Ethernet Connection

1. Static IP Configuration

If the external network assigns a fixed IP for the Ethernet port, user can select "Static IP" mode.

| IP Address | Netmask | Operation |
|------------|---------|-----------|
| | | + |

Figure 3-4-1-2

| Static IP | | |
|---------------------|--|----------------|
| Item | Description | Default |
| IP Address | Set the IP address which can access Internet. | 192.168.23.150 |
| Netmask | Set the Netmask for Ethernet port. | 255.255.255.0 |
| Gateway | Set the gateway's IP address for Ethernet port. | 192.168.23.1 |
| Multiple IP Address | Set the multiple IP addresses for Ethernet port. | Null |

Table 3-4-1-2 Static IP Parameters

2. DHCP Client

If the external network has DHCP server enabled and has assigned IP addresses to the Ethernet WAN interface, user can select “DHCP client” mode to obtain IP address automatically.

Port_1

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Port | eth 0 |
| Connection Type | DHCP Client |
| MTU | 1500 |
| Use Peer DNS | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Primary DNS Server | 8.8.8.8 |
| Secondary DNS Server | 223.5.5.5 |
| Enable NAT | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 3-4-1-3

| DHCP Client | |
|--------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Use Peer DNS | Obtain peer DNS automatically during PPP dialing. DNS is necessary when user visits domain name. |

Table 3-4-1-3 DHCP Client Parameters

3. PPPoE

PPPoE refers to a point to point protocol over Ethernet. User has to install a PPPoE client on the basis of original connection way. With PPPoE, remote access devices can get control of each user.

Port_1

| | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Port | eth 0 |
| Connection Type | PPPoE |
| Username | <input type="text"/> |
| Password | <input type="text"/> |
| Link Detection Interval(s) | 60 |
| Max Retries | 0 |
| MTU | 1500 |
| Use Peer DNS | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Primary DNS Server | 8.8.8.8 |
| Secondary DNS Server | 223.5.5.5 |
| Enable NAT | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 3-4-1-4

| PPPoE | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Username | Enter the username provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP). |
| Password | Enter the password provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP). |
| Link Detection Interval (s) | Set the heartbeat interval for link detection. Range: 1-600. |
| Max Retries | Set the maximum retry times after it fails to dial up. Range: 0-9. |
| Use Peer DNS | Obtain peer DNS automatically during PPP dialing. DNS is necessary when user visits domain name. |

Table 3-4-1-4 PPOE Parameters

3. 4. 1. 2 WLAN

This section explains how to set the related parameters for Wi-Fi network. IOT-G65 supports 802.11 b/g/n, as AP or client mode.

WLAN

| | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Work Mode | AP |
| SSID Broadcast | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| AP Isolation | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Radio Type | 802.11n(2.4GHz) |
| Channel | Auto |
| SSID | |
| BSSID | |
| Encryption Mode | No Encryption |
| Bandwidth | 20MHz |
| Max Client Number | 10 |

IP Setting

| | |
|---------------|-----------|
| Protocol | Static IP |
| IP Address | |
| DHCP Settings | |
| Netmask | |

Figure 3-4-1-5

WLAN

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Work Mode | Client |
| SSID | |
| BSSID | |
| Encryption Mode | WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK |
| Cipher | Auto |
| Key | |

IP Setting

| | |
|------------|---------------|
| Protocol | Static IP |
| IP Address | |
| Netmask | 255.255.255.0 |
| Gateway | |

Figure 3-4-1-6

| WLAN | |
|------|-------------|
| Item | Description |

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Enable | Enable/disable WLAN. |
| Work Mode | Select work mode. The options are "Client" or "AP". |
| AP Mode | |
| BSSID | Show the MAC address of this WLAN interface. |
| Radio Type | Select Radio type. The options are "802.11b (2.4 GHz)", "802.11g (2.4 GHz)", "802.11n (2.4 GHz)". |
| Channel | Select wireless channel. The options are "Auto", "1", "2"....."11". |
| Bandwidth | Select bandwidth. The options are "20MHz" and "40MHz". |
| SSID | Fill in the SSID of the access point. |
| Encryption Mode | Select encryption mode. The options are "No Encryption", "WEP Open System", "WEP Shared Key", "WPA-PSK", "WPA2-PSK" and "WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK". |
| Cipher | Select cipher of WPA encryption. The options are "Auto", "AES", "TKIP" and "AES/TKIP". |
| Key | Fill the key to connect to this access point. The default key is <code>iotpassword</code> . |
| Max Client Number | Set the maximum number of clients to access. |
| IP Setting | |
| Protocol | It's fixed as Static IP. |
| IP Address | Set the IP address in wireless network. |
| Netmask | Set the netmask in wireless network. |
| Client Mode | |
| Scan | Click to scan the access points around this device. |
| SSID | Fill in the SSID of the access point. |
| BSSID | Fill in the MAC address of the access point. Either SSID or BSSID can be filled to join the network. |
| Encryption Mode | Select encryption mode. The options are "No Encryption", "WEP Open System", "WEP Shared Key", "WPA-PSK", "WPA2-PSK", "WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK", "WPA-Enterprise", "WPA2-Enterprise" and "WPA-Enterprise/WPA2-Enterprise". |
| Cipher | Select cipher of WPA encryption. The options are "Auto", "AES", "TKIP" and "AES/TKIP". |
| Key | Fill the key to connect to this access point. |
| Xsupplicant Type | Select from "Peap", "Leap", "TLS" and "TTLS". |
| User | Fill the username of WPA/WPA2-Enterprise. |
| Anonymous Identity | Fill the anonymous identity of WPA/WPA2-Enterprise. |
| Phase 2 | Fill the phase of WPA/WPA2-Enterprise. |
| Public Server Certificate | The public server certificate used for verifying with WPA/WPA2-Enterprise access point. |
| IP Setting | |
| Protocol | Set the protocol to get the WLAN IP address. |

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| IP Address | Set the IP address in wireless network when protocol is Static IP. |
| Netmask | Set the netmask in wireless network when protocol is Static IP. |
| Gateway | Set the gateway in wireless network when protocol is Static IP. |
| Primary DNS Server | Set the primary IPv4 DNS server. |
| Secondary DNS Server | Set the secondary IPv4 DNS server. |

Table 3-4-1-5 WLAN Parameters

| Port | WLAN | Cellular | Loopback | | | |
|---------------------|---------|----------|----------|-------------------|------------------|-----------|
| < GoBack | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| SSID | Channel | Signal | Cipher | BSSID | Security | Frequency |
| Vison Sensor_006602 | Auto | -94dBm | Auto | 24:e1:24:00:66:02 | No Encryption | 2462MHz |
| Milesight_Test | Auto | -88dBm | AES | ec:26:ca:99:3a:a4 | WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK | 2437MHz |

Figure 3-4-1-7

| Client Mode-Scan | |
|------------------|--|
| SSID | Show SSID. |
| Channel | Show wireless channel. |
| Signal | Show wireless signal. |
| BSSID | Show the MAC address of the access point. |
| Security | Show the encryption mode. |
| Frequency | Show the frequency of radio. |
| Join Network | Click the button to join the wireless network. |

Table 3-4-1-6 WLAN Scan Parameters

Related Topic

[Wi-Fi Application Example](#)

3.4.1.3 Cellular (Cellular Version Only)

This section explains how to set the related parameters for cellular network.

Cellular Setting

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Network Type | Auto <input type="button" value="▼"/> |
| APN | <input type="text"/> |
| Username | <input type="text"/> |
| Password | <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="X"/> |
| Access Number | <input type="text"/> |
| PIN Code | <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="X"/> |
| Authentication Type | None <input type="button" value="▼"/> |
| Roaming | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Customize MTU | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| MTU | 1500 <input type="text"/> |
| Custom Subnet Mask | <input type="text"/> |
| Custom DNS Server | <input type="text"/> |
| Enable IMS | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| SMS Center | <input type="text"/> |

Figure 3-4-1-8

| | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Connection Setting | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Enable NAT | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Restart When Dial-up failed | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ICMP Server | 8.8.8.8 <input type="text"/> |
| Secondary ICMP Server | 223.5.5.5 <input type="text"/> |
| ICMP Detection Max Retries | 3 <input type="text"/> |
| ICMP Detection Timeout | 5 <input type="text"/> s |
| ICMP Detection Interval | 15 <input type="text"/> s |
| SMS Settings | |
| SMS Mode | PDU <input type="button" value="▼"/> |

Figure 3-4-1-9

| General Settings | |
|------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Check the option to enable cellular feature. |

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Network Type | Select from "Auto", "Auto 3G/4G", "4G Only" and "3G Only". Auto: connect to the network with the strongest signal automatically. 4G Only: connect to 4G network only. And so on. |
| APN | Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection provided by local ISP. |
| Username | Enter the username for cellular dial-up connection provided by local ISP. |
| Password | Enter the password for cellular dial-up connection provided by local ISP. |
| Access Number | Enter the dial-up center NO. For cellular dial-up connection provided by local ISP. |
| PIN Code | Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code to unlock the SIM. |
| Authentication Type | Select from "None", "PAP", "CHAP". |
| Roaming | Enable or disable roaming. |
| Customized MTU | Enable or disable to customize the maximum transmission units. When disabled, the device will use operator's MTU settings. |
| MTU | Set the maximum transmission units. Range: 68-1500. |
| Custom Subnet Mask | Customize the cellular subnet mask. If blank, the device will use the subnet mask provided by the cellular base station. Note: this feature is only supported by parts of cellular modules. |
| Custom DNS Server | Customize the cellular DNS server. If blank, the device will use the DNS server provided by the cellular provider. |
| Enable IMS | Enable or disable IMS function. |
| SMS Center | Enter the local SMS center number for storing, forwarding, converting and delivering SMS message. Note: Some sub-models do not support this feature, please refer to corresponding datasheets. |
| Enable NAT | Enable or disable NAT function. |
| Restart When Dial-up failed | When this function is enabled, the gateway will restart automatically if the dial-up fails several times. |
| ICMP Server | Set the ICMP detection server's IP address. Note: Please get in touch with the ISP to determine whether ping detection is allowed and get the correct ICMP server addresses. If ping detection is not allowed, leave this sever address blank. |
| Secondary ICMP Server | Set the secondary ICMP detection server's IP address. |
| ICMP Detection Max Retries | Set max number of retries when ICMP detection fails. |
| ICMP Detection Timeout | Set timeout of ICMP detection. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| ICMP Detection Interval | Set interval of ICMP detection. |
| SMS Mode | Select SMS mode from "TEXT" and "PDU". |

Table 3-4-1-7 Cellular Parameters

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Connection Setting | |
| Connection Mode | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Connect on Demand |
| Redial Interval(s) | 5 |
| Max Idle Time(s) | 60 |
| Triggered by Call | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Triggered by SMS | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 3-4-1-10

| Item | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| Connection Mode | |
| Connection Mode | Select from "Always Online" and "Connect on Demand". |
| Redial Interval(s) | Set the time interval between redials. Range: 0-3600. |
| Max Idle Time(s) | Set the maximum duration of the gateway when current link is under idle status. Range: 10-3600. |
| Triggered by Call | The gateway will switch from offline mode to cellular network mode automatically when it receives a call from the specific phone number. |
| Call Group | Select a call group for call trigger. Go to System > General Settings > Phone to set up phone group. |
| Triggered by SMS | The gateway will switch from offline mode to cellular network mode automatically when it receives a specific SMS from the specific mobile phone. |
| SMS Group | Select a SMS group for trigger. Go to System > General Settings > Phone to set up SMS group. |
| SMS Text | Fill in the SMS content for triggering. |

Table 3-4-1-8 Cellular Parameters

Related Topics

[Cellular Connection Application Example](#)

[Phone Group](#)

3.4.1.4 Loopback

Loopback interface is used for replacing gateway's ID as long as it is activated. When the interface is DOWN, the ID of the gateway has to be selected again which leads to long convergence time of OSPF. Therefore, Loopback interface is generally recommended as the ID of the gateway.

Loopback interface is a logic and virtual interface on gateway. Under default conditions,

there's no loopback interface on gateway, but it can be created as required.

Figure 3-4-1-11

| Loopback | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----------|
| Item | Description | Default |
| IP Address | Unalterable | 127.0.0.1 |
| Netmask | Unalterable | 255.0.0.0 |
| Multiple IP Addresses | Apart from the IP above, user can configure other IP addresses. | Null |

Table 3-4-1-9 Loopback Parameters

3.4.1.5 VLAN Trunk

IOT-G65 gateway supports the Ethernet port working as VLAN Trunk client and be assigned a VLAN ID, which easy to traffic classification. When VLAN ID is set, port on “Network” > “Interface” > “Port” can be chosen as eth0.x with x being VLAN ID. VLAN Setting is blank by default, you can add a new VLAN label to certain interface by clicking .

Figure 3-4-1-12

| VLAN Trunk | |
|------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Interface | Select the VLAN interface, it's fixed as eth0. |
| VID | Set the label ID of the VLAN. Range: 1-4094. |

Table 3-4-1-10 VLAN Trunk Parameters

3.4.2 Firewall

This section describes how to set the firewall parameters, including website block, ACL,

DMZ, Port Mapping and MAC Binding.

The firewall implements corresponding control of data flow at entry direction (from Internet to local area network) and exit direction (from local area network to Internet) according to the content features of packets, such as protocol style, source/destination IP address, etc. It ensures that the gateway operate in a safe environment and host in local area network.

3.4.2.1 Security

The screenshot shows a user interface for a firewall's security settings. At the top, there are tabs for Security, ACL, DMZ, Port Mapping, and MAC Binding. The Security tab is selected. Below the tabs, there are two main sections: 'Website Blocking by URL Address' and 'Website Blocking by Keyword'. Each section contains a text input field, a delete button (X), and an add button (+). The URL Address field contains 'http://'. The Keyword field is empty.

Figure 3-4-2-1

| Website Blocking | |
|------------------|--|
| URL Address | Enter the HTTP address which you want to block. |
| Keyword | You can block specific website by entering keyword. The maximum number of character allowed is 64. |

Table 3-2-2-1 Security Parameters

3.4.2.2 ACL

Access control list, also called ACL, implements permission or prohibition of access for specified network traffic (such as the source IP address) by configuring a series of matching rules so as to filter the network interface traffic. When gateway receives packet, the field will be analyzed according to the ACL rule applied to the current interface. After the special packet is identified, the permission or prohibition of corresponding packet will be implemented according to preset strategy.

The data package matching rules defined by ACL can also be used by other functions requiring flow distinction.

ACL Setting

Default Filter Policy: Accept

Access Control List

| | |
|---------------------------|----------|
| Type | extended |
| ID | |
| Action | permit |
| Protocol | ip |
| Source IP | |
| Source Wildcard Mask | 0.0.0.0 |
| Destination IP | |
| Destination Wildcard Mask | 0.0.0.0 |
| Description | |

Save Cancel

Interface List

| Interface | In ACL | Out ACL | Operation |
|-----------|--------|---------|-----------|
| + | | | |

Figure 3-4-2-2

| Item | Description |
|----------------------------|---|
| ACL Setting | |
| Default Filter Policy | Select from "Accept" and "Deny". The packets which are not included in the access control list will be processed by the default filter policy. |
| Access Control List | |
| Type | Select type from "Extended" and "Standard". |
| ID | User-defined ACL number. Range: 1-199. |
| Action | Select from "Permit" and "Deny". |
| Protocol | Select protocol from "ip", "icmp", "tcp", "udp", and "1-255". |
| Source IP | Source network address (leaving it blank means all). |
| Source Wildcard Mask | Wildcard mask of the source network address. |
| Destination IP | Destination network address (0.0.0.0 means all). |
| Destination Wildcard Mask | Wildcard mask of destination address. |
| Description | Fill in a description for the groups with the same ID. |
| ICMP Type | Enter the type of ICMP packet. Range: 0-255. |
| ICMP Code | Enter the code of ICMP packet. Range: 0-255. |
| Source Port Type | Select source port type, such as specified port, port range, etc. |
| Source Port | Set source port number. Range: 1-65535. |
| Start Source Port | Set start source port number. Range: 1-65535. |
| End Source Port | Set end source port number. Range: 1-65535. |

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Destination Port Type | Select destination port type, such as specified port, port range, etc. |
| Destination Port | Set destination port number. Range: 1-65535. |
| Start Destination Port | Set start destination port number. Range: 1-65535. |
| End Destination Port | Set end destination port number. Range: 1-65535. |
| More Details | Show information of the port. |
| Interface List | |
| Interface | Select network interface for access control. |
| In ACL | Select a rule for incoming traffic from ACL ID. |
| Out ACL | Select a rule for outgoing traffic from ACL ID. |

Table 3-4-2-2 ACL Parameters

3.4.2.4 Port Mapping (DNAT)

When external services are needed internally (for example, when a website is published externally), the external address initiates an active connection. And, the router or the gateway on the firewall receives the connection. Then it will convert the connection into an internal connection. This conversion is called DNAT, which is mainly used for external and internal services.

Click  to add a new port mapping rules.



Figure 3-4-2-4

| Port Mapping | |
|------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Source IP | Specify the host or network which can access local IP address. 0.0.0.0/0 means all. |
| Source Port | Enter the TCP or UDP port from which incoming packets are forwarded. Range: 1-65535. |
| Destination IP | Enter the IP address that packets are forwarded to after being received on the incoming interface. |
| Destination Port | Enter the TCP or UDP port that packets are forwarded to after being received on the incoming port(s). Range: 1-65535. |
| Protocol | Select from "TCP" and "UDP" as your application required. |
| Description | The description of this rule. |

Table 3-4-2-4 Port Mapping Parameters

Related Configuration Example

[NAT Application Example](#)

3.4.2.3 DMZ

DMZ is a host within the internal network that has all ports exposed, except those forwarded ports in port mapping.



The screenshot shows a configuration interface for the DMZ. At the top, the title 'DMZ' is displayed in a teal box. Below it, there are three input fields: 'Enable' with an empty checkbox, 'DMZ Host' with an empty text input field, and 'Source Address' with an empty text input field.

Figure 3-4-2-3

| DMZ | |
|----------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Enable or disable DMZ. |
| DMZ Host | Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on the internal network. |
| Source Address | Set the source IP address which can access to DMZ host. "0.0.0.0/0" means any address. |

Table 3-4-2-3 DMZ Parameters

3.4.2.5 MAC Binding

MAC Binding is used for specifying hosts by matching MAC addresses and IP addresses that are in the list of allowed outer network access.



The screenshot shows a configuration interface for MAC Binding. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: Security, ACL, DMZ, Port Mapping, and MAC Binding (which is currently selected). Below the navigation bar, the title 'MAC Binding List' is shown in a teal box. The main area contains a table with four columns: 'MAC Address', 'IP Address', 'Description', and 'Operation'. The 'Operation' column includes a delete icon (X) and a plus icon (+) for adding new entries.

Figure 3-4-2-5

| MAC Binding List | |
|------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| MAC Address | Set the binding MAC address. |
| IP Address | Set the binding IP address. |
| Description | Fill in a description for convenience of recording the meaning of the binding rule for each piece of MAC-IP. |

Table 3-4-2-5 MAC Binding Parameters

3.4.3 DHCP

IOT-G65 can be set as a DHCP server to distribute IP address when Wi-Fi work as AP mode.

DHCP Server

DHCP Server_1

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Interface | wlan0 |
| Start Address | 192.168.66.100 |
| End Address | 192.168.66.199 |
| Netmask | 255.255.255.0 |
| Lease Time(Min) | 1440 |
| Primary DNS Server | 8.8.8.8 |
| Secondary DNS Server | |
| Windows Name Server | |

Static IP

| MAC Address | IP Address | Operation |
|-------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | + |

Figure 3-4-3-1

| DHCP Server | | |
|----------------------|--|---------------|
| Item | Description | Default |
| Enable | Enable or disable DHCP server. | Enable |
| Interface | Only wlan interface is allowed to distribute IP addresses. | wlan0 |
| Start Address | Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients. | 192.168.1.100 |
| End Address | Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients. | 192.168.1.199 |
| Netmask | Define the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server. | 255.255.255.0 |
| Lease Time (Min) | Set the lease time on which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server. Range: 1-10080. | 1440 |
| Primary DNS Server | Set the primary DNS server. | 8.8.8.8 |
| Secondary DNS Server | Set the secondary DNS server. | Null |
| Windows Name | Define the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can | Null |

| | | |
|------------------|---|------|
| Server | leave it blank. | |
| Static IP | | |
| MAC Address | Set a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict). | Null |
| IP Address | Set a static and specific IP address for the DHCP client (it should be outside of the DHCP range). | Null |

Table 3-4-3-1 DHCP Server Parameters

3.4.4 DDNS

Dynamic DNS (DDNS) is a method that automatically updates a name server in the Domain Name System, which allows user to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name.

DDNS serves as a client tool and needs to coordinate with DDNS server. Before starting configuration, user shall register on a website of proper domain name provider and apply for a domain name.

Figure 3-4-4-1

| DDNS | |
|--------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Name | Give the DDNS a descriptive name. |
| Interface | Set interface bundled with the DDNS. |
| Service Type | Select the DDNS service provider. |
| Username | Enter the username for DDNS register. |
| User ID | Enter User ID of the custom DDNS server. |
| Password | Enter the password for DDNS register. |
| Server | Enter the name of DDNS server. |
| Hostname | Enter the hostname for DDNS. |
| Append IP | Append your current IP to the DDNS server update path. |

Table 3-4-4-1 DDNS Parameters

3.4.5 Link Failover

This section describes how to configure link failover strategies, such as VRRP strategies.

Configuration Steps

1. Define one or more SLA operations (ICMP probe).
2. Define one or more track objects to track the status of SLA operation.
3. Define applications associated with track objects, such as VRRP or static routing.

3.4.5.1 SLA

SLA setting is used for configuring link probe method. The default probe type is ICMP.

The screenshot shows a software interface for managing SLA (Service Level Agreement) settings. At the top, there are tabs for 'SLA', 'Track', and 'WAN Failover'. The 'SLA' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there is a sub-header 'SLA Entry'. A table displays a single row of SLA parameters. The columns are: ID, Type, Destination Address, Secondary Destination Address, Data Size, Interval(s), Timeout(ms), Packet Loss Count, Start Time, and Operation. The values for the first row are: ID 1, Type 'icmp-echo', Destination Address '8.8.8.8', Secondary Destination Address '223.5.5.5', Data Size 56, Interval(s) 15, Timeout(ms) 5000, Packet Loss Count 3, Start Time 'now', and Operation with a delete icon. A '+' button is located at the bottom right of the table.

Figure 3-4-5-1

| SLA | | |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------|
| Item | Description | Default |
| ID | SLA index. Up to 10 SLA settings can be added. Range: 1-10. | 1 |
| Type | ICMP-ECHO is the default type to detect if the link is alive. | icmp-echo |
| Destination Address | The detected IP address. | 8.8.8.8 |
| Secondary Destination Address | The secondary detected IP address. | 223.5.5.5 |
| Data Size | User-defined data size. Range: 0-1000. | 56 |
| Interval (s) | User-defined detection interval. Range: 1-608400. | 30 |
| Timeout (ms) | User-defined timeout for response to determine ICMP detection failure. Range: 1-300000. | 5000 |
| Packet Loss Count | Define packet loss count in each SLA probe. SLA probe fails when the preset packet loss count is exceeded. | 5 |
| Start Time | Detection start time; select from "Now" and blank character. Blank character means this SLA detection doesn't start. | now |

Table 3-4-5-1 SLA Parameters

3.4.5.2 Track

Track setting is designed for achieving linkage among SLA module, Track module and Application module. Track setting is located between application module and SLA module with main function of shielding the differences of various SLA modules and providing unified interfaces for application module.

Linkage between Track Module and SLA module

Once you complete the configuration, the linkage relationship between Track module and SLA module will be established. SLA module is used for detection of link status, network performance and notification of Track module. The detection results help track status change timely.

- For successful detection, the corresponding track item is Positive.
- For failed detection, the corresponding track item is Negative.

Linkage between Track Module and Application Module

After configuration, the linkage relationship between Track module and Application module will be established. When any change occurs in track item, a notification that requires corresponding treatment will be sent to Application module.

Currently, the application modules like VRRP and static routing can get linkage with track module.

If it sends an instant notification to Application module, the communication may be interrupted in some circumstances due to routing's failure like timely restoration or other reasons. Therefore, user can set up a period of time to delay notifying application module when the track item status changes.

| Track Object | | | | | | |
|--------------|------|--------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| ID | Type | SLA ID | Interface | Negative Delay(s) | Positive Delay(s) | Operation |
| 1 | sla | 1 | wlan0 | 0 | 1 | <input type="button" value="X"/> <input type="button" value="+"/> |

Figure 3-4-5-2

| Item | Description | Default |
|--------------------|---|-----------|
| Index | Track index. Up to 10 track settings can be configured. Range: 1-10. | 1 |
| Type | The options are "sla" and "interface". | SLA |
| SLA ID | Defined SLA ID. | 1 |
| Interface | Select the interface whose status will be detected. | cellular0 |
| Negative Delay (s) | When interface is down or SLA probing fails, it will wait according to the time set here before actually changing its status to Down. Range: 0-180 (0 refers to immediate switching). | 0 |
| Positive Delay (s) | When failure recovery occurs, it will wait according to the time set here before actually changing its status to Up. Range: 0-180 (0 refers to immediate switching). | 1 |

Table 3-4-5-2 Track Parameters

3.4.5.3 WAN Failover

WAN failover refers to failover between Ethernet WAN interface and cellular interface. When service transmission can't be carried out normally due to malfunction of a certain interface or lack of bandwidth, the rate of flow can be switched to backup interface quickly. Then the backup interface will carry out service transmission and share network flow so as

to improve reliability of communication of data equipment.

When link state of main interface is switched from up to down, system will have the pre-set delay works instead of switching to link of backup interface immediately. Only if the state of main interface is still down after delay, will the system switch to link of backup interface. Otherwise, system will remain unchanged.

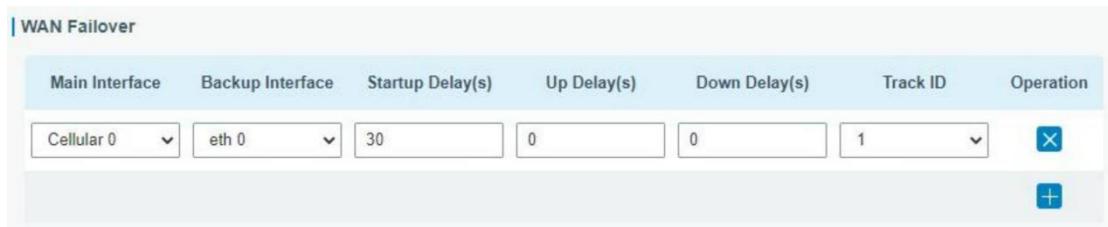


Figure 3-4-5-3

| WAN Failover | | |
|-------------------|--|---------|
| Parameters | Description | Default |
| Main Interface | Select a link interface as the main link. | -- |
| Backup Interface | Select a link interface as the backup link. | -- |
| Startup Delay (s) | Set how long to wait for the startup tracking detection policy to take effect. Range: 0-300. | 30 |
| Up Delay (s) | When the primary interface switches from failed detection to successful detection, switching can be delayed based on the set time. Range: 0-180 (0 refers to immediate switching) | 0 |
| Down Delay (s) | When the primary interface switches from successful detection to failed detection, switching can be delayed based on the set time. Range: 0-180 (0 refers to immediate switching). | 0 |
| Track ID | Track detection, select the defined track ID. | -- |

Table 3-4-5-3 WAN Failover Parameters

3.4.6 VPN

Virtual Private Networks, also called VPNs, are used to securely connect two private networks together so that devices can connect from one network to the other network via secure channels.

IOT-G65 supports DMVPN, IPsec, GRE, L2TP, PPTP, OpenVPN, as well as GRE over IPsec and L2TP over IPsec.

3.4.6.1 DMVPN

A dynamic multi-point virtual private network (DMVPN), combining mGRE and IPsec, is a secure network that exchanges data between sites without passing traffic through an organization's headquarter VPN server or gateway.

DMVPN Settings

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Hub Address | |
| Local IP Address | |
| GRE HUB IP Address | |
| GRE Local IP Address | |
| GRE Mask | 255.255.255.0 |
| GRE Key | <input type="text"/> |
| Negotiation Mode | Main |
| Encryption Algorithm | AES128 |
| Authentication Algorithm | MD5 |
| DH Group | MODP768-1 |
| Key | <input type="text"/> |
| Local ID Type | Default |
| IKE Life Time(s) | 10800 |
| SAAlgorithm | DES-MD5 |
| PFS Group | NULL |
| Life Time(s) | 3600 |

Figure 3-4-6-1

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| DPD Time Interval(s) | 30 |
| DPD Timeout(s) | 150 |
| Cisco Secret | <input type="text"/> |
| NHRP Holdtime(s) | 7200 |

Figure 3-4-6-2

| DMVPN | |
|----------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Enable or disable DMVPN. |
| Hub Address | The IP address or domain name of DMVPN Hub. |
| Local IP address | DMVPN local tunnel IP address. |
| GRE Hub IP Address | GRE Hub tunnel IP address. |
| GRE Local IP Address | GRE local tunnel IP address. |
| GRE Netmask | GRE local tunnel netmask. |

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| GRE Key | GRE tunnel key. |
| Negotiation Mode | Select from "Main" and "Aggressive". |
| Encryption Algorithm | Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256". |
| Authentication Algorithm | Select from "MD5" and "SHA1". |
| DH Group | Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5". |
| Key | Enter the preshared key. |
| Local ID Type | Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN" |
| IKE Life Time (s) | Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400. |
| SA Algorithm | Select from "DES_MD5", "DES_SHA1", "3DES_MD5", "3DES_SHA1", "AES128_MD5", "AES128_SHA1", "AES192_MD5", "AES192_SHA1", "AES256_MD5" and "AES256_SHA1". |
| PFS Group | Select from "NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536-5". |
| Life Time (s) | Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400. |
| DPD Interval Time (s) | Set DPD interval time |
| DPD Timeout (s) | Set DPD timeout. |
| Cisco Secret | Cisco Nhrp key. |
| NHRP Holdtime (s) | The holdtime of Nhrp protocol. |

Table 3-4-6-1 DMVPN Parameters

3. 4. 6. 2 IPsec

IPsec is especially useful for implementing virtual private networks and for remote user access through dial-up connection to private networks. A big advantage of IPsec is that security arrangements can be handled without requiring changes to individual user computers.

IPsec provides three choices of security service: Authentication Header (AH), Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP), and Internet Key Exchange (IKE). AH essentially allows authentication of the senders' data. ESP supports both authentication of the sender and data encryption. IKE is used for cipher code exchange. All of them can protect one and more data flows between hosts, between host and gateway, and between gateways.

IPsec Settings

IPsec_1

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| IPsec Gateway Address | <input type="text"/> |
| IPsec Mode | Tunnel |
| IPsec Protocol | ESP |
| Local Subnet | <input type="text"/> |
| Local Subnet Mask | <input type="text"/> |
| Local ID Type | Default |
| Remote Subnet | <input type="text"/> |
| Remote Subnet Mask | <input type="text"/> |
| Remote ID Type | Default |

Figure 3-4-6-3

| IPsec | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Enable IPsec tunnel. A maximum of 3 tunnels is allowed. |
| IPsec Gateway Address | Enter the IP address or domain name of remote IPsec server. |
| IPsec Mode | Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport". |
| IPsec Protocol | Select from "ESP" and "AH". |
| Local Subnet | Enter the local subnet IP address that IPsec protects. |
| Local Subnet Netmask | Enter the local netmask that IPsec protects. |
| Local ID Type | Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN". |
| Remote Subnet | Enter the remote subnet IP address that IPsec protects. |
| Remote Subnet Mask | Enter the remote netmask that IPsec protects. |
| Remote ID type | Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN". |

Table 3-4-6-2 IPsec Parameters

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| IKE Parameter | |
| IKE Version | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Negotiation Mode | IKEv1 |
| Encryption Algorithm | Main |
| Authentication Algorithm | DES |
| DH Group | MD5 |
| Local Authentication | MODP768-1 |
| Local Secrets | PSK |
| XAUTH | |
| Lifetime(s) | 10800 |
| SA Parameter | |
| SA Algorithm | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| PFS Group | DES-MD5 |
| Lifetime(s) | NULL |
| DPD Time Interval(s) | 3600 |
| DPD Timeout(s) | 30 |
| IPsec Advanced | 150 |
| Enable Compression | |
| VPN Over IPsec Type | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| NONE | |

Figure 3-4-6-4

| IKE Parameter | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| IKE Version | Select from "IKEv1" and "IKEv2". |
| Negotiation Mode | Select from "Main" and "Aggressive". |
| Encryption Algorithm | Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256". |
| Authentication Algorithm | Select from "MD5" and "SHA1" |
| DH Group | Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5". |
| Local Authentication | Select from "PSK" and "CA". |
| Local Secrets | Enter the preshared key. |
| XAUTH | Enter XAUTH username and password after XAUTH is enabled. |
| Lifetime (s) | Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400. |
| SA Parameter | |
| SA Algorithm | Select from "DES_MD5", "DES_SHA1", "3DES_MD5", "3DES_SHA1", "AES128_MD5", "AES128_SHA1", "AES192_MD5", "AES192_SHA1", "AES256_MD5" and "AES256_SHA1". |
| PFS Group | Select from "NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5". |
| Lifetime (s) | Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400. |

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| DPD Interval Time(s) | Set DPD interval time to detect if the remote side fails. |
| DPD Timeout(s) | Set DPD timeout. Range: 10-3600. |
| IPsec Advanced | |
| Enable Compression | The head of IP packet will be compressed after it's enabled. |
| VPN Over IPsec Type | Select from "NONE", "GRE" and "L2TP" to enable VPN over IPsec function. |

Table 3-4-6-3 IPsec Parameters

3.4.6.3 GRE

Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is a protocol that encapsulates packets in order to route other protocols over IP networks. It's a tunneling technology that provides a channel through which encapsulated data message can be transmitted and encapsulation and decapsulation can be realized at both ends.

In the following circumstances the GRE tunnel transmission can be applied:

- GRE tunnel can transmit multicast data packets as if it were a true network interface. Single use of IPSec cannot achieve the encryption of multicast.
- A certain protocol adopted cannot be routed.
- A network of different IP addresses shall be required to connect other two similar networks.

GRE Settings

— GRE_1

| | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Remote IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Local IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Local Virtual IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Netmask | 255.255.255.0 |
| Peer Virtual IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Global Traffic Forwarding | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Remote Subnet | <input type="text"/> |
| Remote Netmask | <input type="text"/> |
| MTU | 1500 |
| Key | <input type="text"/> |
| Enable NAT | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 3-4-6-5

| GRE | |
|-------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Check to enable GRE function. |
| Remote IP Address | Enter the real remote IP address of GRE tunnel. |

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Local IP Address | Set the local IP address. |
| Local Virtual IP Address | Set the local tunnel IP address of GRE tunnel. |
| Netmask | Set the local netmask. |
| Peer Virtual IP Address | Enter remote tunnel IP address of GRE tunnel. |
| Global Traffic Forwarding | All the data traffic will be sent out via GRE tunnel when this function is enabled. |
| Remote Subnet | Enter the remote subnet IP address of GRE tunnel. |
| Remote Netmask | Enter the remote netmask of GRE tunnel. |
| MTU | Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 64-1500. |
| Key | Set GRE tunnel key. |
| Enable NAT | Enable NAT traversal function. |

Table 3-4-6-4 GRE Parameters

3.4.6.4 L2TP

Layer Two Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is an extension of the Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) used by an Internet service provider (ISP) to enable the operation of a virtual private network (VPN) over the Internet.

L2TP_1

| | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Remote IP Address | |
| Username | |
| Password | |
| Authentication | Auto |
| Global Traffic Forwarding | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Remote Subnet | 10.5.22.0 |
| Remote Subnet Mask | 255.255.255.0 |
| Key | |
| Use L2TP Peer DNS | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 3-4-6-6

| L2TP | |
|-------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Check to enable L2TP function. |
| Remote IP Address | Enter the public IP address or domain name of L2TP server. |
| Username | Enter the username that L2TP server provides. |
| Password | Enter the password that L2TP server provides. |
| Authentication | Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAPv1" and "MS-CHAPv2". |

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Global Traffic Forwarding | All of the data traffic will be sent out via L2TP tunnel after this function is enabled. |
| Remote Subnet | Enter the remote IP address that L2TP protects. |
| Remote Subnet Mask | Enter the remote netmask that L2TP protects. |
| Key | Enter the password of L2TP tunnel. |
| Use L2TP Peer DNS | Enable to use the DNS address of peer L2TP server . |

Table 3-4-6-5 L2TP Parameters

| | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Advanced Settings | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Local IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Peer IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Enable NAT | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Enable MPPE | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Address/Control Compression | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Protocol Field Compression | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Asyncmap Value | <input type="text"/> ffffffff |
| MRU | <input type="text"/> 1500 |
| MTU | <input type="text"/> 1500 |
| Link Detection Interval(s) | <input type="text"/> 60 |
| Max Retries | <input type="text"/> 0 |
| Expert Options | <input type="text"/> |

Figure 3-4-6-7

| Advanced Settings | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Local IP Address | Set tunnel IP address of L2TP client. Client will obtain tunnel IP address automatically from the server when it's null. |
| Peer IP Address | Enter tunnel IP address of L2TP server. |
| Enable NAT | Enable NAT traversal function. |
| Enable MPPE | Enable MPPE encryption. |
| Address/Control Compression | For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option. |
| Protocol Field Compression | For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option. |
| Asyncmap Value | One of the PPP protocol initialization strings. User can keep the default value. Range: 0-ffffffff. |
| MRU | Set the maximum receive unit. Range: 64-1500. |
| MTU | Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 128-1500 |
| Link Detection Interval (s) | Set the link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range: 0-600. |

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Max Retries | Set the maximum times of retry to detect the L2TP connection failure. Range: 0-10. |
| Expert Options | User can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with blank space. |

Table 3-4-6-6 L2TP Parameters

3. 4. 6. 5 PPTP

Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) is a protocol that allows corporations to extend their own corporate network through private "tunnels" over the public Internet. Effectively, a corporation uses a wide-area network as a single large local area network.

PPTP Settings

PPTP_1

| | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Remote IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Username | <input type="text"/> |
| Password | <input type="text"/> |
| Authentication | Auto |
| Global Traffic Forwarding | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Remote Subnet | <input type="text"/> |
| Remote Subnet Mask | <input type="text"/> |

Figure 3-4-6-8

| PPTP | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Enable PPTP client. A maximum of 3 tunnels is allowed. |
| Remote IP Address | Enter the public IP address or domain name of PPTP server. |
| Username | Enter the username that PPTP server provides. |
| Password | Enter the password that PPTP server provides. |
| Authentication | Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAPv1", and "MS-CHAPv2". |
| Global Traffic Forwarding | All of the data traffic will be sent out via PPTP tunnel once enable this function. |
| Remote Subnet | Set the peer subnet of PPTP. |
| Remote Subnet Mask | Set the netmask of peer PPTP server. |

Table 3-4-6-7 PPTP Parameters

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Advanced Settings | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Local IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Peer IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Enable NAT | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Enable MPPE | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Address/Control Compression | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Protocol Field Compression | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Asyncmap Value | <input type="text" value="ffffffffff"/> |
| MRU | <input type="text" value="1500"/> |
| MTU | <input type="text" value="1500"/> |
| Link Detection Interval(s) | <input type="text" value="60"/> |
| Max Retries | <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Expert Options | <input type="text"/> |

Figure 3-4-6-9

| PPTP Advanced Settings | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Local IP Address | Set IP address of PPTP client. |
| Peer IP Address | Enter tunnel IP address of PPTP server. |
| Enable NAT | Enable the NAT function of PPTP. |
| Enable MPPE | Enable MPPE encryption. |
| Address/Control Compression | For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option. |
| Protocol Field Compression | For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option. |
| Asyncmap Value | One of the PPP protocol initialization strings. User can keep the default value. Range: 0-ffffffffff. |
| MRU | Enter the maximum receive unit. Range: 64-1500. |
| MTU | Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 128-1500. |
| Link Detection Interval (s) | Set the link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range: 0-600. |
| Max Retries | Set the maximum times of retrying to detect the PPTP connection failure. Range: 0-10. |
| Expert Options | User can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with blank space. |

Table 3-4-6-8 PPTP Parameters

3.4.6.6 OpenVPN Client

OpenVPN is an open source virtual private network (VPN) product that offers a simplified security framework, modular network design, and cross-platform portability. IOT-G65

supports running at most 3 OpenVPN clients at the same time. You can import the ovpn file directly or configure the parameters on this page to set clients.

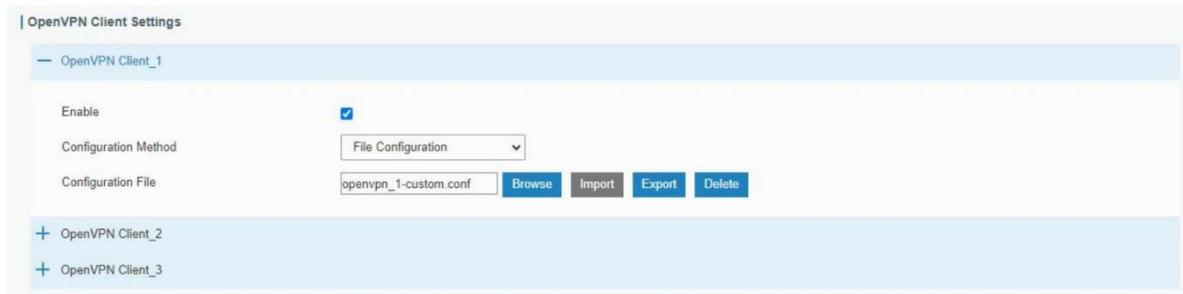


Figure 3-4-6-10

| OpenVPN Client – File Configuration | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Browse | Click to browse the client configuration ovpn format file including the settings and certificate contents. Please refer to the client configuration file according to sample: client.conf |
| Edit | Click to edit the imported file. |
| Export | Export the server configuration file. |
| Delete | Click to delete the configuration file. |

Table 3-4-6-9 OpenVPN Client Parameters

Figure 3-4-6-11

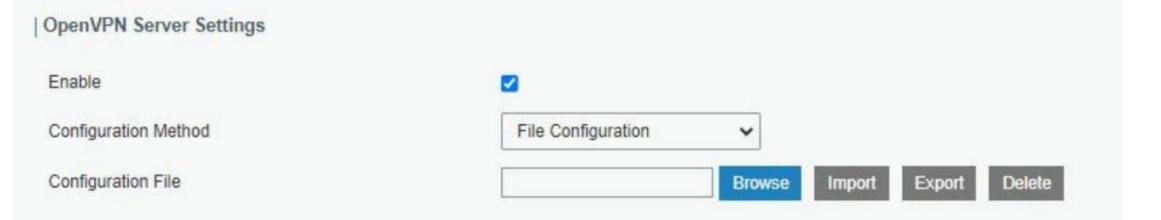
| OpenVPN Client – Page Configuration | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Protocol | Select a transport protocol used by connecting UDP and TCP. |
| Remote IP Address | Enter remote OpenVPN server's IP address or domain name. |
| Port | Enter the TCP/UCP service number of remote OpenVPN server. Range: 1-65535. |
| Interface | Select virtual VPN network interface type from TUN and TAP. TUN |

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| | devices encapsulate IPv4 or IPv6 (OSI Layer 3) while TAP devices encapsulate Ethernet 802.3 (OSI Layer 2). |
| Authentication Type | <p>Select authentication type used to secure data sessions.</p> <p>Pre-shared: use the same secret key as server to complete the authentication. After selecting, go to Network > VPN > Certifications page to import a static.key to PSK field.</p> <p>Username/Password: use username/password which is preset in server side to complete the authentication.</p> <p>X. 509 cert: use X.509 type certificate to complete the authentication. After selecting, go to Network > VPN > Certifications page to import CA certificate, client certificate and client private key to corresponding fields.</p> <p>X. 509 cert + user: use both username/password and X.509 cert authentication type.</p> |
| Local Virtual IP | Set local tunnel address when authentication type is None or Pre-shared. |
| Remote Virtual IP | Set remote tunnel address when authentication type is None or Pre-shared. |
| Global Traffic Forwarding | All the data traffic will be sent out via OpenVPN tunnel when this function is enabled. |
| Enable TLS Authentication | <p>Disable or enable TLS authentication when authentication type is X.509 cert. After being enabled, go to Network > VPN > Certifications page to import a ta.key to TA field.</p> <p>Note: this option only supports tls-auth. For tls-crypt, please add this format string on expert option: tls-crypt /etc/openvpn/openvpn-client1-ta.key</p> |
| Compression | Select to enable or disable LZO to compress data. |
| Link Detection Interval (s) | Set link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. If this is set on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the client local values. Range: 10-1800 s. |
| Link Detection Timeout (s) | OpenVPN will be reestablished after timeout. If this is set on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the client local values. Range: 60-3600 s. |
| Cipher | Select from NONE, BF-CBC, DES-CBC, DES-EDE3-CBC, AES-128-CBC, AES-192-CBC and AES-256-CBC. |
| MTU | Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 128-1500. |
| Max Frame Size | Set the maximum frame size. Range: 128-1500. |
| Verbose Level | Select from ERROR, WARING, NOTICE and DEBUG. |
| Expert Options | <p>User can enter some initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with semicolon.</p> <p>Example: ncp-ciphers AES-128-GCM; key direction 1</p> |
| Local Route | |
| Subnet | Set the local route's IP address. |
| Subnet Mask | Set the local route's netmask. |

Table 3-4-6-10 OpenVPN Client Parameters

3.4.6.7 OpenVPN Server

IOT-G65 supports OpenVPN server to create secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities. You can import the ovpn file directly or configure the parameters on this page to set this server.



The screenshot shows the 'OpenVPN Server Settings' page. It includes an 'Enable' checkbox (checked), a 'Configuration Method' dropdown set to 'File Configuration', a 'Configuration File' input field with a 'Browse' button, and buttons for 'Import', 'Export', and 'Delete'.

Figure 3-4-6-12

OpenVPN Server – File Configuration

| Item | Description |
|--------|---|
| Browse | Click to browse the server configuration ovpn format file including the settings and certificate contents. Please refer to the server configuration file according to sample: server.conf |
| Edit | Click to edit the imported file. |
| Export | Export the server configuration file. |
| Delete | Click to delete the configuration file. |

Table 3-4-6-11 OpenVPN Server Parameters

OpenVPN Server Settings

| | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Configuration Method | Page Configuration |
| Protocol | UDP |
| Port | 1194 |
| Listening IP | |
| Interface | tun |
| Authentication | None |
| Local Virtual IP | |
| Remote Virtual IP | |
| Enable NAT | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Compression | LZO |
| Link Detection Interval | 60 |
| Link Detection Timeout | 150 |
| Cipher | None |
| MTU | 1500 |
| Max Frame Size | 1500 |
| Verbose Level | ERROR |
| Expert Options | |

Figure 3-4-6-13

| Account | | | |
|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Username | Password | Operation | |
| | | | |
| Local Route | | | |
| Subnet | Netmask | Operation | |
| | | | |
| Client Subnet | | | |
| Name | Subnet | Netmask | Operation |
| | | | |

Figure 3-4-6-14

| OpenVPN Server – Page Configuration | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Protocol | Select a transport protocol used by connection from UDP and TCP. |
| Listening IP | Enter the local hostname or IP address for bind. If left blank, OpenVPN server will bind to all interfaces. |
| Port | Enter the TCP/UCP service number for OpenVPN client connection. |

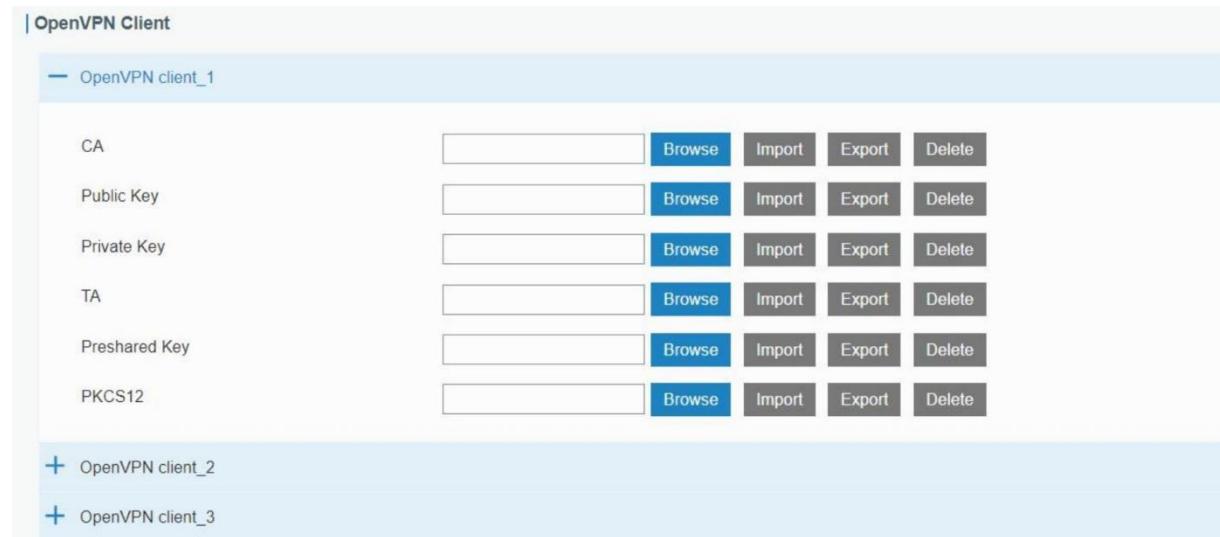
| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| | Range: 1-65535. |
| Interface | Select virtual VPN network interface type from TUN and TAP. TUN devices encapsulate IPv4 or IPv6 (OSI Layer 3) while TAP devices encapsulate Ethernet 802.3 (OSI Layer 2). |
| Authentication Type | <p>Select authentication type used to secure data sessions.</p> <p>Pre-shared: use the same secret key as server to complete the authentication. After select, go to Network > VPN > Certifications page to import a static.key to PSK field.</p> <p>Username/Password: use username/password which is preset in server side to complete the authentication.</p> <p>X. 509 cert: use X.509 type certificate to complete the authentication. After select, go to Network > VPN > Certifications page to import CA certificate, client certificate and client private key to corresponding fields.</p> <p>X. 509 cert + user: use both username/password and X.509 cert authentication type.</p> |
| Local Virtual IP | Set local tunnel address when authentication type is None or Pre-shared. |
| Remote Virtual IP | Set remote tunnel address when authentication type is None or Pre-shared. |
| Client Subnet | Define an IP address pool for openVPN client. |
| Client Netmask | Set the client subnet netmask to limit the IP address range. |
| Renegotiation Interval | Renegotiate data channel key after this interval. 0 means disable. |
| Max Clients | <p>Limit server to a maximum of concurrent clients, range: 1-20.</p> <p>Note: please adjust log severity to Info if you need to connect many clients.</p> |
| Enable CRL | Enable or disable CRL verify. |
| Enable Client to Client | When enabled, openVPN clients can communicate with each other. |
| Enable Dup Client | Allow multiple clients to connect with the same common name or certification. |
| Enable TLS Authentication | <p>Disable or enable TLS authentication when authentication type is X.509 cert. After being enabled, go to Network > VPN > Certifications page to import a ta.key to TA field.</p> <p>Note: this option only supports tls-auth. For tls-crypt, please add this format string on expert option: tls-crypt /etc/openvpn/openvpn-client1-ta.key</p> |
| Compression | Select to enable or disable LZO to compress data. |
| Link Detection Interval (s) | Set link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. If this is set on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the client local values. Range: 10-1800 s. |
| Link Detection Timeout (s) | OpenVPN will be reestablished after timeout. If this is set on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the client local values. Range: 60-3600 s. |
| Cipher | Select from NONE, BF-CBC, DES-CBC, DES-EDE3-CBC, AES-128-CBC, AES-192-CBC and AES-256-CBC. |
| MTU | Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 64-1500. |

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Max Frame Size | Set the maximum frame size. Range: 64-1500. |
| Verbose Level | Select from ERROR, WARING, NOTICE and DEBUG. |
| Expert Options | User can enter some initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with semicolon. Example: ncp-ciphers AES-128-GCM; key direction 1 |
| Account | |
| Username & Password | Set username and password for OpenVPN client when authentication type is username/password. |
| Local Route | |
| Subnet | Set the local route's IP address. |
| Subnet Mask | Set the local route's netmask. |
| Client Subnet | |
| Name | Set the name as OpenVPN client certificate common name. |
| Subnet | Set the subnet of OpenVPN client. |
| Subnet Mask | Set the subnet netmask of OpenVPN client. |

Table 3-4-6-12 OpenVPN Server Parameters

3.4.6.8 Certifications

When working as OpenVPN server, OpenVPN client or IPsec Server, user can import/export necessary certificate and key files to this page according to the authentication types.



The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for managing certificates and keys for multiple OpenVPN clients. The main title is 'OpenVPN Client'. Below it, there are three client entries: 'OpenVPN client_1', 'OpenVPN client_2', and 'OpenVPN client_3'. Each client entry has a list of certificate types (CA, Public Key, Private Key, TA, Preshared Key, PKCS12) with input fields for file selection and 'Browse' buttons, and buttons for 'Import', 'Export', and 'Delete'.

| Client | CA | Public Key | Private Key | TA | Preshared Key | PKCS12 |
|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| OpenVPN client_1 | <input type="text"/> |
| OpenVPN client_2 | <input type="text"/> |
| OpenVPN client_3 | <input type="text"/> |

Figure 3-4-6-15

| OpenVPN Server | | | | | |
|------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| — OpenVPN Server | | | | | |
| CA | <input type="text"/> | Browse | Import | Export | Delete |
| Public Key | <input type="text"/> | Browse | Import | Export | Delete |
| Private Key | <input type="text"/> | Browse | Import | Export | Delete |
| DH | <input type="text"/> | Browse | Import | Export | Delete |
| TA | <input type="text"/> | Browse | Import | Export | Delete |
| CRL | <input type="text"/> | Browse | Import | Export | Delete |
| Preshared Key | <input type="text"/> | Browse | Import | Export | Delete |

Figure 3-4-6-16

| IPsec | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| — IPsec_1 | | | | | |
| CA | <input type="text"/> | Browse | Import | Export | Delete |
| Client Key | <input type="text"/> | Browse | Import | Export | Delete |
| Server Key | <input type="text"/> | Browse | Import | Export | Delete |
| Private Key | <input type="text"/> | Browse | Import | Export | Delete |
| CRL | <input type="text"/> | Browse | Import | Export | Delete |

Figure 3-4-6-17

3.4.6.9 WireGuard

WireGuard is an extremely simple yet fast and modern VPN that utilizes state-of-the-art cryptography. WireGuard passes traffic over UDP protocol.

| WireGuard_1 | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | | | |
| Interface | wg0 | | | | |
| Customized Private Key | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | | | |
| Private Key | <input type="text"/> | | | | |
| Public Key | F8xRHUqmQ0fgJTw4V4M7gvn | | | | |
| IP Address | <input type="text"/> | | | | |
| Listening Port | <input type="text"/> | | | | |
| DNS | <input type="text"/> | | | | |
| MTU | <input type="text"/> | | | | |
| Peer | Public Key | Allowed IP | Endpoint Address | Operation | |
| | | | | + | |

Figure 3-4-6-18

| WireGuard | |
|------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Enable WireGuard interface. A maximum of 3 WireGuard interfaces is allowed. |
| Interface | Show the WireGuard interface name. |
| Customized Private Key | Enable or disable to customize the private key of this WireGuard interface. If disabled, the client will use the private key generated by this router. |
| Public Key | Show the public key generated by the private key. |
| IP Address | Set the local virtual IP address and netmask. Example: 10.8.0.2/24 |
| Listening Port | Set the port to send or receive WireGuard packets. The port numbers of different WireGuard interfaces should be different. |
| DNS | Set the DNS server address of this WireGuard interface. If left blank, the router will use DNS server address of common network interfaces (WAN, cellular, etc.). |
| MTU | Set the maximum transmission unit of this WireGuard interface. If left blank, the router will use MTU of common network interfaces (WAN, cellular, etc.). |
| Peer Table | Click "+" to add WireGuard peers of this WireGuard interface. One WireGuard interface can add 20 peers at most. |

Table 3-4-6-13 WireGuard Parameters

Edit

| | |
|---|--|
| Peer | <input type="text"/> |
| Public Key | <input type="text"/> |
| Allowed IP | <input type="text"/> X + |
| Route Allowed IP | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Presharded Key | <input type="text"/> X |
| Endpoint Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Endpoint Port | <input type="text"/> |
| Keepalive Interval | <input type="text"/> 25 |
| Save | |

Figure 3-4-6-19

| WireGuard-Peer | |
|----------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Peer | Set a WireGuard peer name. This name should be unique in this |

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| | WireGuard client. |
| Public Key | Set the public key of WireGuard peer server/client. |
| Allowed IP | Set the real IP address and netmask of WireGuard peer's LAN network. Example: 192.168.1.0/24 One WireGuard peer supports to add 8 allowed IP addresses. |
| Route Allowed IP | Enable or disable to add static routings of allowed IP addresses. |
| Preshared Key | Set the presahred key and both this interface and peer interface should set the same key value. |
| Endpoint Address | Set IP address or domain name of WireGuard peer server/client. |
| Endpoint Port | Set the destination port of WireGuard peer server/client. |
| Keepalive Interval | After the connection is established, this WireGuard interface will send heartbeat packet regularly to keep alive. 0 means disabled. |

Table 3-4-6-13 WireGuard-Peer Parameters

3.4.7 HTTP Proxy

The gateway can connect to an HTTP proxy server to communicate with target Internet sites while hiding the real IP addresses for security purposes.

The screenshot shows a configuration interface for an 'HTTP Proxy'. The 'Enable' checkbox is checked. The 'Proxy Server Address' field is empty. The 'Port' field contains '3128'. The 'Detection Cycle(s)' field contains '300'. The 'Proxy Exception' dropdown is set to 'Direct Connection'. The 'Status' field shows 'Disabled'.

Figure 3-4-7-1

| HTTP Proxy | |
|---------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Enable or disable HTTP proxy feature. |
| Proxy Sever Address | Set the proxy server address (IP/domain name) to send the request. |
| Port | Set the proxy server port to send the request. |
| Detection Cycle | Set the retry interval when failing to connect to the HTTP proxy server. |
| Proxy Exception | Select the traffic mode if failing to connect to the proxy server: Direct Connection: Send traffic to target without proxy. Traffic Interception: Intercept traffic until the connection with proxy server is restored. |
| Status | Display the connection status between the gateway and the proxy server. |

Table 3-4-7-1 HTTP Proxy Parameters

3.5 System

This section describes how to configure general settings, such as administration account, access service, system time, common user management, SNMP, event alarms, etc.

3.5.1 General Settings

3.5.1.1 General

General settings include system info, access service and HTTPS certificates.

| Enable | Service | Port |
|-------------------------------------|---------|------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | HTTP | 80 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | HTTPS | 443 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | TELNET | 23 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SSH | 22 |

Figure 3-5-1-1

| General | | |
|-----------------------|--|---------|
| Item | Description | Default |
| System | | |
| Hostname | User-defined gateway name, needs to start with a letter. | GATEWAY |
| Web Login Timeout (s) | You need to log in again if it times out. Range: 100-3600. | 1800 |
| Access Service | | |
| Port | Set port number of the services. Range: 1-65535. | -- |
| HTTP | Users can log in the device locally via HTTP to access and control it through Web after the option is checked. | 80 |
| HTTPS | Users can log in the device locally and remotely via HTTPS to access and control it through Web after option is checked. | 443 |
| TELNET | Users can log in the device locally and remotely via | 23 |

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|----|
| | TELNET to access and control it through Web after option is checked. | |
| SSH | Users can log in the device locally and remotely via SSH after the option is checked. | 22 |
| HTTPS Certificates | | |
| Certificate | Click "Browse" button, choose certificate file on the PC, and then click "Import" button to upload the file into gateway. Click "Export" button will export the file to the PC. Click "Delete" button will delete the file. | -- |
| Key | Click "Browse" button, choose key file on the PC, and then click "Import" button to upload the file into gateway. Click "Export" button will export file to the PC. Click "Delete" button will delete the file. | -- |

Table 3-5-1-1 General Setting Parameters

3.5.1.2 System Time

This section explains how to set the system time including time zone and time synchronization type.

Note: to ensure that the gateway runs with the correct time, it's recommended that you set the system time when configuring the gateway.



Figure 3-5-1-2

| System Time | |
|----------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Current Time | Show the current system time. |
| Time Zone | Click the drop down list to select the time zone you are in. |
| Sync Type | Click the drop down list to select the time synchronization type. Sync with Browser: Synchronize time with browser. Sync with NTP Server: Synchronize time with NTP Server. Set up Manually: configure the time manually. |
| Sync with NTP Server | |
| NTP Server Address | Set NTP server address (domain name/IP). |
| Enable NTP Server | After checked, NTP client on the network can achieve time |

synchronization with gateway.

Table 3-5-1-2 System Time Parameters

3.5.1.3 SMTP

SMTP, short for Simple Mail Transfer Protocol, is a TCP/IP protocol used in sending and receiving e-mail. This section describes how to configure email settings.

The form is titled 'SMTP Client Settings'. It contains the following fields:

- Enable: A checked checkbox.
- Email Address: An empty text input field.
- Username: An empty text input field.
- Password: An empty text input field.
- SMTP Server Address: An empty text input field.
- Port: A text input field containing '25'.
- Enable TLS: An unchecked checkbox.

At the bottom are two buttons: 'Save' (blue) and 'Test' (grey).

Figure 3-5-1-3

| SMTP | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| SMTP Client Settings | |
| Enable | Enable or disable SMTP client function. |
| Email Address | Enter the sender's email address. |
| Username | Enter the sender's email username. |
| Password | Enter the sender's email password. |
| SMTP Server Address | Enter SMTP server's domain name. |
| Port | Enter SMTP server port. Range: 1-65535. |
| Enable TLS | Enable or disable TLS encryption. |

Table 3-5-1-3 SMTP Setting

Related Topics

[Events Setting](#)

3.5.1.4 Phone

Phone settings involve in call/SMS trigger and SMS alarm for events. This is only applied to parts of gateway models with cellular feature.

Phone Number List

| Name | Number | Operation |
|-------|---------------|---|
| List1 | 654321;123456 |   |

Save

Figure 3-5-1-4

| Phone | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Phone Number List | |
| Name | Set phone group name. |
| Number | Enter the telephone number. Digits, "+" and "-" are allowed. You can divide multiple numbers by ";". |

Table 3-5-1-4 Phone Settings

Related Topic

[Connect on Demand](#)

3.5.1.5 Email

Email settings involve email alarm for events.

Email List

| Name | Email Address | Operation |
|-------|----------------------------|---|
| list1 | sam@user.com;hot@gmail.com |   |

Save

Figure 3-5-1-5

| Email | |
|-------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Email List | |
| Name | Set Email group name. |
| Email Address | Enter the Email address. You can divide multiple Email addresses by ";". |

Table 3-5-1-5 Email Settings

3.5.2 User Management

3.5.2.1 Account

Here you can change the login username and password of the administrator.

Note: it is strongly recommended that you modify them for the sake of security.

The form is titled 'Change Account Info'. It contains four input fields: 'Username' (admin), 'Old Password', 'New Password', and 'Confirm New Password'. A blue 'Save' button is located at the bottom.

Figure 3-5-2-1

| Account | |
|----------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Username | Enter a new username. You can use characters such as a-z, 0-9, "_", "-". The first character can't be a digit. |
| Old Password | Enter the old password. |
| New Password | Enter a new password to include any ASCII characters except blanks. The password must contain at least one letter and one number, with a length of 5-31 characters. |
| Confirm New Password | Enter the new password again. |

Table 3-5-2-1 Account Information

3.5.2.2 User Management

This section describes how to create common user accounts.

The common user permission includes Read-Only and Read-Write.

The interface is titled 'User List'. It displays a table with four columns: 'Username', 'Password', 'Permission', and 'Operation'. The 'Username' column contains 'steve' and 'test'. The 'Password' column contains '*****' for both. The 'Permission' column shows 'Read-Write' for 'steve' and 'Read-Only' for 'test'. The 'Operation' column contains a delete icon for each row and a '+' icon at the bottom right.

Figure 3-5-2-2

| User Management | |
|-----------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Username | Enter a new username. You can use characters such as a-z, 0-9, "_", "-". The first character can't be a digit. |
| Password | Set the password to include any ASCII characters except blanks. The password must contain at least one letter and one number, with a length of 5-31 characters. |
| Permission | Select user permission from "Read-Only" and "Read-Write". |

| | |
|--|--|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Read-Only: users can only view the configuration of gateway in this level. - Read-Write: users can view and set the configuration of gateway in this level. |
|--|--|

Table 3-5-2-2 User Management

3.5.2.3 HTTP API Management

This section describes how to configure the HTTP API account information.

The screenshot shows a configuration interface for an 'HTTP API Account'. The 'Type' field is set to 'Independent HTTP API Accc'. The 'Username' and 'Password' fields are empty. The 'Advanced' checkbox is unchecked. The interface has a light gray background with blue header text.

Figure 3-5-2-3

| User Management | |
|-----------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Type | Select the HTTP API account information the same as web GUI account or use an independent account. |
| Username | Enter a new username that is different from any other account info. You can use characters such as a-z, 0-9, "_", "-". The first character can't be a digit. |
| Password | Set the password to include any ASCII characters except blanks. |
| Advanced | |
| Password | Enter the current password and click Transform to display the encrypted password for HTTP API login credentials. |

Table 3-5-2-3 HTTP API Management

3.5.3 SNMP

SNMP is widely used in network management for network monitoring. SNMP exposes management data with variables from managed system. The system is organized in a management information base (MIB) which describes the system status and configuration. These variables can be remotely queried by managing applications.

Configuring SNMP in networking, NMS, and a management program of SNMP should be set up at the Manager.

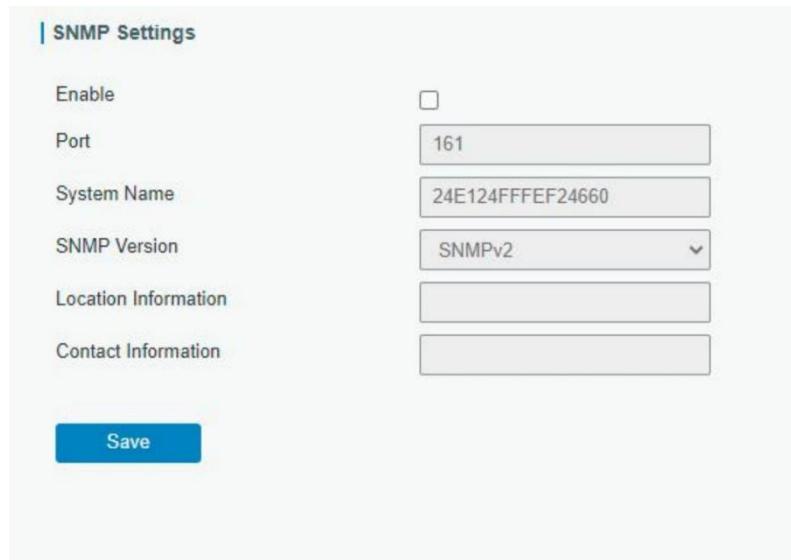
Configuration steps are listed as below for achieving query from NMS:

1. Enable SNMP setting.
2. Download MIB file and load it into NMS.
3. Configure MIB View.

4. Configure VCAM.

3.5.3.1 SNMP

IOT-G65 supports SNMPv1, SNMPv2c and SNMPv3 version. SNMPv1 and SNMPv2c employ community name authentication. SNMPv3 employs authentication encryption by username and password.



The screenshot shows a configuration interface for SNMP settings. The fields are as follows:

- Enable: A checkbox that is not checked.
- Port: A text input field containing "161".
- System Name: A text input field containing "24E124FFFFE24660".
- SNMP Version: A dropdown menu set to "SNMPv2".
- Location Information: An empty text input field.
- Contact Information: An empty text input field.

At the bottom is a blue "Save" button.

Figure 3-5-3-1

| SNMP Settings | |
|----------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Enable or disable SNMP function. |
| Port | Set SNMP listened port. Range: 1-65535. The default port is 161. |
| System Name | Fill in the system name to represent the gateway. |
| SNMP Version | Select SNMP version; support SNMP v1/v2c/v3. |
| Location Information | Fill in the location information. |
| Contact Information | Fill in the contact information. |

Table 3-5-3-1 SNMP Parameters

3.5.3.2 MIB View

This section explains how to configure MIB view for the objects.

View List

| View Name | View Filter | View OID | Operation |
|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| All | Included | 1 | <input type="button" value="X"/> |
| system | Included | 1.3.6.1.2.1.1 | <input type="button" value="X"/> |
| <input type="button" value="+"/> | | | |

Figure 3-5-3-2

| MIB View | |
|-------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| View Name | Set MIB view's name. |
| View Filter | Select from "Included" and "Excluded". |
| View OID | Enter the OID number. |
| Included | You can query all nodes within the specified MIB node. |
| Excluded | You can query all nodes except for the specified MIB node. |

Table 3-5-3-2 MIB View Parameters

3.5.3.3 VACM

This section describes how to configure VACM parameters.

SNMP v1 & v2 User List

| Community | Permission | MIB View | Network | Operation |
|----------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| private | Read-write | All | 0.0.0.0/0 | <input type="button" value="X"/> |
| public | Read-only | none | 0.0.0.0/0 | <input type="button" value="X"/> |
| <input type="button" value="+"/> | | | | |

Figure 3-5-3-3

| VACM | |
|------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| SNMP v1 & v2 User List | |
| Community | Set the community name. |
| Permission | Select from "Read-Only" and "Read-Write". |
| MIB View | Select an MIB view to set permissions from the MIB view list. |
| Network | The IP address and bits of the external network accessing the MIB view. |
| Read-Write | The permission of the specified MIB node is read and write. |
| Read-Only | The permission of the specified MIB node is read only. |
| SNMP v3 User List | |
| Group Name | Set the name of SNMPv3 group. |
| Security Level | Select from "NoAuth/NoPriv", "Auth/NoPriv", and "Auth/Priv". |

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Read-Only View | Select an MIB view to set permission as "Read-only" from the MIB view list. |
| Read-Write View | Select an MIB view to set permission as "Read-write" from the MIB view list. |
| Inform View | Select an MIB view to set permission as "Inform" from the MIB view list. |

Table 3-5-3-3 VACM Parameters

3.5.3.4 Trap

This section explains how to enable network monitoring by SNMP trap.

The screenshot shows a configuration interface for 'SNMP Trap'. It includes fields for 'Enable' (checked), 'SNMP Version' (set to 'SNMPv2'), 'Server Address', 'Port', and 'Name'.

Figure 3-5-3-4

| SNMP Trap | |
|----------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Enable or disable SNMP Trap function. |
| SNMP Version | Select SNMP version; support SNMP v1/v2c/v3. |
| Server Address | Fill in NMS's IP address or domain name. |
| Port | Fill in UDP port. Port range is 1-65535. The default port is 162. |
| Name | Fill in the group name when using SNMP v1/v2c; fill in the username when using SNMP v3. |
| Auth/Priv Mode | Select from "NoAuth & No Priv", "Auth & NoPriv", and "Auth & Priv". |

Table 3-5-3-4 Trap Parameters

3.5.3.5 MIB

This section describes how to download MIB files.

The screenshot shows a 'MIB Download' interface. It includes a dropdown menu for 'MIB File' (set to 'AGENTX-MIB.txt') and a 'Download' button.

Figure 3-5-3-5

| MIB | |
|----------|-------------------------------|
| Item | Description |
| MIB File | Select the MIB file you need. |

| | |
|----------|---|
| Download | Click "Download" button to download the MIB file to PC. |
|----------|---|

Table 3-5-3-5 MIB Download

3.5.4 Device Management

3.5.4.1 Auto Provision

Users can customize and select the configuration profile from Linovision Development Platform. When Auto Provision is enabled and the device is connected to Internet, the device will receive the profile to achieve initial configuration. This feature will work even the device does not configure to connect Linovision Development Platform.

Auto Provision

| | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Status | Connection Failed |
| Save & Apply | |

3.5.4.2 Management Platform

You can connect the device to the DeviceHub or Linovision Development Platform on this page so as to manage the gateway centrally and remotely.

Management Platform

| | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Platform Type | DeviceHub 1.0 |
| Activation Server Address | |
| Device Management Server Address | |
| Activation Method | By ID |
| ID | |
| Password | |
| Status | Disconnected |
| Save & Apply | |

Figure 3-5-4-1

Management Platform

| Item | Description |
|------------------------------|--|
| Enable | Enable or disable to connect gateway to management platform. |
| Platform Type | Linovision DeviceHub 1.0, Linovision DeviceHub 2.0 or Linovision Development Platform is optional. |
| Status | Show the connection status between the gateway and the management platform. |
| DeviceHub 1.0 | |
| Activation Server Address | IP address or domain of the DeviceHub. |
| DeviceHub Management Address | The URL address for the device to connect to the DeviceHub, e.g. http://220.82.63.79:8080/acs . |
| Activation Method | Select activation method to connect the gateway to the DeviceHub server, options are "By Authentication ID" and "By ID". |
| Authentication Code | Fill in the authentication code generated from the DeviceHub. |
| ID | Fill in the registered DeviceHub account (email) and password. |
| Password | |
| DeviceHub 2.0 | |
| Server Address | IP address or domain of the DeviceHub. |

Table 3-5-4-1

3.5.5 Events

Event feature is capable of sending alerts by Email when certain system events occur.

3.5.5.1 Events

You can view alarm messages on this page.

The screenshot shows a user interface for managing events. At the top, there are four buttons: 'Mark as Read', 'Delete', 'Mark All as Read', and 'Delete All Alarms'. Below these is a table with four columns: 'Status', 'Type', 'Time', and 'Message'. At the bottom of the interface are navigation controls, including a page number input field (10) and a 'GO' button, along with previous and next page buttons.

Figure 3-5-5-1

| Events | |
|-------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Mark as Read | Mark the selected event alarm as read. |
| Delete | Delete the selected event alarm. |
| Mark All as Read | Mark all event alarms as read. |
| Delete All Alarms | Delete all event alarms. |
| Status | Show the reading status of the event alarms. |
| Type | Show the event type that should be alarmed. |
| Time | Show the alarm time. |
| Message | Show the alarm content. |

Table 3-5-5-1 Events Parameters

3.5.5.2 Events Settings

In this section, you can decide what events to record and whether you want to receive email and SMS notifications when any change occurs.

Events Settings

| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Phone for Notification | <input type="text"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Email for Notification | <input type="text"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Events</th> <th>Record</th> <th>Email Email Setting</th> <th>SMS SMS Setting</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Cellular Up</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Cellular Down</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>WAN Up</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>WAN Down</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>VPN Up</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>VPN Down</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Power On</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Power Off</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Connect to UPS External Power Supplies</td><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Connect to UPS Internal Battery</td><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>UPS Low Power (20%)</td><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>UPS Abnormal Charging</td><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Disconnect the UPS</td><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Docker Exception</td><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Http Proxy Down</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Http Proxy Up</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> </tbody> </table> | | | | Events | Record | Email Email Setting | SMS SMS Setting | Cellular Up | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Cellular Down | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | WAN Up | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | WAN Down | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | VPN Up | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | VPN Down | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Power On | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Power Off | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Connect to UPS External Power Supplies | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Connect to UPS Internal Battery | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | UPS Low Power (20%) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | UPS Abnormal Charging | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Disconnect the UPS | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Docker Exception | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Http Proxy Down | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Http Proxy Up | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Events | Record | Email Email Setting | SMS SMS Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cellular Up | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cellular Down | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WAN Up | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WAN Down | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VPN Up | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VPN Down | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Power On | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Power Off | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Connect to UPS External Power Supplies | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Connect to UPS Internal Battery | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UPS Low Power (20%) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UPS Abnormal Charging | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Disconnect the UPS | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Docker Exception | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Http Proxy Down | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Http Proxy Up | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 3-5-5-2

| Event Settings | |
|------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Check to enable "Events Settings". |
| Phone for Notification | Select phone group to receive SMS alarm. |
| Email for Notification | Select Email group to receive Email alarm. |
| Events | Event type the gateway supports to record. |

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Record | The relevant content of event alarm will be recorded on "Event" page if this option is checked. |
| Email | The relevant content of event alarm will be sent out via email if this option is checked. |
| Email Setting | Click and you will be redirected to the page "Email" to configure the Email group. |
| SMS | The relevant content of event alarm will be sent out via SMS if this option is checked. |
| SMS Setting | Click and you will be redirected to the page of "Phone" to configure phone group list. |
| Phone Group List | Select phone group to receive SMS alarm. |
| Email Group List | Select Email group to receive Email alarm. |

Table 3-5-5-2 Events Parameters

Related Topics

[Email Setting](#)

[Phone Setting](#)

3.6 Maintenance

This section describes system maintenance tools and management.

3.6.1 Tools

Troubleshooting tools includes ping and traceroute.

3.6.1.1 Ping

Ping tool is engineered to ping outer network.



Figure 3-6-1-1

| PING | |
|------|--------------------------------------|
| Item | Description |
| Host | Ping outer network from the gateway. |

Table 3-6-1-1 IP Ping Parameters

3.6.1.2 Traceroute

Traceroute tool is used for troubleshooting network routing failures.



Figure 3-6-1-2

| Traceroute | |
|------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Host | Address of the destination host to be detected. |

Table 3-6-1-2 Traceroute Parameters

3.6.1.3 Packet Analyzer

Packet Analyzer is used for capturing the packet of different interfaces.



Figure 3-6-1-3

| Packet Analyzer | |
|--------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Ethernet Interface | Select the interface to capture packages. |
| IP Address | Set the IP address that the router will capture. |
| Port | Set the port that the router will capture. |
| Advanced | Set the rules for sniffer. The format is tcpdump. |

Table 3-6-1-3 Packet Analyzer Parameters

3.6.1.4 Qxdmlog

This section allow collecting diagnostic logs of cellular module via QXDM tool.



Figure 3-6-1-4

3.6.2 Schedule

This section explains how to configure scheduled reboot on the gateway.

Figure 3-6-2-1

| Schedule | |
|-----------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Schedule | Select schedule event: Reboot: Reboot the gateway regularly. |
| Frequency | Select the frequency to execute the schedule. |

Table 3-6-2-1 Schedule Parameters

3.6.3 Log

The system log contains a record of informational, error and warning events that indicates how the system processes. By reviewing the data contained in the log, an administrator or user troubleshooting the system can identify the cause of a problem or whether the system processes are loading successfully. Remote log server is feasible, and gateway will upload all system logs to remote log server such as Syslog Watcher.

3.6.3.1 System Log

This section describes how to download log file and view the recent log on web.

Figure 3-6-3-1

System Log

| Item | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| Download | Download log file. |
| View recent (lines) | View the specified lines of system log. |
| Clear Log | Clear the current system log. |

Table 3-6-3-1 System Log Parameters

3.6.3.2 Log Settings

This section explains how to enable remote log server and local log setting.

Figure 3-6-3-2

| Log Settings | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Remote Log Server | |
| Enable | With “Remote Log Server” enabled, gateway will send all system logs to the remote server. |
| Syslog Server Address | Fill in the remote system log server address (IP/domain name). |
| Port | Fill in the remote system log server port. |
| Local Log File | |
| Storage | User can store the log file in memory. |
| Size | Set the size of the log file to be stored. |
| Log Severity | The list of severities follows the syslog protocol. |

Table 3-6-3-2 System Log Parameters

3.6.4 Upgrade

This section describes how to upgrade the gateway firmware via web. Generally you don't need to do the firmware upgrade.

Note: any operation on web page is not allowed during firmware upgrade, otherwise the upgrade will be interrupted, or even the device will break down.

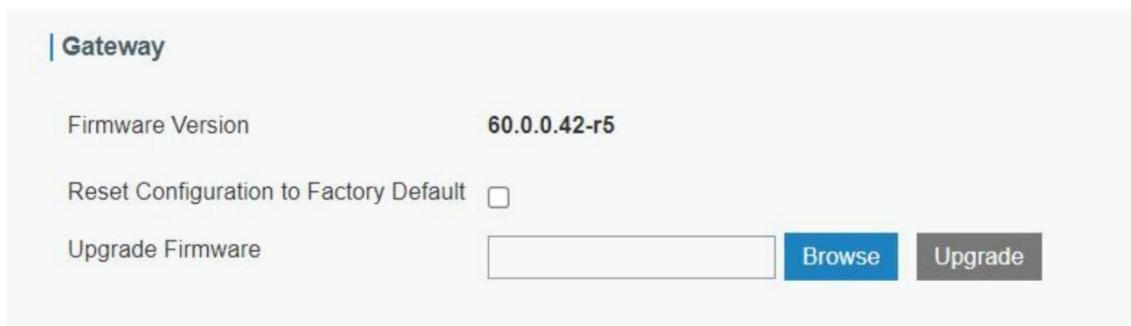


Figure 3-6-4-1

| Upgrade | |
|--|---|
| Item | Description |
| Firmware Version | Show the current firmware version. |
| Reset Configuration to Factory Default | When this option is checked, the gateway will be reset to factory defaults after upgrade. |
| Upgrade Firmware | Click "Browse" button to select the new firmware file, and click "Upgrade" to upgrade firmware. |

Table 3-6-4-1 Upgrade Parameters

Related Configuration Example

[Firmware Upgrade](#)

3.6.5 Backup and Restore

This section explains how to create a backup of the whole system configurations to a file, replicate parts of important configuration only for batch backup, restore the config file to the gateway and reset to factory defaults.

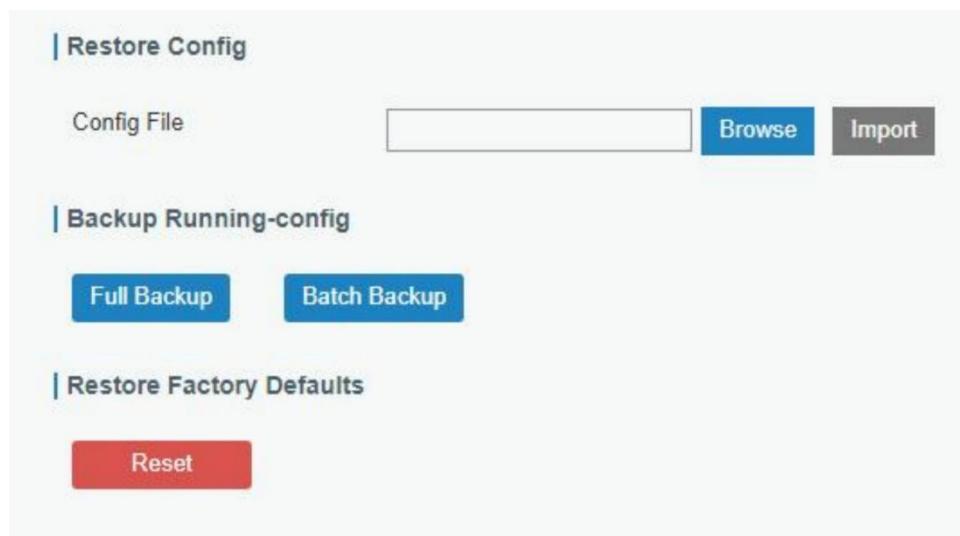


Figure 3-6-5-1

| Backup and Restore | |
|--------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Config File | Click "Browse" button to select configuration file, and then click "Import" |

| | |
|--------------|---|
| | button to upload the configuration file to the gateway. |
| Full Backup | Click "Full Backup" to export the current configuration file to the PC. |
| Batch Backup | Click "Batch Backup" to export current configuration except gateway ID of packet forwarder, all embedded NS settings, static IP address of WAN, WLAN settings, user management settings, DeviceHub authentication code, all APP settings. |
| Reset | Click "Reset" button to reset factory default settings. gateway will restart after reset process is done. |

Table 3-6-5-1 Backup and Restore Parameters

Related Configuration Example

[Restore Factory Defaults](#)

3.6.6 Reboot

On this page you can reboot the gateway and return to the login page. We strongly recommend clicking "Save" button before rebooting the gateway so as to avoid losing the new configuration.

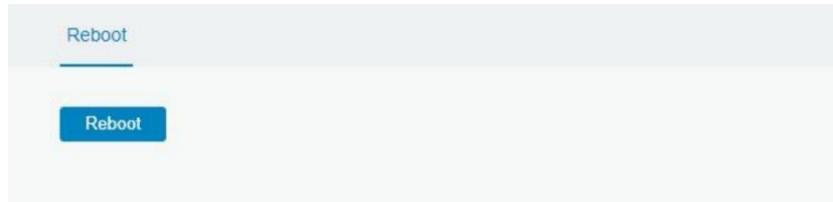


Figure 3-6-6-1

3.7 APP

3.7.1 Python

Python is an object-oriented programming language that has gained popularity because of its clear syntax and readability.

As an interpreted language, Python has a design philosophy that emphasizes code readability, notably using whitespace indentation to delimit code blocks rather than curly brackets or keywords, and a syntax that allows programmers to express concepts in fewer lines of code than it's used in other languages such as C++ or Java. The language provides constructs and intends to enable writing clear programs on both small and large scale.

Users can use Python to quickly generate the prototype of the program, which can be the final interface of the program, rewrite it with a more appropriate language, and then encapsulate the extended class library that Python can call.

This section describes how to view the relevant running status such as App-manager, SDK version, extended storage, etc. Also you can change the App-manager configuration, and import the Python App package from here.

3.7.1.1 Python

Python

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| AppManager Status | Uninstalled |
| SDK Version | |
| SDK Path | |
| Available Storage | local |
| SDK Upload | <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse"/> <input type="button" value="Install"/> |

Figure 3-7-1-1

| Python | |
|-------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| AppManager Status | Show AppManager's running status, like "Uninstalled", "Running" or "Stopped". |
| SDK Version | Show the version of the installed SDK. |
| SDK Path | Show the SDK installation path. |
| Available Storage | Select available storage to install SDK. |
| SDK Upload | Upload and install SDK for Python. |
| Uninstall | Uninstall SDK. |
| View | View application status managed by AppManager. |

Table 3-7-1-1 Python Parameters

3.7.1.2 App Manager Configuration

AppManager

| | |
|--------|--------------------------|
| Enable | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|--------|--------------------------|

App Management

| ID | App Command | Logfile Size(MB) | Uninstall |
|----|-------------|------------------|-----------|
| | | | |

App Status

| App Name | App Version | SDK Version |
|----------|-------------|-------------|
| | | |

Figure 3-7-1-2

| AppManager Configuration | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | After enabling Python AppManager, user can click "View" button on the "Python" webpage to view the application status managed by AppManager. |

| App Management | |
|------------------|--|
| ID | Show the ID of the imported App. |
| App Command | Show the name of the imported App. |
| Logfile Size(MB) | User-defined Logfile size. Range: 1-50. |
| Uninstall | Uninstall APP. |
| App Status | |
| App Name | Show the name of the imported App. |
| App Version | Show the version of the imported App. |
| SDK Version | Show the SDK version which the imported App is based on. |

Table 3-7-1-2 APP Manager Parameters

3.7.1.3 Python App

The interface consists of three main sections:

- Import App Package:** Contains a text input field for "App Package", a "Browse" button, and an "Import" button.
- Import App Configuration:** Contains a dropdown menu for "App Name", a text input field for "App Configuration", a "Browse" button, and an "Import" button.
- Debug Script:** Contains a dropdown menu for "Debug File", a text input field for "Debug Script", a "Browse" button, and an "Import" button.

Figure 3-7-1-3

| Python APP | |
|-------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| App Package | Select App package and import. |
| App Name | Select App to import configuration. |
| App Configuration | Select configuration file and import. |
| Debug File | Export script file. |
| Debug Script | Select Python script to be debugged and import. |

Table 3-7-1-3 APP Parameters

3.7.2 Node-RED

Node-RED is a flow-based development tool for visual programming and wiring together

hardware devices, APIs and online services as part of the Internet of Things. Node-RED provides a web-browser-based flow editor, which can easily wire together flows using the wide range of nodes in the palette. For more guidance and documentation please refer to [Node-RED official website](#).

3.7.2.1 Node-RED

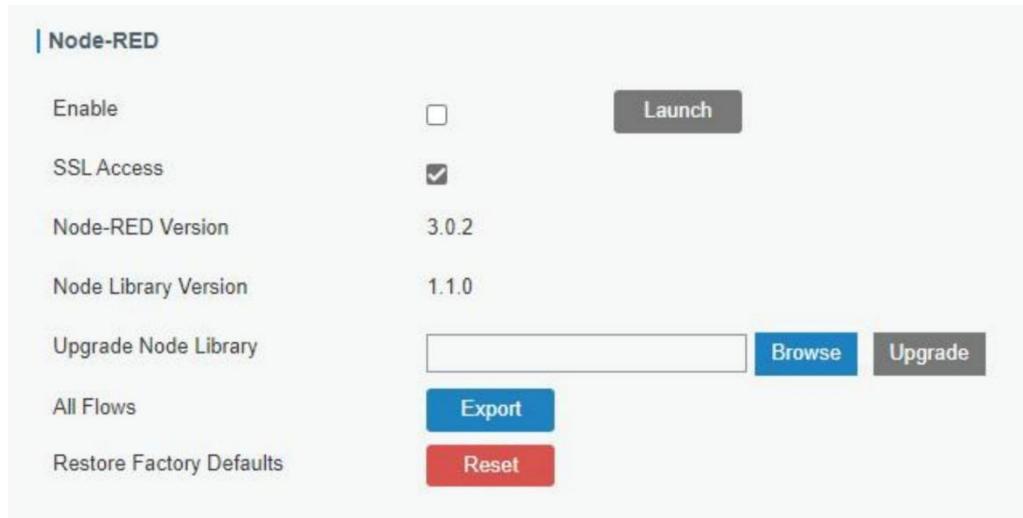


Figure 3-7-2-1

| Node-RED | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Item | Description |
| Enable | Enable the Node-RED. |
| Launch | Click to launch the web GUI of Node-RED. |
| SSL Access | Enable to access the Node-RED web GUI via HTTPS service only. |
| Node-RED Version | Show the version of the Node-RED. The Node-RED version can be upgraded only when you upgrade the gateway. |
| Node Library Version | Show the version of the node library. |
| Upgrade Node Library | Upgrade the node library by importing the library package. |
| All Flows Export | Export all flows as a JSON format file. |
| Restore Factory Default | Erase all flow data of Node-RED. |

Table 3-7-2-1 Node-RED Parameters

Linovision provides a customized node library to use the interfaces of the gateway.



Figure 3-7-2-2

| Node Library | |
|---------------|--|
| Node | Description |
| LoRa Input | Receive LoRaWAN® packets from the gateway. This only works when the network server is enabled. |
| LoRa Output | Send downlink commands to LoRaWAN® nodes. |
| Device Filter | Filter out the data of one or more specific LoRaWAN® nodes via device EUIs. |
| GW Info | Monitor events of gateway, this needs to ensure the event detection is enabled in General > Events > Events Settings. |
| Email Output | Send an Email. If you select SMTP option as "Same as the gateway", it is necessary to go to System > General Settings > SMTP page to configure SMTP client settings. |
| SMS Input | Receive SMS message. This only works when the cellular is connected. |
| SMS Output | Send an SMS message. This only works when the cellular is connected. |

Table 3-7-2-2 Node Library Parameters

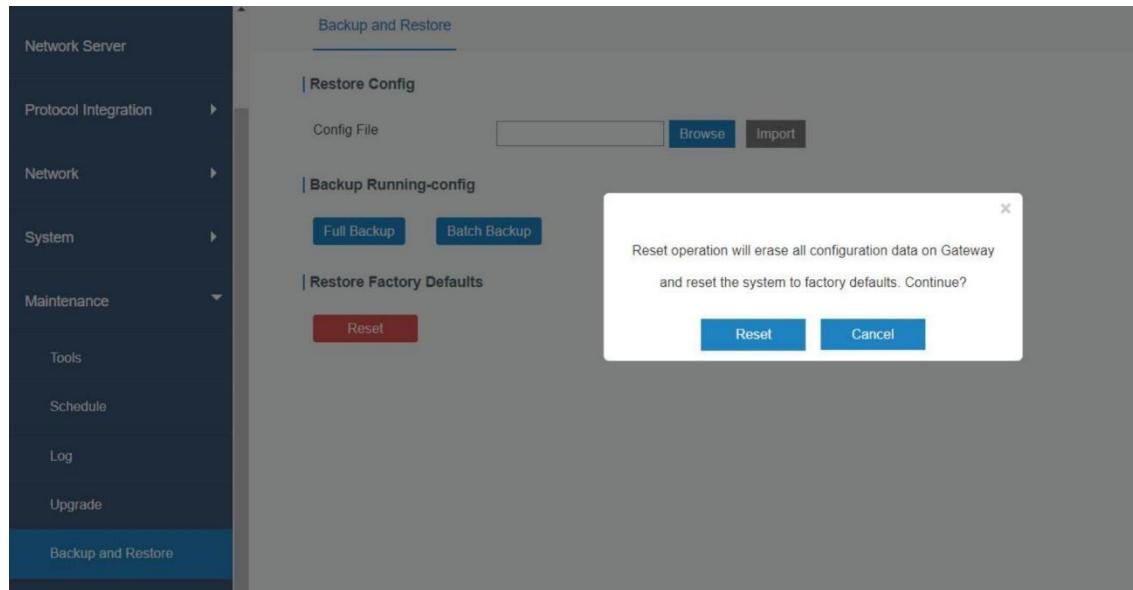
Related Configuration Example
[Node-RED](#)

Chapter 4 Application Examples

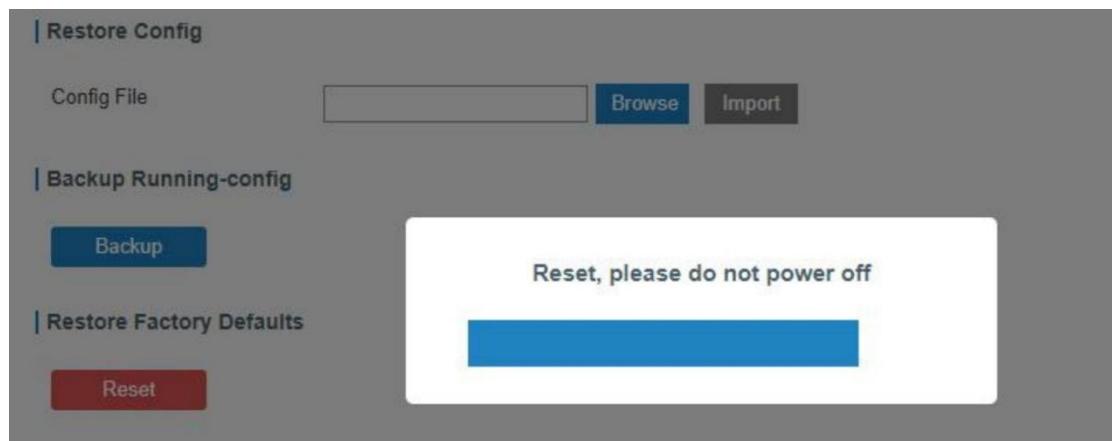
4.1 Restore Factory Defaults

Method 1:

Log in web interface, and go to Maintenance > Backup and Restore, click Reset button, you will be asked to confirm if you'd like to reset it to factory defaults. Then click Reset button.



Then the gateway will reboot and restore to factory settings immediately.



Please wait till STATUS light statically and the login page pops up again, which means the gateway has already been reset to factory defaults successfully.

Related Topic

[Restore Factory Defaults](#)

Method 2:

Locate the reset button on the gateway, press and hold the reset button for more than 5s

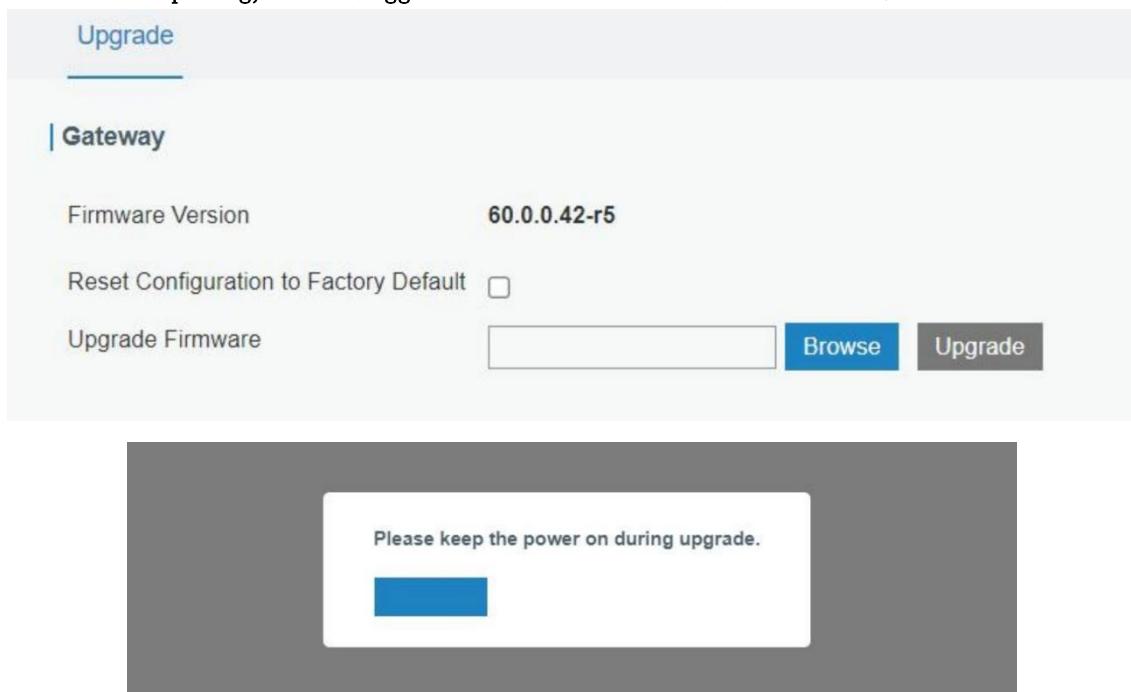
until the STATUS LED blinks.

4.2 Firmware Upgrade

It is suggested that you contact Linovision technical support first before you upgrade gateway firmware. Gateway firmware file suffix is “.bin”.

After getting firmware file please refer to the following steps to complete the upgrade.

1. Go to “Maintenance > Upgrade”.
2. Click “Browse” and select the correct firmware file from the PC.
3. Click “Upgrade” and the gateway will check if the firmware file is correct. If it's correct, the firmware will be imported to the gateway, and then the gateway will start to upgrade.
4. After upgrade, open the gateway web GUI via browser to check if upgrade success. Before opening, it is suggested to clean the caches of browser.



Related Topic

[Upgrade](#)

4.3 Network Connection

The gateway supports multiple methods to set up network connections.

4.3.1 Ethernet Connection

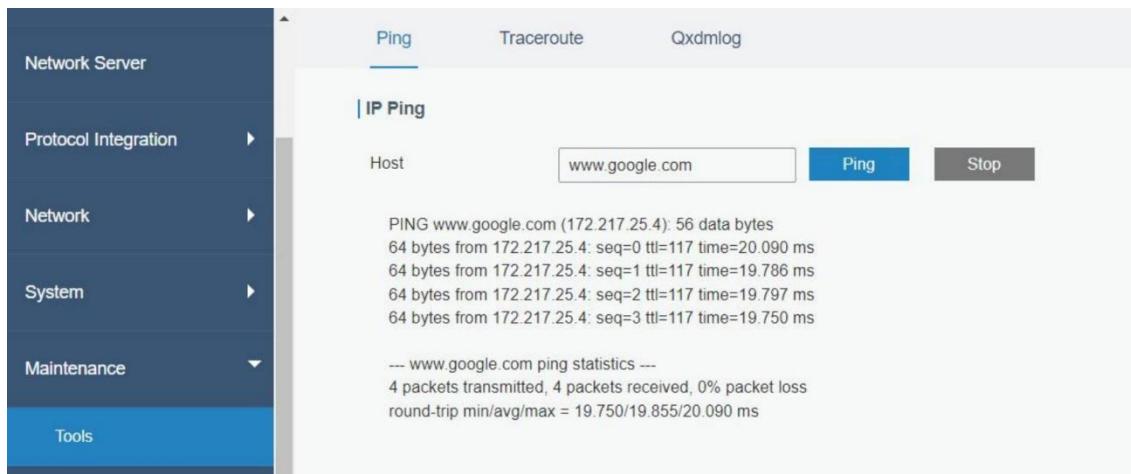
1. Go to “Network > Interface > Port” page to select the connection type and configure Ethernet port configuration, click “Save & Apply” for configuration to take effect.

| Port | WLAN | Cellular | Loopback | VLAN Trunk |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------|
| Port_1 | | | | |
| Port | eth 0 | | | |
| Connection Type | Static IP | | | |
| IP Address | 192.168.44.186 | | | |
| Netmask | 255.255.255.0 | | | |
| Gateway | 192.168.44.1 | | | |
| MTU | 1500 | | | |
| Primary DNS Server | 8.8.8.8 | | | |
| Secondary DNS Server | 223.5.5.5 | | | |
| Enable NAT | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | | |

Note: If there is IP conflict when changing the IP address of Ethernet port, please change the subnet of WLAN first.

| Port | WLAN | Loopback | VLAN Trunk | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|----------|-----------|--|------------|--------------|--|---------|---------------|
| WLAN | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Work Mode | AP | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <table border="1"> <tr> <td>IP Setting</td> <td>Protocol</td> <td>Static IP</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>IP Address</td> <td>192.168.10.1</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Netmask</td> <td>255.255.255.0</td> </tr> </table> | | | | IP Setting | Protocol | Static IP | | IP Address | 192.168.10.1 | | Netmask | 255.255.255.0 |
| IP Setting | Protocol | Static IP | | | | | | | | | | |
| | IP Address | 192.168.10.1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Netmask | 255.255.255.0 | | | | | | | | | | |

2. Connect Ethernet port of gateway to devices like router or modem.
3. Go to “Maintenance > Tools > Ping” to check network connectivity.



Related Topic

[Port Setting](#)

4.3.2 Cellular Connection (Cellular Version Only)

1. Go to “Network > Interface > Cellular > Cellular Setting” and configure the necessary cellular info of SIM card, click “Save” and “Apply” for configuration to take effect.

Cellular Setting

| | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Network Type | Auto |
| APN | |
| Username | |
| Password | |
| Access Number | |
| PIN Code | |
| Authentication Type | None |
| Roaming | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Customize MTU | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| MTU | 1500 |

2. Go to “Status > Cellular” to view the status of the cellular connection. If it shows ‘Connected’, SIM has dialed up successfully.

| Overview | Packet Forward | Cellular | Network | WLAN |
|-----------------|---------------------------|----------|---------|------|
| Modem | | | | |
| Status Ready | | | | |
| Model | EC25 | | | |
| Version | EC25ECGAR06A07M1G | | | |
| Signal Level | 23asu (-67dBm) | | | |
| Register Status | Registered (Home network) | | | |
| IMEI | 860425047368939 | | | |
| IMSI | 460019425301842 | | | |
| ICCID | 89860117838009934120 | | | |
| ISP | CHN-UNICOM | | | |
| Network Type | LTE | | | |
| PLMN ID | | | | |
| LAC | 5922 | | | |
| Cell ID | 340db83 | | | |
| Network | | | | |
| Status | Connected | | | |
| IP Address | 10.132.132.59 | | | |
| Netmask | 255.255.255.240 | | | |
| Gateway | 10.132.132.60 | | | |

Related Topic

[Cellular Setting](#)

[Cellular Status](#)

4.4 Wi-Fi Application Example

4.4.1 AP Mode

Application Example

Configure IOT-G65 as AP to allow connection from users or devices.

Configuration Steps

1. Go to “Network > Interface > WLAN” to configure wireless parameters as below.

| Port | WLAN | Cellular | Loopback |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| WLAN | | | |
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | |
| Work Mode | AP | | |
| SSID Broadcast | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | |
| AP Isolation | <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| Radio Type | 802.11n(2.4GHz) | | |
| Channel | Auto | | |
| SSID | Gateway_F1200F | | |
| BSSID | 24:e1:24:f1:20:0f | | |
| Encryption Mode | No Encryption | | |
| Bandwidth | 20MHz | | |
| Max Client Number | 10 | | |

Click “Save” and “Apply” buttons after all configurations are done.

2. Use a smart phone to connect the access point of gateway. Go to “Status > WLAN”, and you can check the AP settings and information of the connected client/user.

| Overview | Packet Forward | Cellular | Network | WLAN | VPN |
|---------------------|-------------------|----------|---------|------|-----|
| WLAN Status | | | | | |
| Wireless Status | Enabled | | | | |
| MAC Address | 24:e1:24:f1:20:0f | | | | |
| Interface Type | AP | | | | |
| SSID | Gateway_F1200F | | | | |
| Channel | Auto | | | | |
| Encryption Type | No Encryption | | | | |
| Status | Up | | | | |
| IP Address | 192.168.1.1 | | | | |
| Netmask | 255.255.255.0 | | | | |
| Connection Duration | 0 days, 02:40:52 | | | | |

4.4.2 Client Mode Application Example

Configure IOT-G65 as Wi-Fi client to connect to an access point to have Internet access.

Configuration Steps

1. Go to Network > Interface > Port page to select connection type as Static IP and configure an IP address for the Ethernet WAN port.

| Port | Value |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Port | eth 0 |
| Connection Type | Static IP |
| IP Address | 192.168.23.150 |
| Netmask | 255.255.255.0 |
| Gateway | 192.168.23.1 |
| MTU | 1500 |
| Primary DNS Server | 8.8.8.8 |
| Secondary DNS Server | 223.5.5.5 |
| Enable NAT | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

2. Connect PC to IOT-G65 ETH port directly or through PoE injector.
3. Assign the IP address to computer manually. Take Windows 10 system as an example:



4. Open a Web browser and type in the IP address of the Ethernet port to access the web GUI.
5. Go to Network > Interface > WLAN and click Scan to search for WiFi access point.

| Port | WLAN | Cellular | Loopback | | | | |
|----------|---------|----------|----------|-------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| < GoBack | | | | | | | |
| SSID | Channel | Signal | Cipher | BSSID | Security | Frequency | Join Network |
| AAA | Auto | -61dBm | AES | 24:e1:24:f0:c4:13 | WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK | 2412MHz | <button>Join Network</button> |

6. Select one access point and click Join Network, then type the password of the access point.

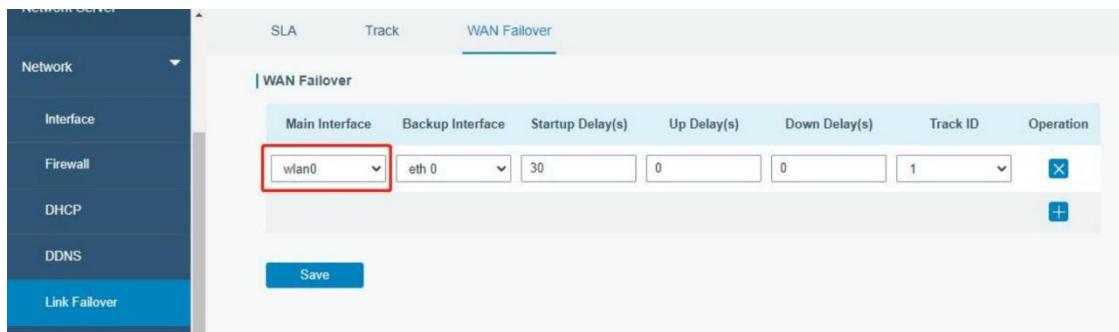
| Port | WLAN | Cellular | Loopback | | | | |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| WLAN | | | | | | | |
| Enable | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | |
| Work Mode | <input type="button" value="Client"/> | <input type="button" value="Scan"/> | | | | | |
| SSID | AAA | | | | | | |
| BSSID | 24:e1:24:f0:c4:13 | | | | | | |
| Encryption Mode | <input type="button" value="WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK"/> | | | | | | |
| Cipher | <input type="button" value="AES"/> | | | | | | |
| Key | ***** | | | | | | |
| IP Setting | | | | | | | |
| Protocol | <input type="button" value="DHCP Client"/> | | | | | | |

Click Save and Apply buttons after all configurations are done.

7. Go to Status > WLAN to check the connection status of the client.

| WLAN Status | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| Wireless Status | Enabled |
| MAC Address | 24:e1:24:f0:de:14 |
| Interface Type | Client |
| SSID | AAA |
| Channel | Auto |
| Encryption Type | WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK |
| Cipher | AES |
| Status | Connected |
| IP Address | 192.168.1.145 |
| Netmask | 255.255.255.0 |
| Connection Duration | 0 days, 02:44:45 |

8. Go to Network > Failover > WAN Failover to switch the wlan0 as main interface, then gateway can use the Wi-Fi to access the network.



Related Topic

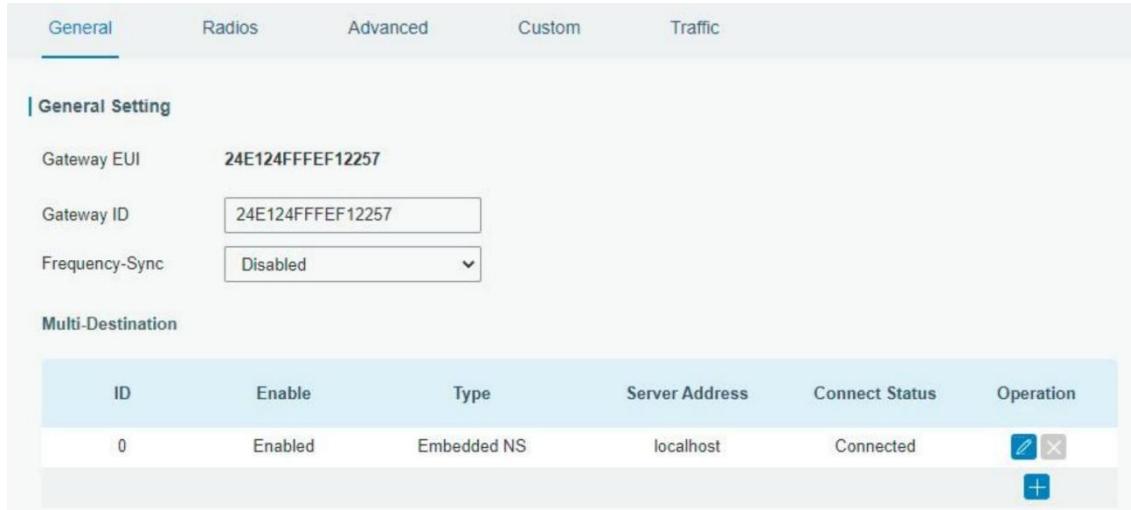
[WLAN Setting](#)

[WLAN Status](#)

4.5 Packet Forwarder Configuration

IOT-G65 gateway has installed multiple packet forwarders including Semtech, Basic station, Chirpstack, etc. Before connecting make sure the gateway has connected to network.

1. Go to Packet Forwarder > General.



2. Click  to add a new network server. Fill in the network server information and enable this server.

Enable

Type: Semtech

Server Address: eu1.cloud.thethings.network

Port Up: 1700

Port Down: 1700

Save

3. Go to Packet Forwarder > Radio page to configure the center frequency and channels. The channels of the gateway and network server need to be the same.

| Region | | Name | | Center Frequency/MHz |
|-------------------------------------|-------|---------|---------------|----------------------|
| | | Radio 0 | | 904.3 |
| | | Radio 1 | | 905.0 |
| Multi Channels Setting | | | | |
| Enable | Index | Radio | Frequency/MHz | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 0 | Radio 0 | 903.9 | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 1 | Radio 0 | 904.1 | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 2 | Radio 0 | 904.3 | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 3 | Radio 0 | 904.5 | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 4 | Radio 1 | 904.7 | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 5 | Radio 1 | 904.9 | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 6 | Radio 1 | 905.1 | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 7 | Radio 1 | 905.3 | |

4. Add the gateway on network server page. For more details about the network server connection please refer to [Linovision IoT Support portal](#).

4.6 Network Server Configuration

The gateway can work as a LoRaWAN® network server to receive and analyze the data of LoRaWAN® end devices, and then achieve the flexible integration with different systems.

4.6.1 Connect to Linovision IoT Cloud

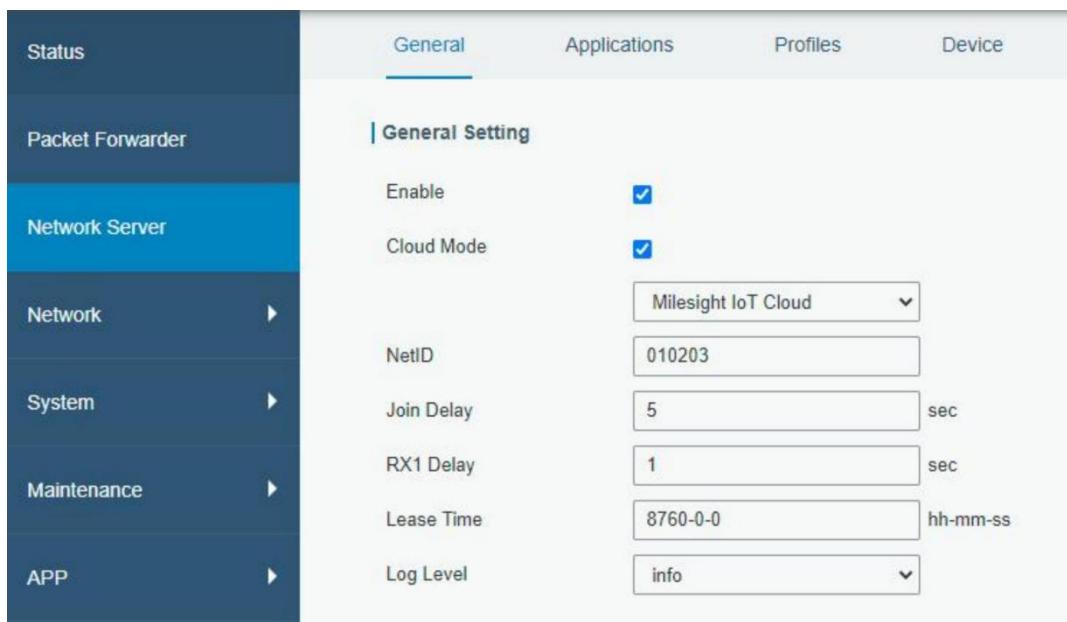
1. Go to Packet Forwarder > General page to enable the embedded network server.

2. Go to Packet Forwarder > Radio page to select the antenna type, configure the center frequency and channels. The channels of the gateway and end devices need to be the same.

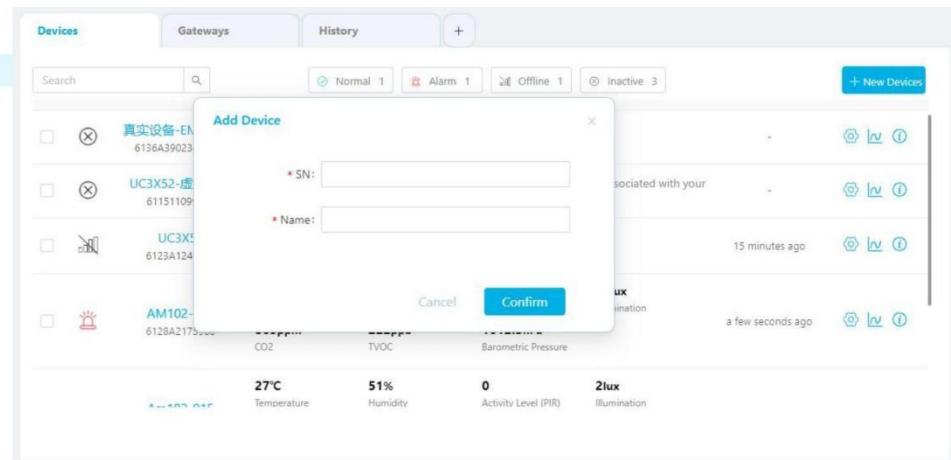
| Name | Center Frequency/MHz |
|---------|----------------------|
| Radio 0 | 904.3 |
| Radio 1 | 905.0 |

| Enable | Index | Radio | Frequency/MHz |
|-------------------------------------|-------|---------|---------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 0 | Radio 0 | 903.9 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 1 | Radio 0 | 904.1 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 2 | Radio 0 | 904.3 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 3 | Radio 0 | 904.5 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 4 | Radio 1 | 904.7 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 5 | Radio 1 | 904.9 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 6 | Radio 1 | 905.1 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 7 | Radio 1 | 905.3 |

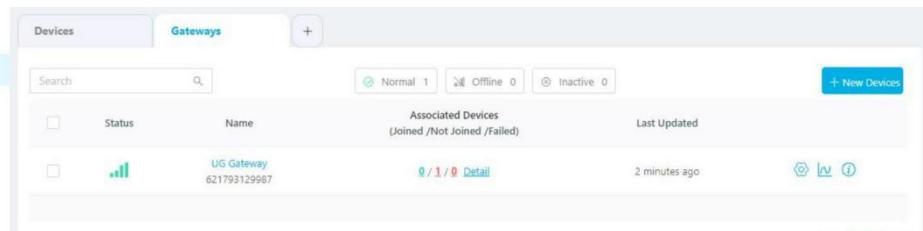
3. Go to Network Server > General page to enable the network server and “Cloud mode”, then select “Linovision IoT Cloud” mode.



4. Log in the Linovision IoT Cloud. Then go to My Devices page and click “+New Devices” to add gateway to Linovision IoT Cloud via SN. Gateway will be added under “Gateways” menu.



5. The gateway is online on Linovision IoT Cloud.



4.6.2 Add End Devices

1. Go to Packet Forwarder > General page to enable the embedded NS.

2. Go to Packet Forwarder > Radio page to configure the center frequency and channels. The channels of the gateway and end devices need to be the same.

3. Go to Network Server > General page to enable the network server.

4. Go to Network Server > Applications page to add an application.

5. Go to Network Server > Device page and click Add to add a LoRaWAN® node device. You can also click Bulk Import to use template to add bulk devices at once.

6. Fill in the information of the end device and click Save&Apply. The information can be found on the end device's configuration page or from manufacturer's manuals. Here are the default settings of Linovision end devices:

- Device EUI: this can be found on the device.
- Device-Profile: OTAA type files
- Payload Codec: select the model
- fPort: 85
- Application Key: select Default Value. If you use random keys, please select Custom Value.
- Timeout: the time to judge the device online/offline status.

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Device Name | lora-sensor |
| Description | a short description of your node |
| Device EUI | 0000000000000000 |
| Device-Profile | ClassA-OTAA |
| Application | cloud |
| Payload Codec | |
| fPort | 1 |
| Frame-counter Validation | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Application Key | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Default Value <input type="radio"/> Custom Value |
| Device Address | |
| Network Session Key | |
| Application Session Key | |
| Uplink Frame-counter | 0 |
| Downlink Frame-counter | 0 |
| Timeout | 1440 min |

7. Go to Network Server > Packets page to check if any uplinks from this device.

| Network Server | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-----------|----------|----------|------|------|-------|---------------------------|---|
| Clear Search  | | | | | | | | | |
| Device EUI/Group | Gateway ID | Frequency | Datarate | RSSI/SNR | Size | Fcnt | Type | Time | Details |
| 24E12 [REDACTED] | 24E124 [REDACTED] | 868300000 | SF7BW125 | -44/14.5 | 23 | 678 | UpUnc | 2025-04-03 10:09:25+08:00 |  |
| 24E12 [REDACTED] | 24E124 [REDACTED] | 868500000 | SF7BW125 | -44/10.2 | 23 | 677 | UpUnc | 2025-04-03 10:08:25+08:00 |  |
| 24E12 [REDACTED] | 24E124 [REDACTED] | 868100000 | SF7BW125 | -53/14.0 | 10 | 289 | UpUnc | 2025-04-03 10:07:46+08:00 |  |
| 24E12 [REDACTED] | 24E124 [REDACTED] | 868100000 | SF7BW125 | -39/14.2 | 23 | 676 | UpUnc | 2025-04-03 10:07:25+08:00 |  |
| 24E12 [REDACTED] | 24E124 [REDACTED] | 868100000 | SF7BW125 | -40/13.8 | 23 | 675 | UpUnc | 2025-04-03 10:06:25+08:00 |  |
| 24E12 [REDACTED] | 24E124 [REDACTED] | 868100000 | SF7BW125 | -40/14.0 | 23 | 674 | UpUnc | 2025-04-03 10:05:25+08:00 |  |
| 24E12 [REDACTED] | 24E124 [REDACTED] | 868500000 | SF7BW125 | -40/11.5 | 23 | 673 | UpUnc | 2025-04-03 10:04:25+08:00 |  |
| 24E12 [REDACTED] | 24E124 [REDACTED] | 868300000 | SF7BW125 | -49/13.8 | 18 | 0 | JnReq | 2025-04-03 10:04:16+08:00 |  |

Click Details to check packet details and decoded results.

| Packet Details | |
|----------------|--|
| Bandwidth | 125 |
| SpreadFactor | 7 |
| Bitrate | 0 |
| CodeRate | 4/5 |
| SNR | 13.5 |
| RSSI | -54 |
| Power | - |
| Payload(b64) | AXVjA2fqAARoPA== |
| Payload(hex) | 0175630367ea0004683c |
| JSON | { "battery": 99, "humidity": 30, "temperature": 23.4 } |
| MIC | 7f3664cd |

4. 6. 3 Send Data to Device

1. Go to Network Server > Packets, check the packet in the network server list to make sure that the device has joined the network successfully.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------|----------|-----|-----|----|---|-------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1122612191 | 868100000 | SF7BW125 | - | - | 17 | 0 | JnAcc | 2019-08-06T09:22:29+08:00 | ! |
| 112261219 | 868100000 | SF7BW125 | 9.5 | -77 | 18 | 0 | JnReq | 2019-08-06T09:22:29+08:00 | ! |

2. Fill in the device EUI or select the multicast group which you need to send downlinks. Then fill in the downlink commands, ports.

| Send Data To Device | | | | |
|---------------------|-------|---------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| Device EUI | Type | Payload | Fport | Confirmed |
| 11226121913 | ASCII | 15 | 15 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

3. Click “Send”.



4. Check the packet in the network server list to make sure that the device has received this message successful. It's suggested to enable “Confirmed”. Multicast feature does not support confirmed downlinks.

| Send Data To Device | | | | |
|---------------------|-------|---------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| Device EUI | Type | Payload | Fport | Confirmed |
| 11226121913 | ASCII | 15 | 15 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

You can click “Refresh” to refresh the list or set automatic refreshing frequency for the list. **If the device's class type is Class C, then the device will constantly receive packets.**

This packet's type is DnCnf (Downlink Confirmed Packet) and if the packet's color is gray, then it means the packet cannot be transmitted now because at least one message has

been in the queue. If the packet record is white, it means the packet has been delivered successfully.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|---|---|---|---|-------|---------------------------|---|
| 1122612191311123 | 869525000 | SF12BW125 | - | - | 6 | 2 | DnCnf | 2019-08-06T09:22:55+08:00 | Success  |
| 1122612191311123 | 0 | | | | 6 | 2 | DnCnf | | Pending  |

If the device receives this downlink confirmed packet, then the device will reply “ACK” when delivering next.

| Device EUI | Frequency | Datarate | SNR | RSSI | Size | Fcnt | Type | Time | Details |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|------|------|------|------|-------|---------------------------|---|
| 1122612191311123 | 868300000 | SF10BW125 | - | - | 0 | 3 | DnUnc | 2019-08-06T09:23:44+08:00 |  |
| 1122612191311123 | 868300000 | SF10BW125 | 10.5 | -75 | 64 | 2 | UpCnf | 2019-08-06T09:23:44+08:00 |  |
| 1122612191311123 | 869525000 | SF12BW125 | - | - | 6 | 2 | DnCnf | 2019-08-06T09:22:55+08:00 |  |
| 1122612191311123 | 0 | | | | 6 | 2 | DnCnf | |  |
| 1122612191311123 | 868500000 | SF10BW125 | - | - | 0 | 1 | DnUnc | 2019-08-06T09:22:49+08:00 |  |

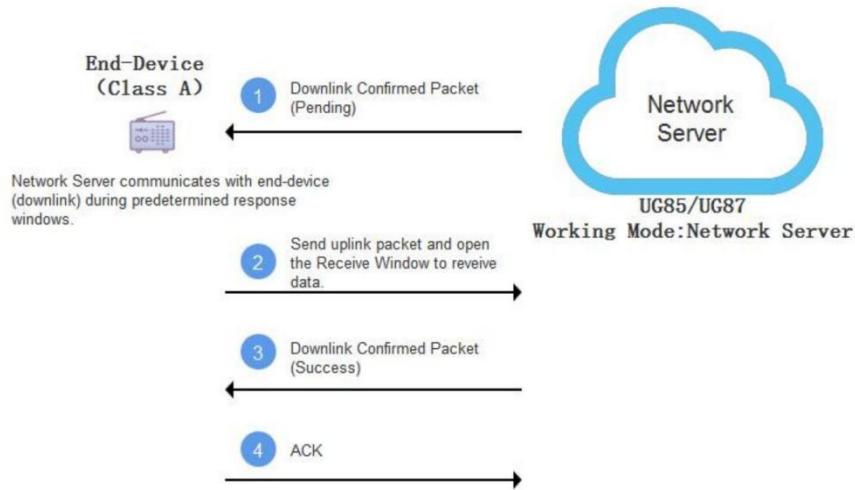
Packets Details

| | |
|-------------|------------------|
| Dev Addr | 07e7 |
| GwEUI | 24e124ff |
| AppEUI | 557240 |
| DevEUI | 1122612191311123 |
| Immediately | - |
| Timestamp | 874346044 |
| Type | UpCnf |
| Adr | false |
| AdrAckReq | false |
| Ack | true |
| Fcnt | 21 |
| Fport | 55 |
| Modulation | LORA |

Ack is “true” means that the device has received this packet.

If the device’s class type is Class A, only after the device sends out an uplink packet will the network server sends out data to the device.

| Network Server | | | | | | | | | | Show the signal-noise ratio. | |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|------|-----|----|----|-------|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| RSSI | | | | | | | | | | Show the received signal strength indicator. | |
| Size | | | | | | | | | | Show the size of packet. | |
| Fcnt | | | | | | | | | | Show the frame counter. | |
| Type | | | | | | | | | | Show the type of the packet: JnAcc - Join Accept Packet JnReq - Join Request Packet UpUnc - Uplink Unconfirmed Packet UpCnf - Uplink Confirmed Packet - ACK response from network requested DnUnc - Downlink Unconfirmed Packet DnCnf - Downlink Confirmed Packet - ACK response from end-device requested | |
| Time | | | | | | | | | | Show the time of packet was sent or received. | |
| 1122612191311123 | 868300000 | SF10BW125 | - | - | 0 | 19 | DnUnc | 2019-08-06T09:49:38+08:00 |  | | |
| 1122612191311123 | 868300000 | SF10BW125 | 10.8 | -76 | 64 | 21 | ACK | 2019-08-06T09:49:38+08:00 |  | | |
| 1122612191311123 | 868300000 | SF10BW125 | 10.8 | -76 | 64 | 21 | UpCnf | 2019-08-06T09:49:38+08:00 |  | | |
| 1122612191311123 | 868100000 | SF10BW125 | - | - | 6 | 18 | DnCnf | 2019-08-06T09:48:43+08:00 | Success  | | |
| 1122612191311123 | 868100000 | SF10BW125 | 9.8 | -77 | 64 | 20 | UpCnf | 2019-08-06T09:48:43+08:00 |  | | |
| 1122612191311123 | 0 | | | | 6 | 18 | DnCnf | | Pending  | | |
| 1122612191311123 | 868500000 | SF10BW125 | - | - | 0 | 17 | DnUnc | 2019-08-06T09:47:38+08:00 |  | | |
| 1122612191311123 | 868500000 | SF10BW125 | 8.0 | -76 | 64 | 19 | UpCnf | 2019-08-06T09:47:38+08:00 |  | | |
| 1122612191311123 | 868100000 | SF10BW125 | - | - | 0 | 16 | DnUnc | 2019-08-06T09:46:38+08:00 |  | | |
| 1122612191311123 | 868100000 | SF10BW125 | 11.2 | -74 | 64 | 18 | UpCnf | 2019-08-06T09:46:37+08:00 |  | | |



Network Server

| Device EUI | Frequency | Datarate | SNR | RSSI | Size | Fcnt | Type | Time | Details |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|------|------|------|------|-------|---------------------------|---------|
| 1122612191311123 | 868300000 | SF10BW125 | - | - | 0 | 19 | DnUnc | 2019-08-06T09:49:38+08:00 | ! |
| 1122612191311123 | 868300000 | SF10BW125 | 10.8 | -76 | 64 | 21 | ACK | 2019-08-06T09:49:38+08:00 | ! |
| 1122612191311123 | 868300000 | SF10BW125 | 10.8 | -76 | 64 | | UpCnf | 2019-08-06T09:49:38+08:00 | ! |
| 1122612191311123 | 868100000 | SF10BW125 | - | - | 6 | 18 | DnCnf | 2019-08-06T09:48:43+08:00 | ! |
| 1122612191311123 | 868100000 | SF10BW125 | 9.8 | -77 | 64 | 20 | UpCnf | 2019-08-06T09:48:43+08:00 | ! |
| 1122612191311123 | 0 | | | | 6 | 18 | DnCnf | | ! |
| 1122612191311123 | 868500000 | SF10BW125 | - | - | 0 | 17 | DnUnc | 2019-08-06T09:47:38+08:00 | ! |
| 1122612191311123 | 868500000 | SF10BW125 | 8.0 | -76 | 64 | 19 | UpCnf | 2019-08-06T09:47:38+08:00 | ! |
| 1122612191311123 | 868100000 | SF10BW125 | - | - | 0 | 16 | DnUnc | 2019-08-06T09:46:38+08:00 | ! |
| 1122612191311123 | 868100000 | SF10BW125 | 11.2 | -74 | 64 | 18 | UpCnf | 2019-08-06T09:46:37+08:00 | ! |

Showing 51 to 60 of 355 rows | 10 ▲ rows per page | Manual Refresh ▾ | Refresh

Related Topic

[Packets](#)

4.6.4 Connect to HTTP/MQTT Server

The gateway supports choosing the data transport protocol to send data to another server address using MQTT, HTTP or HTTPS protocol.

1. Go to Network Server > Application to select the application to edit.

2. Click  to add a data transmission type.

HTTP or HTTPS:

Step 1: select HTTP or HTTPS as transmission protocol.

Type

HTTP

Step 2: Enter the destination URL. Different types of data can be sent to different URLs.

URL

| Data Type | URL |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Uplink data | <input type="text"/> |
| Join notification | <input type="text"/> |
| ACK notification | <input type="text"/> |
| Error notification | <input type="text"/> |

Enter the header name and header value if there is user credentials when accessing the HTTP(s) server.

HTTP Header

| Header Name | Header Value | Operation |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | X |
| | | + |

MQTT:

Step 1: select the transmission protocol as MQTT and configuration mode as Manual Configuration.

Data Transmission

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Type | <input type="text" value="MQTT"/> |
| Configuration Mode | <input type="text" value="Manual Configuration"/> |

Step 2: Fill in MQTT broker general settings.

General

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Broker Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Broker Port | <input type="text"/> |
| Client ID | <input type="text"/> |
| Connection Timeout/s | <input type="text" value="30"/> |
| Keep Alive Interval/s | <input type="text" value="60"/> |
| Data Retransmission | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

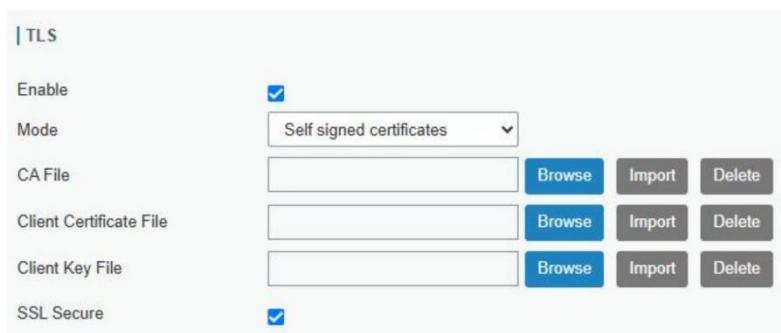
Step 3: Select the authentication method required by the server.

If you select user credentials for authentication, you need to enter the username and password for authentication.



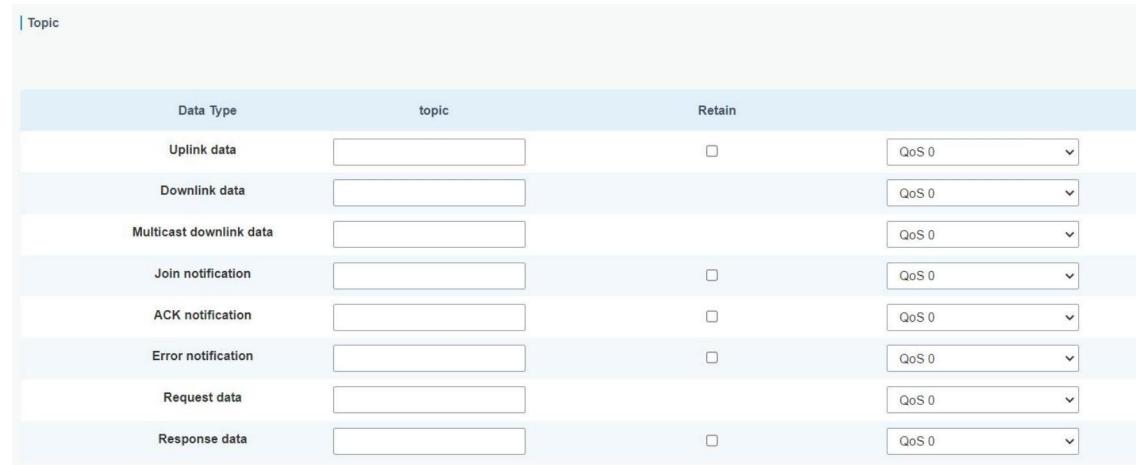
The screenshot shows the 'User Credentials' configuration screen. It includes fields for 'Enable' (checked), 'Username' (empty text box), and 'Password' (empty text box with a keyboard icon).

If certificate is necessary for verification, please select mode and import CA certificate, client certificate and client key file for authentication.



The screenshot shows the 'TLS' configuration screen. It includes fields for 'Enable' (checked), 'Mode' (set to 'Self signed certificates'), 'CA File' (empty text box with 'Browse', 'Import', and 'Delete' buttons), 'Client Certificate File' (empty text box with 'Browse', 'Import', and 'Delete' buttons), 'Client Key File' (empty text box with 'Browse', 'Import', and 'Delete' buttons), and 'SSL Secure' (checked).

Step 4: Enter the topic to receive data or send downlinks, and choose the QoS.



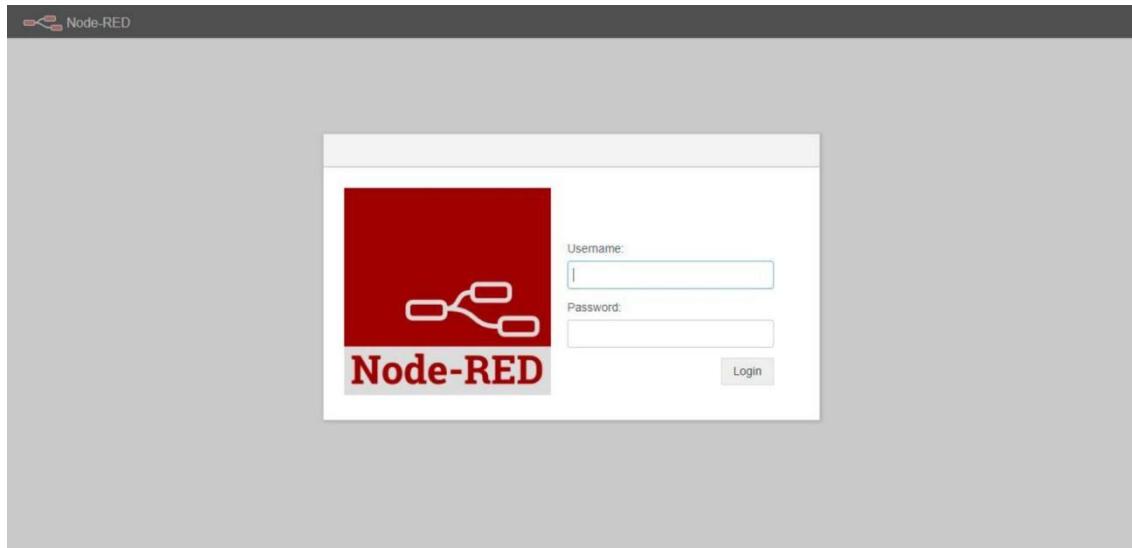
The screenshot shows the 'Topic' configuration screen. It lists various data types and their corresponding topics and QoS levels. The table has columns for 'Data Type', 'topic', 'Retain', and 'QoS'.

| Data Type | topic | Retain | QoS |
|-------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|
| Uplink data | | <input type="checkbox"/> | QoS 0 |
| Downlink data | | | QoS 0 |
| Multicast downlink data | | | QoS 0 |
| Join notification | | <input type="checkbox"/> | QoS 0 |
| ACK notification | | <input type="checkbox"/> | QoS 0 |
| Error notification | | <input type="checkbox"/> | QoS 0 |
| Request data | | | QoS 0 |
| Response data | | <input type="checkbox"/> | QoS 0 |

4.7 Node-RED

4.7.1 Start the Node-RED

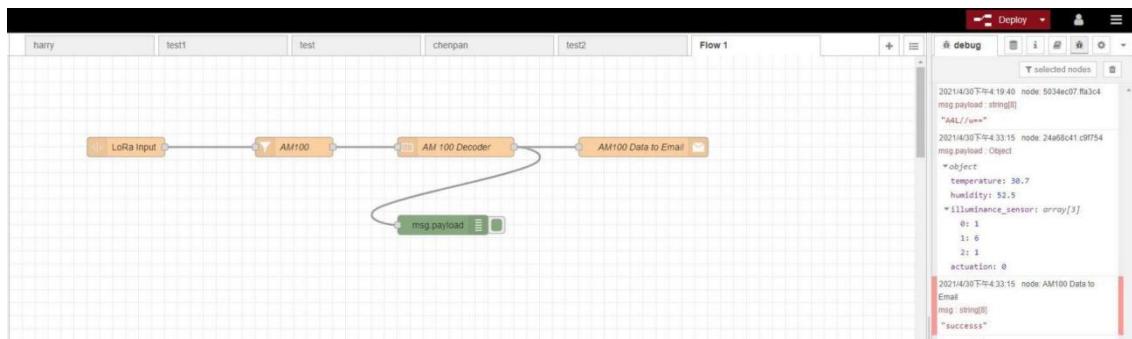
1. Go to "App > Node-RED" to enable the Node-RED feature.
2. After enabled, click "Launch" to go to the Node-RED web GUI and to log in with the same username and password as gateway.



4.7.2 Send Data by Email

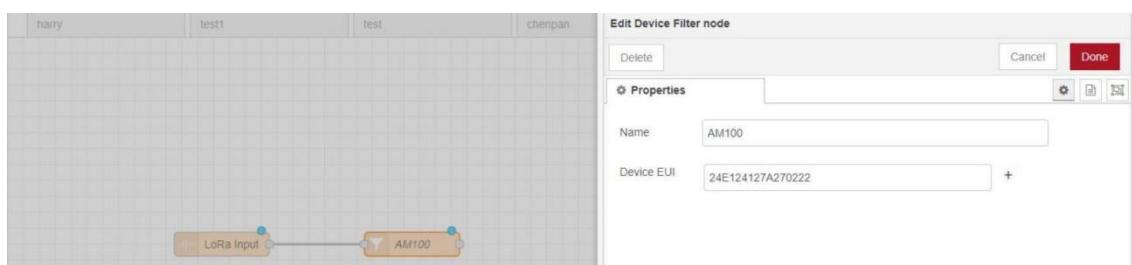
Application Example

Send AM102 device data by Email.

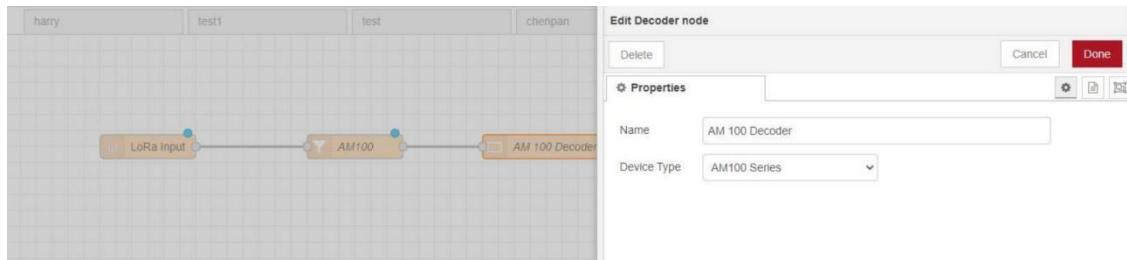


Configuration Steps

1. Add a “LoRa Input” node. Before adding please ensure network server mode is enabled and LoRaWAN devices have joined the network.
2. If you add many devices and only need one device data, add “Device Filter” node behind the “LoRa Input” and type the device EUI.

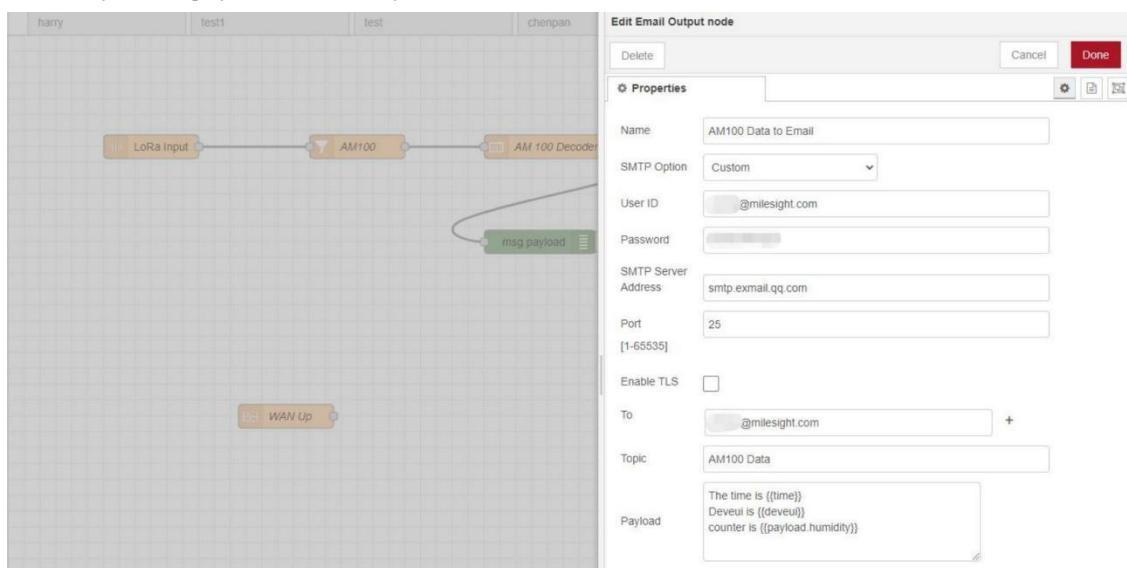


3. Add a “Decoder” node to decode the Linovision sensor data.



4. Add an “Email Output” and type the SMTP client settings, destination email address and contents. Example content:

*The time is {{time}}
 Deveui is {{deveui}}
 Humidity is {{payload.humidity}}*



Note:

- 1) When you select SMTP Option as “Same as Gateway”, go to “System -> General Settings -> SMTP” to configure the SMTP clients.
- 2) Basic format to call LoRaWAN node data is *{{property name}}* , you can click “Help” page for more info about the Email or SMS payload format.
- 3) If you need to check the output content in every node, please add debug node.

5. After completing the configuration, click “Deploy” to save all your configuration.



6. When AM102 sends data to gateway, gateway will transfer the data to email.

AM100 Data ★

2021-04

From [REDACTED] @milesight.com>

To [REDACTED] @milesight.com>

Time: 2021年4月30日 (周五) 17:13 ⓘ

Size: 2 KB

The time is 2021-04-30T09:13:13.872942Z Deveui is 24e124127a270222 Temperature is 30.4 Humidity is 52

Related Topic

[Node-RED](#)

[END]